Subsurface Investigation of Navy Broadway Complex

A subsurface investigation of the Navy Broadway Complex was conducted to locate the archaeological remains of the variety of commercial activities which occurred along the waterfront, and which might demonstrate the change in these commercial enterprises through time reflecting the maturing of the metropolitan environment in downtown San Diego. For instance, as coal was replaced by oil as the primary fuel for heat, the numerous waterfront companies that had been associated with the Spreckels Brothers' coal importing business had to adapt to the change in this major commercial activity. The subsurface investigation was intended to also find artifacts associated with the commercial wharves and shanties constructed on the project site.

The objective of the investigation was to determine if any extant archaeology would yield information important to the historical record of the waterfront area.

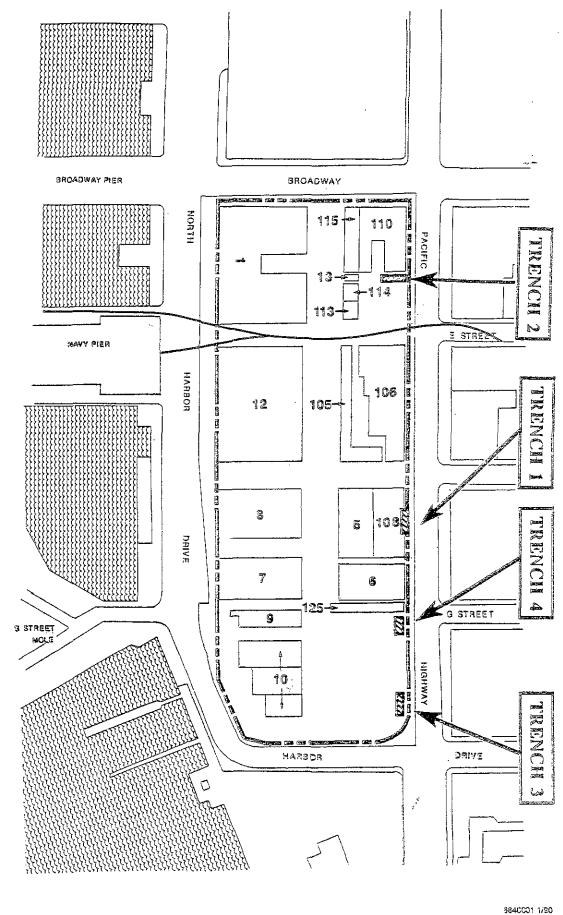
Specific sets of artifacts that were considered to be important to the data and which were expected in the deposit included:

- Faunal materials that would reveal the dietary patterns of the occupants of the area. This information would, in turn, indicate the social/financial status of these occupants, which should have changed through time as the City grew and prospered.
- Items reflecting the variety of commercial activities that occurred along the waterfront. This information would be significant to the understanding of San Diego history because it would reveal the relationship of the waterfront community to the major waterfront business (freight importing) as opposed to the primary local trade (Eshing and whaling).
- Artifacts reflecting the freight importing business and the arrival of ships from around the world, significant in what they reveal about how these activities affected the local population.
- Artifacts reflecting the types of materials actually imported, such as coal, cement, wood, building materials or other goods, demonstrating trends in business and merchandising in San Diego during a time when the City was becoming a major urban center.

Four trenches were excavated on the site. A map of the trench locations is shown in Figure 4-66. Only one trench did not produce historic materials. This may have been due to previous disturbance from pipeline installations.

The subsurface investigation found the following:

• The target soils contained historic materials in three of the four trenches, indicating that deposits relating to the historic waterfront are present beneath the dredged fill.



nch Location Map

tvv Broadway Complex Project

nd

Project Site

Building Number (Refer to Table 4.2-1)

Raliroad Tracks



- The preservation of organic materials in the deposit, such as wood, bone, leather, seeds, glass, and ceramics, is excellent, due in part to the encapsulation of the deposit by the dredged fill.
- Although certain intact elements of the wharves and shanties (i.e., the pier pilings) remained, the integrity of the material appeared to be substantially damaged, probably by the dredging operations when the bulkhead was constructed.
- The variety of materials recovered from the trenches reveal the wide range of activities that occurred at the waterfront.

Evaluation of Eligibility of Subsurface Resources

The laboratory analysis of the recovered items documented a wide range of materials; however, while some of the categories were too numerous to count, such as wood fragments or pebble-sized pieces of brick, the majority of the categories included too few items to provide a basis from which to address any important research questions. Food bone was a particular category that included too few specimens to permit valid interpretation. Similarly, bottle glass was present in the recovery, but in quantities too small to permit any meaningful interpretations.

As an adjunct to the laboratory analysis, the presence of fish remains in the collection was reported to the San Diego Unified Port District. This information was considered to be potentially important because the Port District is currently attempting to develop a historical account of the natural resources of the bay. One means by which to identify the fish species in the bay is through the study of historical sites around the bay that include remains of fish taken as part of commercial fishing enterprises and sold in local markets. The size of the sample of fish materials from beneath the project site was too small to supply valuable information.

The recovered artifacts did not provide any indication of the variety of commercial activities that took place within the study area. The research effort using maps and other data provides a useful compilation of businesses located along the waterfront, but the artifact collection from the trenches was too small and the integrity of data was too unclear to support a correlation between the historic research data and the archaeological deposit. The artifact materials also do not definitively demonstrate a shift from shanties or residences in the area to business concerns during the late 1800s. The artifact recovery also did not include any noteworthy data concerning the shipping business, other than the coal importing enterprise of the Spreckels Brothers' Company (represented by pieces of coal in Trenches 3 and 4). It is more likely that data of this type would be found on the west side of the project site, where the ships were moored, rather than on the east side along the historic shoreline, where the trenches were excavated.

The subsurface analysis demonstrated that the historic deposit within the project potentially contains a variety of well-preserved materials to document the socioeconomic conditions of the waterfront population. Because San Diego is a major city that has played a major role in the history of California, the historic waterfront has been documented substantially in maps, photographs, and the literature. While the data beneath the site is interesting in its content, it appears that an understanding of the history of the waterfront can more efficiently be gained by use of existing documentation. Substantial additional excavation would yield larger samples of some materials, but it is not clear that these artifacts would provide new important information which is not already available from other sources.

Determination of Eligibility for Subsurface Resources

Criterion D of the National Register criteria for evaluation (36 CFR 60.4) would be the most likely determinant for the subsurface resources, i.e., that the site "may be likely to yield information important in history." However, based on the investigation of historic documentation, it is evident that substantial data is already available to answer the important questions about San Diego's historic waterfront. Also, the damage to the integrity of the artifacts (caused by historic dredging operations which moved and mixed materials) and the resultant lack of a clear stratigraphy (which hinders the ability to relate artifacts to time and place) diminishes the value of this resource for the National Register. Consequently, the Navy has determined that the subsurface resources do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the National Register. The State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) has concurred.

Navy Broadway Complex Buildings

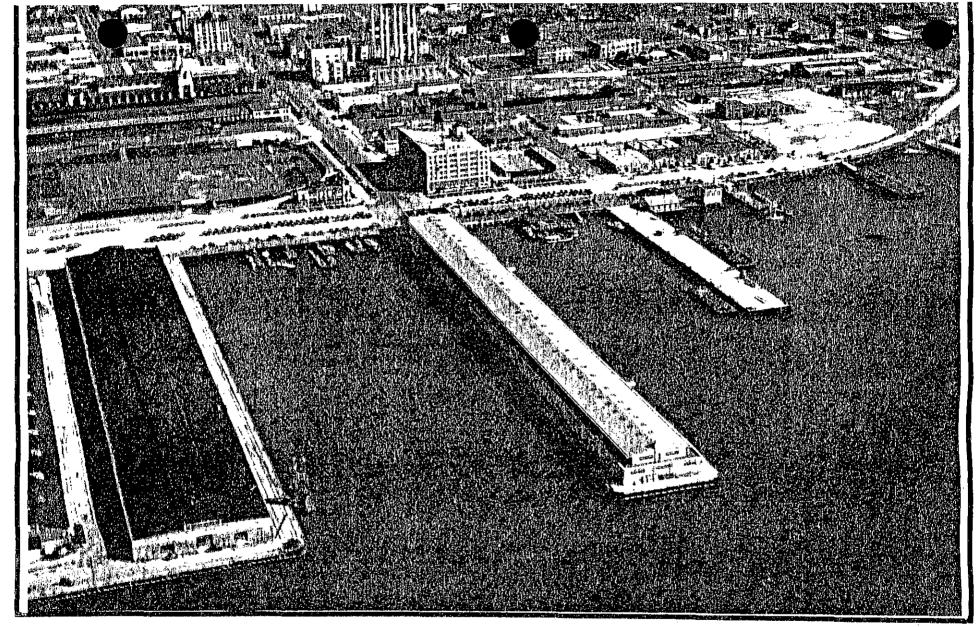
An important part of the Navy presence in San Diego was, and is, the Naval Supply Center (NSC), San Diego, one of the commands located on the Navy Broadway Complex. NSC is one of the four largest supply facilities in the Navy, with annexes at North Island, National City, Point Loma, and Long Beach. As part of the 11th Naval District established in February of 1921, the first unit of the Naval Supply Center--the north wing of Building No. 1--was begun late in 1921. It was completed in May of 1922, officially opened on August 8, 1922, and the first stores arrived on February 1, 1923. This structure (and the later 1938-1939 addition) has served as the headquarters facility for the Naval Supply Center since the base was first opened. In 1926, funds were appropriated for the construction of the Navy Pier across Harbor Drive from the future site of Building No. 12. Figure 4-67 provides an aerial view of the project area as seen in 1932. In the 1930s and 1940s, construction was completed on the remainder of the buildings on the Navy Broadway Complex, including the largest structure, Building No. 12. The expansion of the Naval Supply Center facilities was necessitated by World War II.

Today, the Naval Supply Center continues to serve as the supply headquarters facility. The majority of buildings have, however, been altered (interior and/or exterior) to accommodate changing needs and storage requirements.

Field Survey and Building Inventory

A field survey of the existing buildings on the Navy Broadway Complex was conducted to determine the age, architectural status, present condition, and historical status of the buildings on the site. All major structural and architectural features were photographed. Table 4.10-1 lists the buildings, their units, and dates of construction. In addition, a reconnaissance of the project site for evidence of historic deposits or other cultural resources was conducted.

The aboveground structures were each constructed in one of three major developmental phases, and not as part of a unified development plan. As a result, they were built in a number of generally industrial styles utilizing a wide variety of construction materials. The majority of buildings on the Navy Broadway Complex do not, therefore, appear to qualify for either individual or district listing on the National Register. Despite this, Buildings No. 1 and No. 12 onsitealong with the Navy Pier adjacent to the site-present an historical and architectural presence



Aerial View of the Project Area (February 2, 1932) Navy Broadway Complex Project

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Figure 4-67

TABLE 4.10-1

INVENTORY OF EXISTING STRUCTURES AT THE NAVY BROADWAY COMPLEX

Building No.1

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder: Condition:

Alterations:

Building No. 5

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder:

Condition:

Alterations:

Building No. 6

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder:

Condition:

Alterations:

Storehouse

Administration building, administration offices,

general warehouse

1921-1922, 1938-1939 (two phases)

357,577 square feet

U. S. Navy Public Works

Unknown

Good

Major addition of a seven-story south wing in 1938,

modifications to the window and doorway

openings, and numerous interior remodelings

Bulger Building

Transit shed, training space,

administration building

1935

15,219 square feet

Unknown (presumably U. S. Navy Public Works)

Unknewn

Good

Altered in accordance with plans drawn in 1939,

and undergone numerous miner medification to

the window and doorway openings.

_ t_ _ _

Storehouse

Packing shed, warehouse

1938-1939

30,688 square feet

" U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknown

Good

Unaltered exterior

Building No. 7

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder: Condition:

Alterations:

Storehouse

Cold storage warehouse

1938-1939

313,539 cubic feet, 25,913 square feet

U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknewn

Good

Altered by the enclosure of both window and

doorway openings, and by the addition of Building

No. 9

Building No. 8

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder:

Condition:

Alterations:

Storehouse

Flammables storehouse

1938-1939

22,090 square feet

U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknowe

Good

Altered by the enclosure of the original doorway

opening and the removal of the original concrete

steps

Building No. 9

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder:

Condition:

Alterations:

Gas and cylinder storage building

Cold Storage, administration building, and battery

shop

1940-1941

4,855 square feet

U.S. Navy:Public Works

Unknown

Good

Minor modifications to several window and

doorway openings

Building No. 10

Original Name/Use: Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder: Condition:

Alterations:

Storehouse for bulk storage

General warehouse

1940-1941

30,277 square feet

U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknown

Good

Minor medifications to window and decrway

openings

Building No. 11

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder:

Condition:

Alterations:

Pier and transit shed

Transit shed, general warehouse, pier

1941-1942

297,775 square feet (not including attached supply

pier)

U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknown

Good

Substantially unaltered

Building No. 12

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder:

Condition:

Alterations:

Unknown

General warehouse, administration

building

1944

427,041 square feet

Unknown

Unknown

Good

Connected to Building No. 1 at the third story

level by an overpass

Building No. 13

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size: Architect: Builder:

Condition: Alterations:

Unknown

Substation (presumably an electrical

transformer room)

1942

Approximately 100 square feet

Unknown Unknown Good None

Building No. 19

Original Name/Use: Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder: Condition:

Alterations:

Sentry house

Gatehouse

1956

12 square feet

U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknown Good None

Building No. 105

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder:

Condition: Alterations:

Garage and shed

Public Works shops, administration

offices

1931-1932

11,000 square feet

U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknown:

Good

Altered by many modifications to window and doorway openings by considerable interior

remodeling, and by the removal of a structure form

the central courtyard

Building No. 196

Original Name/Use: Current Name/Use: Construction Date:

Size: Architect: Builder:

Condition:
Alterations:

Building No. 108

Original Name/Use: Current Name/Use: Construction Date:

Size:
Architect:
Builder:
Condition:

Alterations:

Building No. 110

Original Name/Use: Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:
Architect:
Builder:
Condition:
Alterations:

Temporary storage building Public Works shops, cafeteria

1935

20,067 square feet U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknown Good

Altered by many modifications to window and doorway openings, by considerable interior remodeling, and by the removal of a structure from

the central courtyard

Storehouse Transit Shed

1936

12,960 square feet U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknown Good

Virtually unaltered

Medical storage building

Administration building, education

center, post office, conference room

1942-1943

40,856 square feet

U.S. Navy Public Works

Unknown

Good

Altered by many minor modifications to the window openings and extensive interior remodeling

and conversion of use

Building No. 113

Original Name/Use:

Storage building for fire fighting

equipment

Fire station, guard locker room Current Name/Use:

1942-1943

Construction Date: Size: 2,304 square feet

U.S. Navy Public Works

Credit union/labor lobby

Unknown

Good Condition:

Alterations: Virtually unaltered

Building No. 114

Architect: Builder:

Original Name/Use:

Temporary warehouse, labor force temporary lockers, toilet building

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

1,440 square feet Architect: U.S. Navy Public Works

Builder:

Condition: Good

Alterations: Altered by minor modifications to the window and

doorway openings

Building No. 115

Original Name/Use:

Current Name/Use:

Construction Date:

Size:

Architect:

Builder:

Condition: Alterations: Fish market

Unknown

Dispensary 1928-1929

3,856 square feet

Navy acquired long after it was built

Unknown

Good

Substantially altered by window enclosures,

doorway alterations, and by conversion of use and

interior remodeling

(see Figures 4-68 and 4-69). Building No. 1 contains a north wing built in 1922, and a south wing built in 1938 and 1939. The pier and Building No. 11 (see Figure 4-70) were built between 1932 and 1942, and Building No. 12 was built in 1944. These buildings also form an architectural unit, and are tied together both in terms of general form (design) and function. In effect, although the entire Navy Broadway Complex does not appear to qualify as an architectural district, these three units would appear to qualify for the National Register listing as a single architectural and/or historical group. (Note: Building No. 11, the Navy Pier, is not within the boundaries of the defined project site, but is part of a potentially significant grouping of three structures.)

Evaluation of Eligibility of the Structures

Based upon Criterion C of 36 CFR 60.4, Buildings 1, 11, and 12 appear to meet National Register Criteria as a single architectural and historical group. They represent the entire development history of the Navy Broadway Complex, and are the principal architectural components of the facility. They are all designed in compatible utilitarian/industrial styles, and retain a high degree of integrity in consideration of the fact that the major alteration (the south wing addition to Building No. 1) is 50 years old. Building No. 12 (1944) is less than 50 years old, but it represents the largest structure on the Navy Broadway Complex and is a dominant architectural feature. These three structures are primary contributing features to the overall architectural character of this area of the San Diego waterfront.

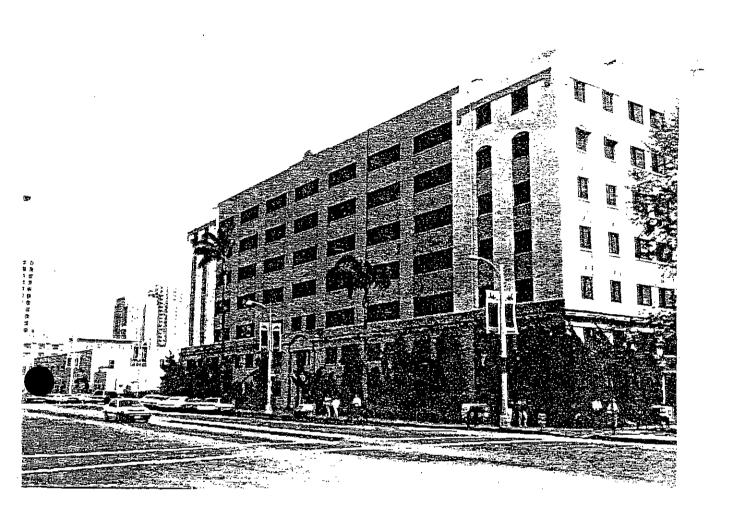
None of the other buildings on the Navy Broadway Complex appear eligible for nomination to the National Register, based upon the following factors:

- Alterations (form and/or function)
- Lack of distinguishing features
- Level of original historical or functional importance to base operations

Each of the non-eligible buildings clearly played a role in the development and operational history of the base, but the relative level of importance of each of these buildings is clearly less significant than the three buildings listed as potentially eligible for nomination to the National Register. The non-eligible buildings are most appropriately seen as architecturally associated features related to the three primary structures. The architectural associations are, however, relatively weak, as the numerous associated buildings are carried out in a number of differing styles and construction materials. None of the other buildings on the site would appear to qualify as individually eligible for listing.

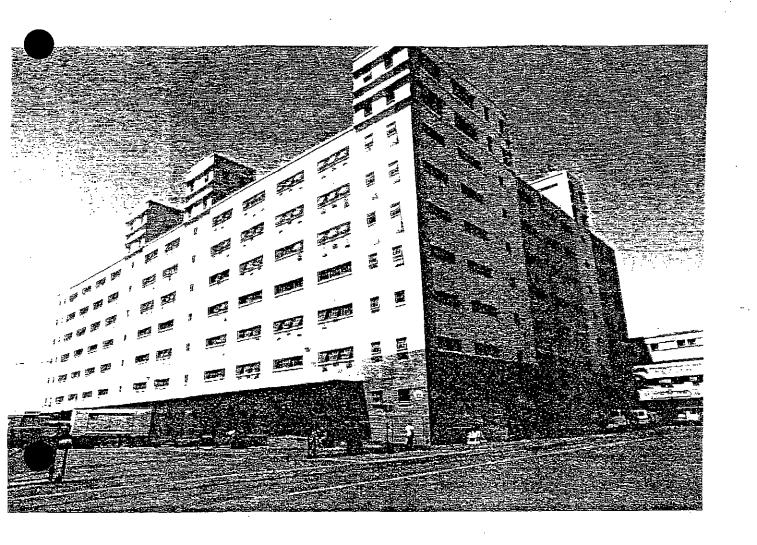
In addition, because the majority of the buildings within the Navy Broadway Complex were not constructed as part of a planned development; are not of any unified design, type, or method of construction; and have been substantially modified both through physical alteration and/or range of use, it is suggested that the entire building complex as a whole or unified district not be considered to be eligible for nomination to the National Register.

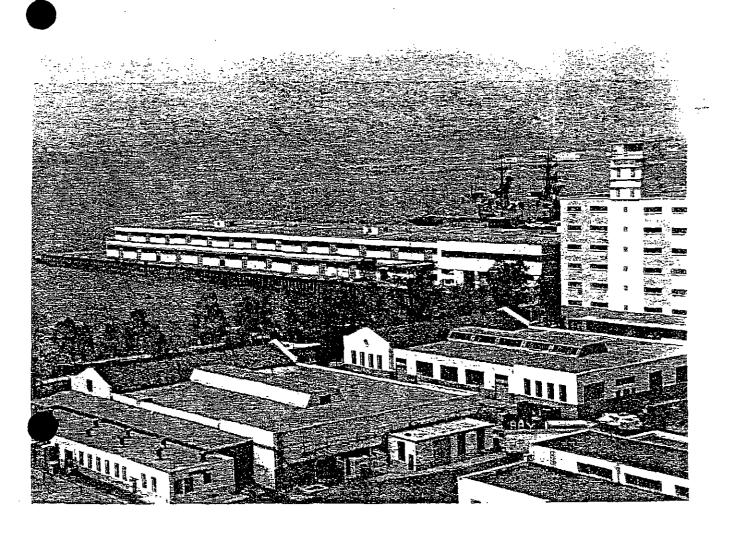
The fact that these buildings serve as a functional supply unit on a single property does not appear to justify a level of historical significance sufficient to include, within a single district, buildings which are architecturally incompatible, altered, and/or representative of differing periods of development. Specifically, although this facility is the headquarters complex, annexes are located at North Island, National City, Point Loma, and Long Beach. Most appropriately, any consideration of district eligibility, as justified on a functional or purely historical/developmental



View of Building 1
Navy Broadway Complex Project

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View of Offsite Building 11 (and Navy Pier) Navy Broadway Complex Project

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basis, would have to include these annexes. The possibility of making a positive finding for such a district determination of eligibility is extremely remote, and it is again suggested that consideration of a district for the Navy Broadway Complex is inappropriate.

Determination of Eligibility for the Structures

Building Nos. 1 and 12 clearly represent a district architectural entity in conjunction with the Navy Pier. They further represent a recognizable type of construction, and represent every major period of base development. As such, the Navy believes these structures qualify as eligible under Criterion C: Distinctive Characteristics for listing on the National Register. It is not suggested here that these buildings would each qualify as individually eligible, but rather as a unit. Other buildings on the site do not appear to qualify either individually or as a unit. SHPO has concurred with this finding.

Cultural Resources in the Vicinity of the Project

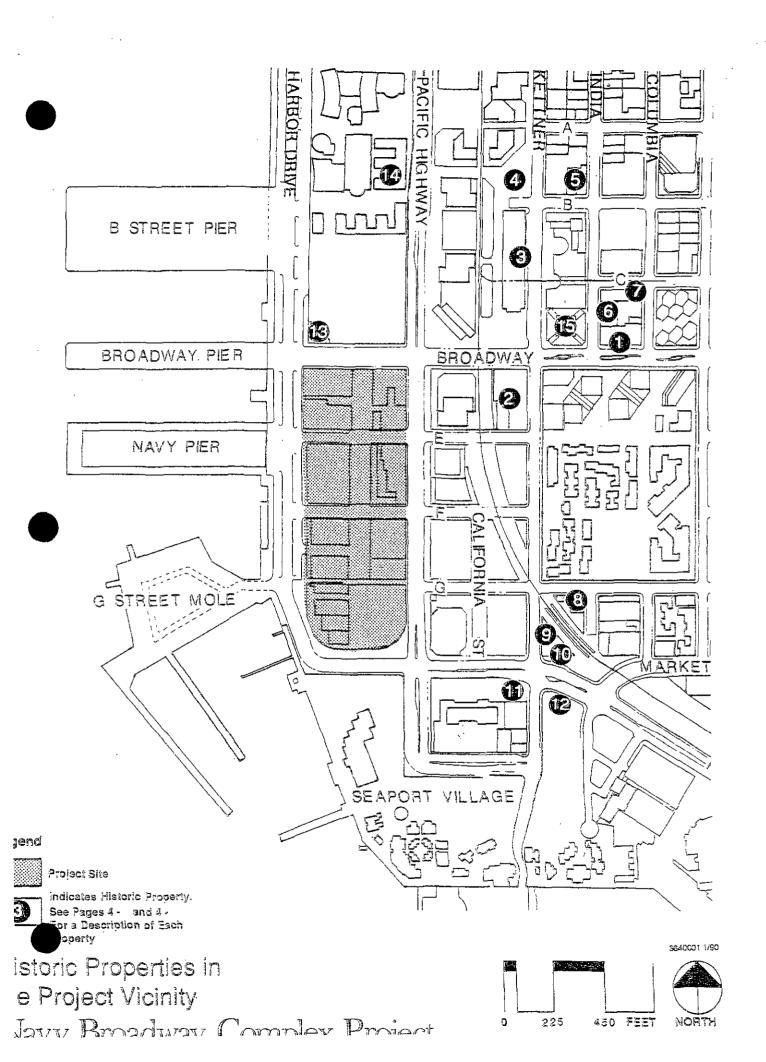
As an element of the Section 106 process, all cultural resources within the vicinity of the project must be considered because of possible adverse consequences from the project. In order to determine the extent of cultural resources within a three-block radius of the project, various sources were consulted and an on-foot reconnaissance was conducted.

The files of the San Diego Museum of Man and the South Coastal Information Center at San Diego State University were consulted for records of previously recorded sites. The records did not indicate that any sites are known to exist in the study area.

The search for historic resources was completed by researching listings of historic properties. The sources consulted included the National Register of Historic Places, the California Historical Landmarks Register, and the City of San Diego's Historic Sites Register. All of the structures listed on the registers within the study area were reviewed from the viewpoint of potential eligibility for nomination to the National Register. Lastly, the entire surrounding area was surveyed on foot to visually inspect the area for any historic sites that could be potentially eligible, but not previously identified or evaluated. In all of the facets of this survey, no in-depth evaluations or research pertaining to individual properties was conducted—the review of the area was sufficient only to determine potential for eligibility.

The following list provides the names of structures that are currently listed, determined to be eligible, or are potentially eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places within three blocks of the Navy Broadway Complex. Each location is keyed to Figure 4-71.

- 1. Armed Services YMCA, 500 West Broadway. Eligible.
- SDG&E Power Generating Plant (Station B) 1911 Kettner Street. Eligible.
- 3. Santa Fe Depot, 1050 Kettner Street. Listed (June 26, 1972).
- 4. McClintock Storage Company, 1202 Kettner Street. Listed (October 3, 1980).
- 5. Wetmore's Garage, 1200 India Street. Potentially eligible.
- 6. American Youth Hostel "AYH," affiliated with the Armed Services YMCA, 031 India Street. Potentially eligible.
- 7. Retail and office building, 1061 India Street. Potentially eligible.
- 8. Warehouse Ltd., 654 India Street. Potentially eligible.
- 9. Building at 633 Kettner Street. Potentially eligible.
- 10. Kansas City Barbeque, 610 West Market Street. Potentially eligible.



- 11. Old San Diego Police Headquarters Building, 700 block of West Market Street. Eligible.
- 12. San Diego Marine Hardware, 505 West G Street. Potentially eligible.
- 13. Ship's Galley Restaurant, northeast corner of Broadway and Harbor Drive. This was the Harbormaster's Office. Potentially eligible.
- 14. Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Western Region, 1220 Pacific Highway. Potentially eligible.
- 15. The Tower Bowling Alley has been determined to be eligible but has been demolished by Center City Development Corp. as part of the redevelopment program.

These structures, along with a few adjoining ones, represent an era of harborside commerce dating to the 1920s and 1930s. The historic structures in the vicinity are separated from the historic Gaslamp District (circa 1880s), Little Italy (circa 1910), and Old Town (circa 1840s) areas by redevelopment and commercial/residential zones. The most important of the listed and eligible structures are the Santa Fe Depot, the Armed Services YMCA, the San Diego Gas and Electric Power Generating Plant (Station B), and the McClintock Storage Company Building. The remaining structures on the list are smaller, but have architectural and/or cultural significance as elements of a harborside community.

4.10.2 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES

The findings of the investigations presented in the previous section represent three separate impact issues. The first issue concerns the historic structures (Buildings No. 1, No. 11, and No. 12) and the determination that these be considered eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. The second issue involves the presence of historic archaeology below the layer of dredged fill. This archaeological material does not appear to meet the criteria for listing on the National Register. The third resource consists of offsite historic resources represented by various structures that are or may be eligible for nomination to the National Register, are actually listed on the National Register, or are listed on other state or local landmarks registers. The evaluation of the effect of the project and the various alternatives upon cultural resources that are listed on or eligible for nomination to the National Register has been summarized in Table 4.10-2.

Impacts to Subsurface Resources

The impact evaluation for the subsurface archaeological deposits indicated the alternatives requiring deep excavations for footings and below-grade construction would most likely destroy these resources. However, this impact is not considered to be significant because the archaeology is not likely to yield any important information about the history or prehistory of the area. The plans for Alternatives A, B, C, D, and F would include the excavation of subterranean parking structures and foundations for the larger structures that would disrupt the historic deposits, so an adverse impact would occur. The historic deposits lie approximately 6 to 8 feet below the current ground surface, and the construction excavations would reach as deep as 20 to 30 feet, thus disturbing the deposits wherever the construction would require the removal of soil for subterranean structures. At the present time, it is impossible to quantify the exact area of the deposits that would be affected by these alternatives, since the dimensions of the subsurface deposits are not fully known, nor is the extent of the construction for subterranean structures precisely drawn. However, the key factor for assessing the significance of the impact to subsurface

TABLE 4.10-2
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES ON CULTURAL RESOURCES

	Cultural Resources			
Navy Broadway Complex Alternatives	Subsurface Deposits Significant Impact	Historic Buildings Significant Impact	Offsite Resources Significant Impact	
A	No	Yes	No	
<i>7</i> 1	140	1 62	140	
В	No	Yes	No	
С	No	Yes	No	
D	No	Yes	No	
E	No	Yes	No	
F.	No	Yes	. No	
G	No	No	No	

resources is the importance of the resource. Based on the determination that the subsurface deposits are not eligible for the National Register, their disturbance by subgrade construction is not a significant impact.

Alternatives E and G would not affect the historic archaeological deposits because they do not include disturbance of the subsurface soils in which the archaeology is located.

Because it is possible that construction activity (including offsite infrastructure construction) could expose important buried archaeological features not anticipated from previous investigations, such discoveries will be addressed in accordance with the regulations for implementing Section 106: "discovering properties during the implementation of an undertaking" (36 CFR 800.11).

Impacts to Historic Structures

The impact evaluation for the historic buildings which appear to qualify for the National Register (Buildings 1, 11, and 12) resulted in the conclusion that Alternatives A, B, C, D, E, and F would have a significant impact on cultural resources. In each of these alternatives, the impacts would result from the removal or substantial renovation (modification of the exterior and interior components) of portions of Buildings No. 1 and No. 12. Building 11 is beyond the project limits and would not be affected by the proposed project. The removal or substantial alteration of these structures would constitute an effect that would be "adverse" as defined by the Criteria for Effect

and Adverse Effect (36 CFR 800.9). Alternative G (no action) would not have an impact on the buildings as they would be retained in their current configuration.

Offsite Cultural Resources

Offsite historic resources would not be affected by the development, either directly or indirectly. The majority of the structures are situated at least one to two blocks from the project, with the exceptions being the old harbormaster's headquarters at the northeast corner of Broadway and Harbor Drive, the San Diego Gas and Electric Substation B at 1911 Kettner Street, and the old San Diego Police Headquarters in the 700 block of West Market Street. The historic sites that are located beyond one block of the project would not be affected by the project. None of the alternatives have features that would remove or otherwise significantly alter the use or integrity of these offsite resources.

Cumulative Impacts to Cultural Resources

The consideration of cumulative impacts to cultural resources was not an issue for this project. The resources are site specific, with the exception of historic buildings adjacent to the project. No historic districts have been identified in this area that would be affected through the loss of resources within the project.

4.10.3 MITIGATION MEASURES

The environmental consequences section of this study delineated potential impacts to subsurface historic archaeological resources and significant adverse effects to Buildings Nos. 1 and 12, which appear to qualify for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places. In order to determine appropriate steps to mitigate the impacts to these cultural resources, the Navy has initiated consultation with the California SHPO and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation. The Navy is proposing a program for recording Buildings 1 and 12 pursuant to Section 110(b) of the National Historic Preservation Act and will monitor excavations to ensure that no significant archaeology is inadvertently lost. SHPO has concurred with the basic findings of this analysis and is consulting with the Navy on mitigation. The Section 106 process will lead to mitigation that reduces project impacts to a level that is not significant.

ENDNOTES:

- 1 County Recorder, Deed Book B.
- Rolle 1968.
- 3 Brandes et al. 1985.
- 4 MacMullen 1969.
- 5 Ibid.
- 6 Heilbron 1936.
- 7 Toid.
- 3 U.S. Congress 1916.

4.11 PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY

Two issues of potential concern are associated with public health and safety: (1) the potential for hazardous waste to be located on the site or in groundwater beneath the site and (2) the proximity of the site to the Lindbergh Field Airport and North Island Naval Air Station.

4.11.1 AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT

Hazardous Materials

Methodology

An assessment was completed by Woodward-Clyde Consultants in January 1988, as part of the Hirsch and Company report, to detect possible contamination and any threats to human health from ongoing and previous activities on the Navy Broadway Complex. The investigation focused on the possible presence of fuel products and EPA priority pollutants in the soil and groundwater. Petroleum hydrocarbons associated with fuel products, metals, and PCBs (from electrical transformers) were identified as the most probable potential contaminants on the project site, given the history of project operations. In addition, the site was investigated for the presence of asbestes, a hazardous material with previous widespread use in building construction. Because a precise location for the offsite location of Navy offices for Alternative D has not been established, a study on hazardous materials for the offsite component was not conducted.

The field investigations included visual reconnaissance, test borings, groundwater and soil sampling, and soil gas surveys. The visual reconnaissance helped identify areas with the greatest likelihood of contamination. Soil and groundwater sampling was conducted using methodologies that maximize the possibility of discovering hazardous substances. Tests focused on areas where underground and surface storage tanks have been located, and where long-term industrial activities have occurred.

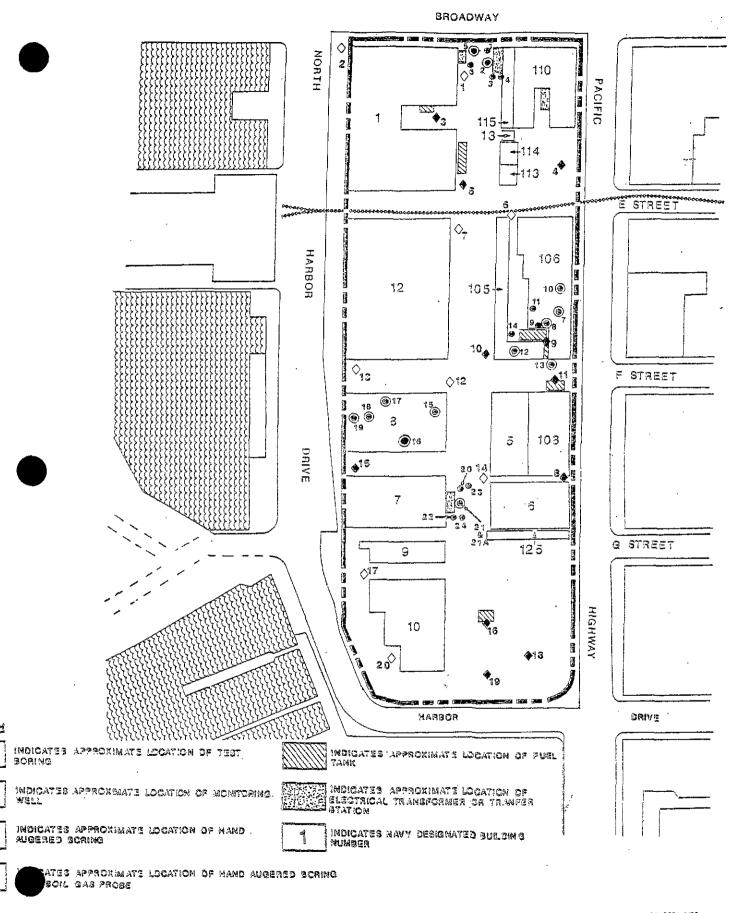
Twenty borings were conducted throughout the site. Monitoring wells were installed in 10 of these boring wells. Soil samples were taken from above the water table, which is 8 to 10 feet below grade, and were analyzed for PCBs, priority pollutant metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. In addition to the test bores, 24 hand-augured bores were drilled in the upper 3 feet of soil. During hand auguring, a soil gas analysis was conducted to identify the presence of volatile organics. Figure 4-72 depicts the locations where samples were taken.

Materials Found Onsite

Table 4.11-1 describes the presence of hazardous materials and asbestos at or near each of the onsite buildings.

Petroleum Hydrocarbons/EPA Priority Pollutants

Laboratory analysis found no detectable hydrocarbon concentrations in the groundwater in the 10 monitoring wells dug on the site. Generally 2 or 3 soil samples were taken from each of the 20 test borings, at depths of 1 to 8 feet. Petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in only one boring, No. 19-1 (Figure 4-72). The action level for hydrocarbon cleanup, as established by the State Water Quality Control Board (SWQCB), is 1,000 parts per million (ppm). At 2 feet below surface in this boring, 19 ppm of total hydrocarbons were detected. The source of the



ation of Soil Sample Borings
vv Rmadwav Complex Project





hydrocarbon traces is not certain; however, 19 ppm is well below the threshold that generally requires remediation.

TABLE 4.11-1

PRESENCE OF ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Bldg. Nc.	Building Use	Asbestes Present	Hazardous Materials Present
¢ rock	Administration Offices	Yes	Yes
5	Warehouse and Administration	Yes	No
6	Warehouse	Yes	No
7	Cold Storage Warehouse	Yes	Yes
8	Warehouse	Yes	No
9	Offices	Yes	No
10	Warehouse	No	No
12	Warehouse and Offices	Yes	Yes
13	Substation	N_{O}	No
105	PW Shops	Yes	Yes
106	Cafeteria and Shops	Yes	Yes
108	Warehouse	No	No
110	Administration	Yes	No
113	Fire Station and Office	Yes	Nc
114	Administration Office	Yes	No
115	Administration	Yes	No
125	Warehouse and Offices	Yes	Yes

Note: Hazardous materials include sulfuric acid batteries, freon, sulfuric acid, cleaning chemicals, propane, and paints. All buildings contained fluorescent lighting ballast and some buildings contained electrical transformers. These apparatuses contain PCBs in sealed structures.

Source: Hirsch and Company 1988.

An oily surface spill with surface staining was apparent outside Building 106 in the vicinity of a forklift maintenance and drum storage area. Concrete and asphalt surface in this location may be limiting the migration of this contamination into the soil. Hand-augured drillings Nos. 8 and 10 at Building 106 found high acidity as a result of sulfuric acid being previously stored in this building. The source is assumed to be battery acid used for batteries in fork lifts and vehicles. It was determined that the metals concentrations associated with the acid were below any action levels that would require remediation.

No petroleum hydrocarbons were found in any of the 24 hand-augured samples with the exception of boring HA-21 adjacent to Building 7, which contained 390 ppm total petrohydrocarbons in

some discolored soil near some fuel tanks. This contamination is below the SWQCB threshold that generally requires remediation. However, the extent of this contamination has not been identified, and could be greater than tested.

No PCBs were found in any of the 15 soil samples analyzed, even in the vicinity of three large transformer units that contain oil laden with PCBs. No leakage was reported to have occurred in any of the transformers or other electronic units located on the site.

Twelve soil samples were analyzed for EPA priority pollutant metals. Samples HA-7 and HA-9 showed higher than normal levels of some priority pollutant metals. However, the samples do not exceed threshold levels that would require remediation.

Field readings from an organic vapor meter showed concentrations of 0 to 4 ppm in soil gas analysis, an almost undetectable quantity of volatile organics. No significant areas of contamination were identified.

<u>Asbestos</u>

In an encased or non-friable form (i.e., not peeling or cracking) asbestos does not pose a significant health risk factor. However, friable asbestos can enter the air stream and become a human health hazard. As shown in Table 4.11-1, some form of asbestos was found in all but three buildings onsite. None of the buildings with asbestos were found to pose an imminent health threat.

Asbestos-containing materials (ACM) found in Building 1 include pipe insulation, floor tile adhesive, corrugated paneling, and sprayed-on ceiling material. Approximately 270,000 square feet of ACM was detected in this building.

Building 12 contains approximately 32,000 square feet of ACMs, including pipe insulation, blown-on fire-proofing material, and flooring. Building 115 contains ACM mainly in pipe insulation and flooring materials. Approximately 3,000 square feet of ACM was found in this building.

Approximately 800 square feet of ACM was found in Building 114 in the form of painted wall paneling. Approximately 900 square feet of vinyl floor tile and adhesive containing 5 percent asbestos was found in Building 113. Flooring materials, covering approximately 24,000 square feet of Building 110, contained asbestos. Approximately 14 square feet and 100 linear feet of ACM were detected in Building 7.

Building 8 contained 400 square feet of ACM in the form of vinyl floor tile and adhesive. In Building 9, about 2,800 square feet of flooring contains ACM along with 200 linear feet of pipe insulation. Approximately 1,000 square feet of flooring containing 3 percent asbestos was found in Building 5.

Building No. 106 contains approximately 26,000 square feet of ACM. A significant portion of that area is flooring that contains 1 to 3 percent asbestos. More than 8,000 square feet of ACM and two asbestos-containing waste containers were also found in Building 106.

Conclusion of Site Investigation

Investigations conducted by Woodward-Clyde Consultants (as part of the Hirsch and Company report) found that groundwater at the Navy Broadway Complex appears to be free of contamination. Soil contamination by hydrocarbons occurs in isolated areas, but only in substantial quantities in the vicinity of the forklift maintenance area (at Building 106), where soil removal and disposal would be recommended prior to future development on the site.

Although PCB-containing sources were found onsite (fluorescent lighting ballasts and electrical transformers), no contamination from PCBs was detected on the project site. Thus, PCBs are well contained within their storage sources.

The Woodward-Clyde study also indicated several areas that would require further investigation to determine the type and extent of any hazardous waste and the potential need for additional remediation. These areas include:

- A source of black, hydrocarbon-discolored soil encountered in hand-augured borings HA-21, HA-21A, and HA-24 near Building 7.
- A former hazardous waste storage area located in Building 8. The results of a soil gas survey indicate that further investigation would be needed to determine if there is spillage beneath or around this building.
- The soil around the forklift area should be evaluated for acid levels, and remediated if the pH is less than 5. At lower pH levels, heavy metals have a propensity to migrate.
- Oil within fluorescent lighting ballasts and transformers should be tested to identify PCB concentrations. If sufficiently high concentrations are found, remediation would be recommended to reduce the probability of future onsite soils contamination.

Asbestos is present in all buildings except two warehouses and the substation building. Although not posing an imminent health threat, asbestos has the potential to become a health threat over time. Asbestos has the potential to be friable and become a human health hazard. This hazard would be increased if demolition of buildings occurred, thus potentially releasing asbestos into the local air stream.

Agency Consultation on Hazardous Substances

The California Department of Health Services (DHS), Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) were consulted to determine if there were any reports of hazardous substances at the Navy Broadway Complex. No hazardous substance releases or underground storage tank leaks at the Navy Broadway Complex have been reported.^{2,3,4} However, RWQCB did express concern with respect to leaking underground storage tanks in the Centre City area outside the project boundaries, especially with regard to a known plume of contaminated groundwater southwest of the site.⁵ This is discussed below.

Regional Groundwater Contamination.-A plume of contaminated groundwater was discovered in 1986 approximately 1/3 mile east of the site in the area of Market Street and Front Street (see

Figure 4-73). The plume contains concentrations of hydrocarbons in the form of gasoline and diesel. The gradient of the plume is to the southwest, which would result in normal migration south of and away from the Navy Broadway Complex. The IT Corporation conducted a detailed characterization and remediation study in 1988.

The study found that the Convention Center project, located southeast of the Navy Broadway Complex and south of the plume, may have promoted migration of the plume towards the Convention Center site through a groundwater dewatering program that was removing over 800,000 (and up to 1.3 million) gallons of groundwater per day in 1987 and 1988.

The RWQCB expressed concern that there may be plumes of contaminated groundwater in other areas of Centre City.9

Airport Hazards

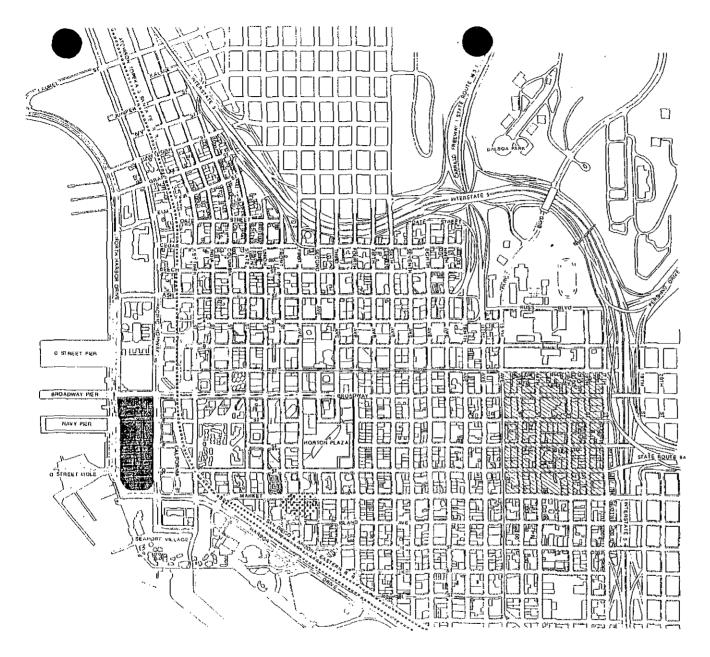
Regional Setting

The project site is located in the vicinity of both Lindbergh Field and the Naval Air Station, North Island. Guidelines that require consideration of structure height to prevent hazards to navigable airspace have been defined in an "Airport Approach Overlay Zone" for the areas around these facilities. In 1986, the City of San Diego adopted the Airport Approach Overlay Zone (Ordinance No. 0-16556) for Lindbergh Field. The purpose of the ordinance is to establish a procedure by which a proposed structure is evaluated for compliance with the zone's height limitation, prior to the issuance of a building permit for the structure. This is consistent with the FAA's procedures for determining potential hazards, as specified in Federal Aviation Regulations Part 77. The height limitations are not absolute restrictions; rather they signify the threshold that, once exceeded, would require an evaluation by the FAA to determine if a hazard to air navigation would result, and if so what remedial measures should be imposed to avoid the hazard. Buildings, structures, or uses not exceeding 30 feet in height would be exempt from the procedures of the Overlay Zone. The Overlay Zone encompasses an irregular area surrounding Lindbergh Field that continues outward and upward from the airport along aircraft approach paths up to an elevation of 500-feet mean sea level (msl).

The Naval Air Station (NAS), North Island has identified height limitations (imaginary surfaces) through Federal Aviation Regulations Part 77 designed to protect its navigable airspace. Areas to the north and east of the air station are within both the Overlay Zone and air station height limitations.

Project Site

The Navy Broadway Complex is within imaginary height surfaces associated with Lindbergh Field and NAS, North Island. The site is not within any safety hazard zones or beneath any flight tracks, as defined by the Aircraft Installation Compatibility Use Zone (AICUZ) study for NAS, North Island, and is not within any clear zones or other high safety hazard zones associated with Lindbergh Field. A non-operational Part 77 imaginary surface from Lindbergh Field (the horizontal surface) crosses over the site at 165 feet above mean sea level (msl). Structures above this height would require submittal of a Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration to the FAA. The lowest imaginary surface that crosses the site from NAS, North Island, above which a Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration must be filed with the FAA, is of 391 feet msl associated with the conical surface, which is approximately 381 feet above Block 1. Imaginary



Navy Broadway Complex Project

Legend

Project Site



Approximate Location of Pluine



Lucation of possible havy Office for Alternative D (Will Encompass 2 Blocks)

Figure 4-73

Contaminated Plume Location



SOURCE: IT Corporation, 1988

surfaces that extend over other areas of the site (Blocks 2, 3, and 4) associated with NAS, North Island are at approximately the same height. The lowest operational imaginary surfaces that are located over the site are at 500 feet msl. These surfaces are associated with a circling area for missed approaches to Lindbergh Field, and extend over the length of the site and a large part of the Centre City area.

4.11.2 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES

Effects From Hazardous Materials

Soils Contamination

Health hazards are associated with the presence of substantial quantities of hazardous substances, so hazardous substances identified on the project site would have a similar effect on each of the alternatives. No action-level (i.e., clean-up level) concentrations of hazardous substances were found in the investigation, no study is thorough enough to preclude the detection of all substances that might be present on the site. Several areas of contamination or potential contamination were identified on the site that could adversely affect the health of personnel on the site, especially during construction activities that uncover soils.

The area beneath and surrounding Building 8 may contain hazardous substances. If these materials exist and are exposed, they could cause significant health impacts. If the integrity of any units that store PCB-laden oil is compromised, contamination with this material could occur, also a significant health concern. Acid levels in soils near Building 106 could cause metals in the soils to become more mobile. It is not presently known if the acid levels are sufficient to cause this to occur, but from a conservative consideration, this would be considered a significant adverse effect. The oily surface residue in the vicinity of Buildings 7 and 106 may contain residues of concern with regard to health. From a conservative consideration, this would be considered a significant adverse effect.

If Alternative D is adopted, the location of the offsite Navy offices would need to be inspected to determine if there is a potential health risk at that site associated with hazardous materials in soils.

Effects Related to Asbestos

Development in accordance with Alternatives A through F would pose significant health exposure risks associated with demolition of buildings that contain asbestos. During demolition, asbestos fibers could become airborne, thereby providing a pathway to enter the human system. Asbestos exposure is considered a human health risk, and building demolition in accordance with any of these alternatives would be considered a significant safety impact.

If Alternative D is adopted, the offsite Navy office location would need to be inspected to determine if there are any existing facilities that require removal and contain asbestos that could pose a health risk.

Alternative G would not involve the demolition of any structures, so the risk of exposure to airborne asbestos would be substantially reduced. There is no eminent health risk associated with existing asbestos on the site.

Effects Related to Regional Groundwater Contamination

Alternatives A, B, C, D, and F include subsurface parking and would likely include subsurface foundation components. Groundwater is located at approximately 7 to 11 feet below the ground surface of the site. Subsurface construction would encounter substantial quantities of groundwater, and a temporary groundwater dewatering program would be required during construction. Following construction, a permanent groundwater dewatering program would be required to avoid flooding of subsurface facilities. Dewatered groundwater would be released either to storm drains for disposal to the bay, or to the sanitary sewer system, where it would be conveyed to the Point Loma Wastewater Treatment Plant (PLWTP) and released to the bay.

Ongoing studies have shown the hydrocarbon-contaminated groundwater plume to be 1/3 of a mile east of the Navy Broadway Complex, with a gradient to the southwest, away from the site. Tests of groundwater beneath the site have found no presence of hydrocarbons. Given the distance to a known contaminated source and the gradient of flow away from the Navy Broadway Complex, it is unlikely that any contaminated groundwater would be encountered during temporary or permanent dewatering activities. However, it was found that the dewatering program associated with the Convention Center may have promoted migration of the contaminated plume in the direction of that project. It is, therefore, conceivable that groundwater dewatering associated with any of these alternatives could cause migration of the plume, or of a currently unknown source of contaminated groundwater, towards the Navy Broadway Complex.

If the discharge of groundwater occurred, a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit application would need to be filed with the RWQCB. The RWQCB would review the permit application and determine if an NPDES permit is necessary. The RWQCB has indicated, given the uncertainty associated with groundwater quality in the Centre City area, that an NPDES permit would likely be required for the discharge of groundwater directly into the storm drain system and to the bay. The RWQCB expressed uncertainty regarding the need for a permit if dewatered groundwater is discharged into the sanitary sewer, where it would be conveyed to PLWTP for advanced primary treatment prior to release to the bay. The RWQCB would determine that an NPDES permit is needed if it is felt that the dewatered groundwater could adversely affect the water quality of the bay. If a permit is required, it would include quality standards for discharge that would protect water quality. Thus, compliance of the project with any NPDES permit conditions, if it is determined a permit is needed, would avoid adverse impacts to water quality from discharged groundwater.¹¹

The offsite Navy offices associated with Alternative D would be located in the Centre City East area, well away from the contaminated groundwater plume. Although subsurface parking would be constructed at the offsite location with this alternative, it is probable that groundwater in this area is sufficiently deep to not require an extensive dewatering program. Therefore, this component of Alternative D would not result in a significant impact to water quality.

Alternatives E and G would not include the construction of subsurface facilities. Therefore, no dewatering would be associated with either of these alternatives, and no impacts associated with water quality would result.

Effects Associated With Airport Hazards

Alternatives A, B, C, D, and F include building heights that approach the imaginary surfaces associated with Lindbergh Field and NAS, North Island designed to protect navigable airspace. However, the site is not within any safety hazard zones as defined by the AICUZ for NAS, North Island, and is not within any clear zones or other high safety hazard zones associated with Lindbergh Field. Each of these alternatives has 250-foot-high buildings on Block 3, which is 260 feet msl and is above the horizontal surface from Lindbergh Field. In addition, Alternative A has a building height of 400 feet (410 feet msl) on Block 1, which is above the 391-foot msl imaginary conical surface from NAS, North Island. Neither the horizontal surface from Lindbergh Field nor the conical surface from NAS, North Island, are surfaces that affect the operations of either airfield, and the exceedance of these surfaces means only that notification to the FAA is required. The Navy has notified the FAA of the proposed development of Alternative A. In response, the FAA has prepared a Determination of No Hazard to Air Navigation and has indicated the project would not have a significant effect on the safe and efficient utilization of navigable airspace. Proposed structures on Block 1 and the easterly halves of Blocks 2 and 3 would need to be obstruction lighted in accordance with FAA Advisory Circular AC 70/7460-1G.¹²

Alternative F includes a 500-foot-high building (510 feet msl) on Block 2, which would be the only building in any alternative that exceeds an operational imaginary surface, which is the 500-foot msl circling area for missed approaches at Lindbergh Field. Alternative F has the potential to adversely affect air navigation. However, the FAA has previously approved structures for as high as 500 feet (msl) on blocks in the vicinity of the project. Therefore, it is unlikely that the FAA would consider any of the alternatives a hazard to air navigation.

The offsite Navy office component of Alternative D would be a maximum of 350 feet high. The entire area in which this site would be located has imaginary surfaces associated with Lindbergh Field and the NAS, North Island in excess of 500 feet. Therefore, the offsite component of this alternative would not result in adverse effects to air navigation.

Alternatives E, with buildings proposed as high as 150 feet, and G, with existing buildings as high as 100 feet, do not include any buildings that approach the imaginary surfaces associated with Lindbergh Field or the North Island Naval Air Station. Therefore, these alternatives do not have the potential to adversely affect air navigation.

4.11.3 MITIGATION MEASURES

Hazardous Materials

The EPA has requested inclusion of the following mitigation measures for Alternatives A through F:13

- If any underground storage tanks on the site are found to be leaking, such leaks will be cleaned up by the Navy in accordance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and any other applicable state or City of San Diego regulations, with clean up being initiated upon discovery of any leaks.
- If the Navy discovers evidence of substantial hazardous substances contamination in the future, it will promptly notify the EPA and comply with all applicable requirements of the Comprehensive Emergency Response Compensation and

- Liability Act and the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (CERCLA/SARA) and the National Contingency Plan (NCP).
- If CERCLA hazardous substances are discovered, no construction will occur until the requirements of CERCLA/SARA and the NCP have been fully satisfied by the Navy. CERCLA/SARA/NCP activities would take priority over new construction until CERCLA/SARA compliance has been achieved.

The following additional measures are applicable to Alternatives A through F and would reduce impacts associated with exposure to hazardous materials to a level that is less than significant:

- The area beneath Building 8 will be further investigated by the Navy, prior to construction in this area, for the presence of hazardous materials in the soils. The tests will include soils sampling and testing in accordance with accepted professional standards. If any contaminated soils are found, they will be cleaned up in accordance with the regulations specified by the EPA.
- The fluid in transformers and other electrical units will be tested by the Navy prior to onsite construction to determine if such fluid contains PCBs. If PCBs are found, the fluid and the units will be disposed of by the Navy at an approved waste disposal facility.^a
- The soil in the vicinity of the forklift maintenance area at Building 106 will be tested for acidity by the Navy prior to development in this area. If the pH of the soil is less than 5, the pH will be adjusted so that it is greater than 5.
- The oily residue-stained soil and paving materials in the vicinities of Buildings 7 and 106 will be removed by the Navy to the satisfaction of the EPA prior to development in this area and disposed of in an approved waste disposal facility.^a
- Demolition of buildings containing asbestos on the Navy Broadway Complex will be conducted by the Navy in accordance with commonly accepted practices and in compliance with the Federal Clean Air Act. Asbestos-containing materials will be disposed of by the Navy in a landfill or other such facility that is permitted to accept such waste.

The following mitigation measure is applicable to the offsite Navy office component of Alternative D, if that alternative is selected, and would reduce to a level that is below significance any potential impacts associated with hazardous materials:

A visual and historic land use survey of the offsite location will be conducted by the Navy prior to final purchase of the location to determine if there are any evident hazardous materials requiring remediation, or if there is the potential for such. If it is found that there may be hazardous materials at the offsite location, a remediation program will be designed and implemented.

The following mitigation measure is applicable to Alternatives A, B, C, D, and F and would reduce to a level that is less than significant any potential impacts associated with groundwater dewatering:

A National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit application
will be filed with the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). The
project developer will comply with any conditions expressed by the RWQCB.

Airport Hazards

The FAA has reviewed the Notice of Proposed Construction or Alternative A. Based on that review, the following measure has been required:

Buildings on Block 1 and the easterly halves of Blocks 2 and 3 will be red
obstruction lighted in accordance with the provisions of FAA Advisory Circular
AC 70/7460-1G, Obstruction Marking and Lighting.

The following mitigation measure is applicable to Alternatives B, C, D, and F.

A Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration has been filed with the FAA.
 Any conditions that the FAA imposes on the site (e.g., lighting, striping, poles, etc.) will be followed.

ENDNOTES:

- 1 Woodward-Clyde Consultants, 1988 and Hirsch and Company, 1988.
- Foley, California Department of Health Services, personal communication, 1989.
- Posthumous, Regional Water Quality Control Board-San Diego Region, personal communication, 1989.
- 4 Region 9 Federal Facility Hazardous Waste Information Docket, July 1989.
- 5 Posthumous, op. cit.
- 6 Owen Geotechnical, 1989.
- 7 Ibid.
- 8 IT Corporation, 1988.
- 9 Posthumous, op. cit.
- 10 City of San Diego, 1986.
- 11 Posthumous, op. cit.
- 12 Federal Aviation Administration, 1990.
- Tomsavic, Environmental Protection Agency, personal communication, 1989.

4.12 <u>ENERGY AND CONSERVATION</u>

4.12.1 NATURAL GAS

AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT

The San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E) provides natural gas service to the project area. The primary gas supplier to SDG&E is the Southern California Gas Company.

Natural gas facilities in the project area include a 2-inch main in Harbor Drive; 1-inch, 1.5-inch, and 4-inch mains in Pacific Highway; a 2-inch main in Broadway; and a 1-inch main in Market Street (Figure 4-74). These facilities are operating within their capacity.¹

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES

As depicted in Table 4.12-1, Alternatives A, B, C, D, and F would consume over 10 million therms of natural gas per year. This is a substantial increase over that consumed by the existing onsite uses (i.e., Alternative G). The uses proposed by Alternative E would consume approximately 70,000 therms on an annual basis, also a large increase over current consumption. Nevertheless, SDG&E can provide gas service associated with any of these alternatives without adversely affecting the ability to provide natural gas to SDG&E's service area.

The existing natural gas facilities serving the project area are operating well within their capacity. A preliminary study of surrounding gas facilities suggests that the natural gas lines serving the project vicinity may be sufficient to supply any of the proposed alternatives with natural gas. Therefore, significant impacts to natural gas distribution are not anticipated with implementation of the land uses proposed by Alternatives A through F, or perpetuation of the existing uses under Alternative G.

MITIGATION MEASURES

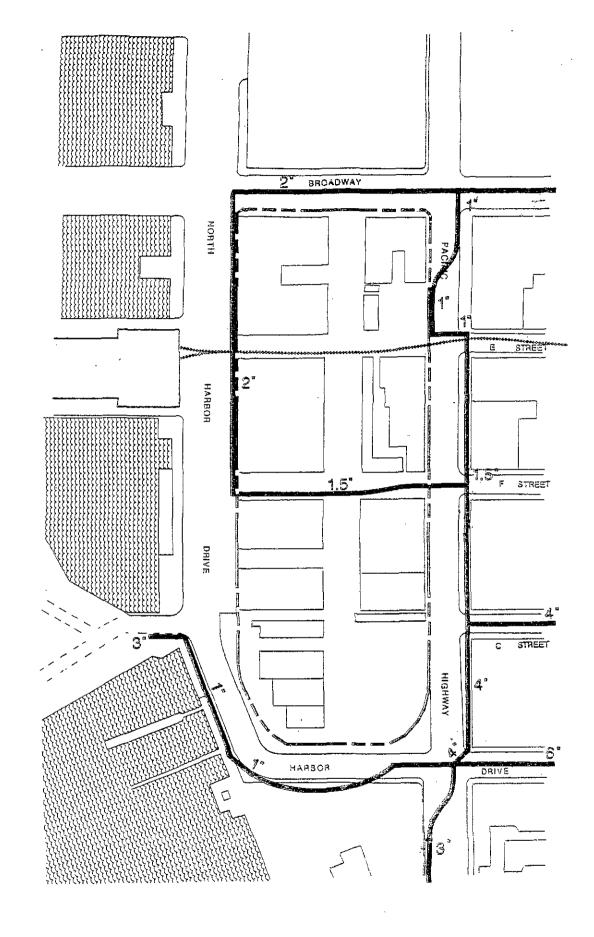
Private development associated with Alternatives A through D and Alternative F would be required to meet State of California Title 24 energy conservation standards. No other mitigation measures are necessary.

4.12.2 ELECTRICITY

AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT

San Diego Gas and Electric provides electrical service to the project area. San Diego Gas and Electric has a substation, Station B, located one block east of the project site, on Kettner Boulevard between E Street and F Street. The capacity of Station B will be upgraded from 75 megawatts to 100 megawatts in the first quarter of 1990. The peak demand of Station B is approximately 63 megawatts.²

SDG&E currently provides 12-kilovolt electrical service to the project site.³ The location of electrical infrastructure serving the site is shown on Figure 4-75. The primary distribution line facility is located along Broadway.



GAS LINE/ SIZE

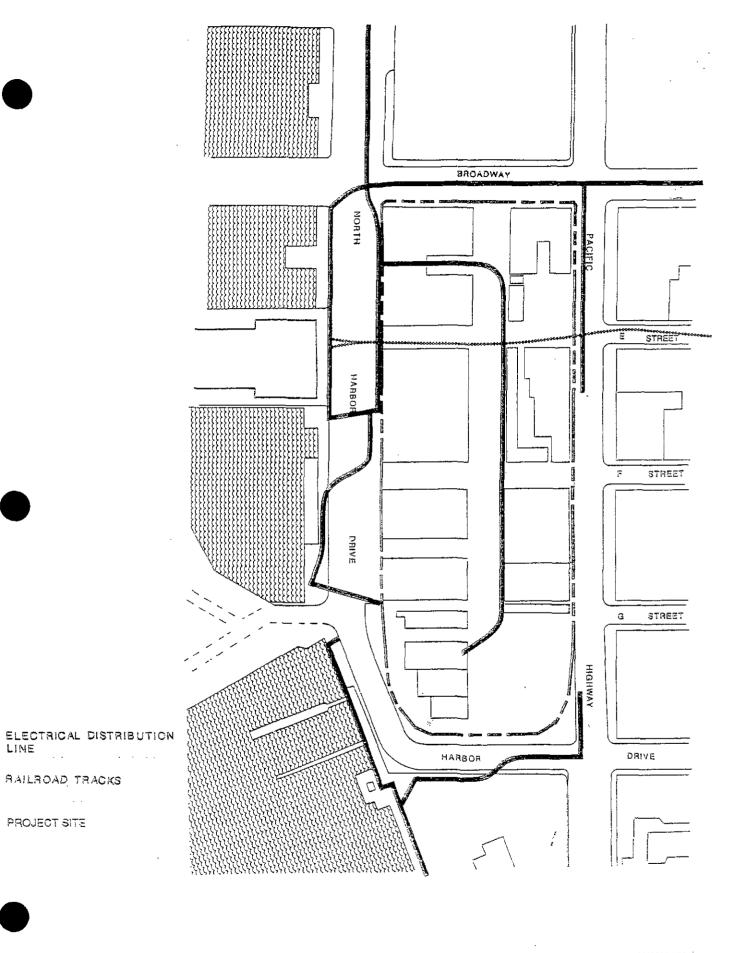
RAILROAD TRACKS

PROJECT SITE

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TABLE 4.12-1

NATURAL GAS CONSUMPTION FOR THE PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES

(Net Increase)

Alternative	Land Use	Consumption (Therms/Year) ^b
A.	1,249,247 SF office ^a 1,245,000 SF hotel	159,597 10.012,600
	Total	10,172,197
В	1,549,247 SF office ^a 1,245,000 SF hotel	195,063 10.012,600
	Total	10,207,663
С	594,247 SF office ^a 1,245,000 SF hotel	70,932 <u>10,012,600</u>
	Total	10,083,532
D	2,024,247 SF office ^a 1,445,000 SF hotel	248,252 <u>11,574,566</u>
	Total	11,822,828
E	594,247 SF office ^a	70,932
	Total	70,932
F	1,249,247 SF office ^a 1,245,000 SF hotel	159,5 <u>9</u> 7 _10.012,600
	Total	10,172,197
G	No new uses	
	Total	0

Existing office uses on the site are subtracted from proposed uses to arrive at net office uses. Industrial uses currently on the site consume a minor amount of natural gas annually (less than 3,500 therms), so are not considered in the analysis.

Generation rates provided by San Diego Gas & Electric.

There would be no net increases in natural gas usage because no new uses are proposed.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES

When compared to Alternative G, the no action alternative, redevelopment of the project site with Alternatives A, B, D, and F would result in an increase in electricity consumption, whereas implementation of Alternative E would result in a decreased demand for electricity.

Table 4.12-2 lists the anticipated electricity requirements of the proposed alternatives. Alternatives A, B, C, D, and F would all substantially increase the demand for electricity over existing consumption (Alternative G). The uses proposed by Alternative E would actually reduce the amount of electricity that would be consumed on the site.

According to the preliminary public utilities assessment by Cash and Associates, a looped 12 kV system would be required to serve the new or rehabilitated structures associated with Alternatives A through F. The loop system could be constructed in conjunction with the phased development of these alternatives.

Development of the 12 kV system, as well as the underutilized capacity of Station B, would provide sufficient electrical service to the project site. No significant impacts are expected from implementation of any of the alternatives.

MITIGATION MEASURES

The following measures should be incorporated into the project design to reduce potential adverse effects on consumption and distribution of electricity to the project site:

- A looped 12 kV system will be constructed by the developer in phases to provide adequate electricity to the various individual structures within the Navy Broadway Complex as they are developed.
- Coordination by project developers will occur with SDG&E regarding recommendations on energy conservation measures. All private development will be constructed in accordance with Title 24 of the California Administrative Code, which provides energy conservation measures.

TABLE 4.12-2
ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION FOR THE PROPOSED ALTERNATIVES
(Net Increase)

Alternative	Net Land Use	Consumption ^b kWh/Year
A	1,249,247 SF office ^a 1,245,000 SF hotel (601,276 SF industrial)	19,156,797 11,787,425 (16,806,240) ^c
	Total	14,137,982
В	1,549,247 SF office ^a 1,245,000 SF hotel (601,276 SF industrial)	23,413,863 11,787,425 (16,806.240) ^c
·	Total	13,395,048
С	594,247 SF office ^a 1,245,000 SF hotel (601,276 SF industrial)	8,514,132 11,787,425 (16,806,240)°
	Total	3,495,317
D	2,024,247 SF office ³ 1,445,000 SF hotel (601,276 SF industrial)	28,339,458 21,285,330 (16,806,240) ^c
	Total	32,818,548
E	594,247 SF office ⁸ (601,276 SF industrial)	8,514,132 (16,806,240) ^c
	Total	-8,292,108
F	1,249,247 SF office ^a 1,245,000 SF hotel (601,276 SF industrial)	19,156,797 11,787,425 (16,806.240) ^c
	Total	14,137,982
G		<u>0</u> .
31.1	Total	0

Net increase in proposed office uses over existing office uses that would be removed.

b Consumption factors were provided by San Diego Gas & Electric.

Existing industrial uses that would be removed by Alternatives A through F.

d No net increases in electricity consumption would occur because no new uses are proposed.

ENDNOTES:

- Cash and Associates, 1988. 1
- Ables, San Diego Gas and Electric, personal communications, 1989. Cash and Associates, op. cit. 2
- 3

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CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

The Navy Broadway Complex is located in an area of San Diego that is undergoing substantial development. As shown in Table 4.1-2, page 4-7, and Figure 4-3, page 4-8, major projects with over 6.5 million SF of office, 600,000 SF of commercial-retail, 4,000 hotel rooms, nearly 2,000 residential units, and a convention center are proposed to be completed in the project vicinity between 1989 and 2010. Attendant with this level of development would be cumulative impacts to many of the environmental systems in the project area.

Due to the relatively long buildout period of the alternatives, with completion of all but Alternative E and Alternative G (no action) not expected until 2003, many of the impacts of the proposed project were considered in Section 4 along with cumulative development. Provided herein is a qualitative discussion of the potential cumulative impacts of the proposed alternatives, with references to quantitative discussions in Section 4, where appropriate. Cumulative impacts are generally regional impacts associated with several developments to which the project may contribute.

5.1 LAND USE AND APPLICABLE PLANS

Section 4.1.1, page 4-12, discusses the impacts of the proposed alternatives on existing and proposed surrounding land uses. As indicated in that discussion, none of the alternatives introduce incompatibilities to the existing and future land uses in the project area.

The ability of the Navy Broadway Complex to provide waterfront access is a site-specific issue that would be unaffected by cumulative development in the project vicinity. Nonetheless, to the extent that the development of either of Alternatives A through F would provide new pedestrian linkages from the downtown core to the waterfront, the following mitigation measure should be considered:

 New development along Broadway, E Street, F Street, G Street, and Market Street in the vicinity of the Navy Broadway Complex should be designed to facilitate and encourage pedestrian flow.

5.2 TRANSPORTATION/CIRCULATION

Section 4.2.2 (page 4-47) addressed two traffic impact scenarios: a short-term scenario that addressed the impacts of the first phase of the project on the circulation system that would be in place in 1995, and a long-term scenario that addressed the impacts of buildout of the project alternatives with buildout of cumulative development. As indicated in Section 4.2.2 (page 4-47), several of the alternatives would contribute incrementally to cumulatively significant impacts at the following intersections:

- Grape/Pacific Highway (Alternatives A through F)
- Broadway/Harbor (Alternatives B, C, and E)
- Broadway/Pacific Highway (Alternatives A through F)
- Broadway/Front (Alternatives A through F)

Several alternatives also contribute incrementally to cumulatively significant impacts at the following roadway segments:

- Pacific Highway south of Broadway (Alternatives A, B, C, E, and F)
- First Avenue south of Ash (Alternatives A, B, C, E, and F)

Mitigation measures, listed in Section 4.2.3, page 4-65, would reduce the traffic contributions of the alternatives to all intersections and road segments to a level that is below significance.

5.3 <u>AESTHETICS AND VIEWSHED</u>

The aesthetics and viewshed analysis in Section 4.3.2, page 4-108, includes visual simulations of Alternatives A and F. Included in those simulations were simulations of cumulative development. As indicated in Section 4.3.2, page 4-108, the alternatives would fill in the skyline of downtown San Diego. Only Alternative F, at some selected street-end views, would adversely affect the aesthetic character of the skyline.

5.4 PUBLIC SERVICES AND UTILITIES

Section 4.4 (page 4-115) discusses the impacts of the proposed alternatives on police protection, fire protection, recreation facilities, water, wastewater, and solid waste. Impacts created by project demand for these services and utilities would be mitigated to a level that is less than significant. The suppliers of these services and utilities did not indicate that cumulative development would adversely affect their ability to provide services. As discussed in Section 4.4, page 4-115, the project alternatives that include private development (Alternatives A, B, C, D, and F) would contribute incrementally to a cumulatively significant impact to schools. Measures to mitigate project impacts would reduce to less than significant the project's contribution to this effect.

5.5 <u>SOCIOECONOMICS</u>

The San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) provides projections of population, housing, and employment growth based on growth trends, land use patterns, and general plan land use designations. The SANDAG projections are cumulative in nature. The SANDAG growth projections for the site have been based on mixed-use development of the site, as designated by the City of San Diego General Plan. Development of any of the proposed alternatives, which would fall within the parameters of a mixed-use development, would be consistent with regional growth projections for the site. Therefore, the project would not adversely affect cumulative socioeconomic projections.

5.6 PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

5.6.1 GEOLOGY AND SEISMICITY

Geology and seismicity impacts are site-specific, and would not be affected by, nor would contribute to, cumulative impacts.

5.6.2 EXTRACTABLE RESOURCES

Impacts to extractable resources are site-specific. Therefore, the proposed project would not contribute cumulatively to impacts on extractable resources.

5.6.3 HYDROLOGY

Other development in the project vicinity would be located primarily on sites that already have some form of urban development. Therefore, redevelopment with the new uses would not add substantial areas of impervious material to the area. As such, no cumulative impacts on hydrology would occur.

5.7 BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

As discussed in Section 4.7.2, page 4-151, the proposed alternatives would not adversely affect biological resources in the project vicinity. Therefore, development of the alternatives would not contribute to cumulative impacts on biological resources.

5.8 AIR QUALITY

The air quality analysis in Section 4.8.2, page 4-161, considers the impact of each of the alternatives on the air quality in the project vicinity and in the San Diego Air Basin. The San Diego Air Basin is a non-attainment area for ozone, nitrogen dioxide, and carbon monoxide. The proposed alternatives would include transportation demand management measures (TDM) that would substantially reduce the potential air quality impacts of the project. Incorporation of the TDM would, according to the California Air Resources Board, demonstrate consistency with the State Implementation Plan.

The Regional Air Quality Strategy establishes a goal of maintaining a Level of Service (LOS) C or better to reduce idling times and vehicular emissions. Cumulative development in the project vicinity would create congestion (LOS D or below) at six intersections. The proposed project would contribute a substantial increment to this congestion at one or two of these intersections. City of San Diego standards provide that this incremental contribution to the region's non-attainment of ozone and carbon monoxide standards is a cumulatively significant unmitigated impact.

5.9 NOISE

The noise analysis in Section 4.9.2, page 4-175, considers the impacts of each of the alternatives on buildout of the project vicinity. No significant noise impacts in the project vicinity would result.

5.10 CULTURAL RESOURCES

Unless the proposed alternatives would affect a historic district, cultural resource impacts from Navy Broadway Complex development are considered site-specific. As discussed in Section 4.10.1, page 4-207, the area surrounding the site is not in a historic district; therefore, development on the site would not create cumulative cultural resource impacts.

5.11 PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY

Public health (i.e., hazardous waste) and safety (i.e., proximity to an airport) impacts are site-specific and would, therefore, not be affected by other development.

5.12 ENERGY AND CONSERVATION

5.12.1 NATURAL GAS

The San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E) has sufficient capacity to supply natural gas to other development in the Centre City without adversely affecting its ability to continue providing existing services.

5.12.2 ELECTRICITY

SDG&E has indicated that a new substation may be needed to service the electrical needs of cumulative development in Centre City. Development of any of the proposed alternatives, except Alternatives C and E (both of which would provide a net reduction in onsite electricity use), and Alternative G, would contribute to this need.

GROWTH-INDUCING IMPACTS

The project site is located in a dynamic area of San Diego that is undergoing substantial development. A number of major office, hotel, and commercial developments are proposed, under construction, or have been recently completed in the vicinity of the project site.

Growth-inducing impacts are those direct or indirect effects of a project that could result in economic or population growth, or the need for new housing. Section 4.5 (page 4-129), Secioeconomics, discusses the population and housing growth potential associated with the project. It is not anticipated that the proposed project would cause or encourage the intensification of any surrounding land uses, because surrounding land uses have long been responding to dynamic market forces that have already resulted in substantial growth, without apparent regard to the proposed redevelopment of the Navy Broadway Complex. Infrastructure in the project vicinity is already in place, and has not been a primary constraint to development of the surrounding area. Therefore, project development would not result in the introduction to the project area of new infrastructure that would remove constraints to the development of surrounding properties.

Alternatives A, B, C, D, and F would result in substantial increased usage of the waterfront. This would occur because major pathways between the Centre City core and the waterfront, such as E, F, and G Streets would be opened and enhanced for public use. In addition, pedestrian-encouraging treatments along Harbor Drive and the provision of ground-level retail on the site would serve to increase pedestrian use of this area. In turn, patronage of other waterfront establishments, such as Seaport Village, would be expected to increase, which is a growth-inducing effect of the project.

ANY PROBABLE ADVERSE ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS WHICH CANNOT BE AVOIDED SHOULD THE PROPOSED ACTION BE IMPLEMENTED

Section 4, beginning on page 4-1, addressed the potential environmental consequences of the proposed action, and included measures to mitigate significant environmental consequences to the extent feasible. After mitigation, certain of the proposed alternatives would still cause significant adverse environmental effects, as discussed below. Please refer to Section 4 for a complete discussion of the potential impacts and mitigation measures.

7.1 LAND USE AND PLANNING

Alternatives C and E would not implement City of San Diego urban design goals that specify a pedestrian orientation along Broadway and would not be consistent with City or regional goals for providing a plaza at the foot of Broadway.

7.2 TRANSPORTATION/CIRCULATION

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with traffic would result from development of any of the alternatives.

7.3 AESTHETICS AND VIEWSHED

Development of Alternative F would significantly affect street-end views, such as from Pantoja Park down F Street, because this alternative would contrast substantially with the skyline from this distance. Even so, it is recognized that visual resource impacts are highly subjective, and development of this alternative may be considered aesthetically appropriate, even if its building height is out of character with the scale of nearby development.

7.4 PUBLIC SERVICES AND UTILITIES

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with public services and utilities would result from development of any of the alternatives.

7.5 SOCIOECONOMICS

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with socioeconomics would result from development of any of the alternatives.

7.6 PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with physical environmental resources would result from development of any of the alternatives.

7.7 <u>BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES</u>

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with biological resources would result from development of any of the alternatives.

7.8 <u>AIR QUALITY</u>

Development of Alternatives A through F would result in increased emissions of air pollutants. The project region is located in a nonattainment area for the achievement of air quality standards, so any increase in emissions is considered a significant environmental effect. However, substantial reductions in emissions would result from the proposed mitigation measures, so development of Alternatives A through F would not result in significant project-related unavoidable effects to air quality. The project would contribute an increment to cumulatively significant air quality impacts. This increment is considered significant under City of San Diego guidelines (see Section 5.8, page 5-3).

7.9 NOISE

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with noise would result from development of any of the alternatives.

7.10 <u>CULTURAL RESOURCES</u>

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with cultural resources would result from development of any of the alternatives.

7.11 PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with public health and safety would result from development of any of the alternatives.

7.12 ENERGY AND CONSERVATION

No significant unavoidable impacts associated with energy and conservation would result from development of any of the alternatives.

ANY IRREVERSIBLE AND IRRETRIEVABLE COMMITMENTS OF RESOURCES THAT WOULD BE INVOLVED IN THE PROPOSED ACTION IF IMPLEMENTED

The Navy Broadway Complex is located in the urbanized downtown area of the City of San Diego. Redevelopment of the site with any of the proposed alternatives would not commit new land or sensitive environmental resources to urban-uses.

As with any urban development, nonrenewable resources and resources used to manufacture construction materials will be used during both the construction and operational phases of the project. Such resources include oil and gas, sand and gravel, and other construction materials. This represents an irreversible commitment of resources.

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LOCAL SHORT-TERM USES OF MAN'S ENVIRONMENT AND THE MAINTENANCE AND ENHANCEMENT OF LONG-TERM PRODUCTIVITY

Development of the Navy Broadway Complex with the proposed uses would provide a continuation of the urban uses on the project site. In the short term, noise, traffic, and air pollution would be generated as old structures are removed or renovated and new facilities are constructed. No sensitive environmental resources would be used in the short term.

The project site is located in a highly urbanized area, and land use plans indicate a long-term commitment to highly urbanized uses, such as high-rise office and hotel uses. The proposed uses would represent a continuation of this long-term commitment to urban uses. The proposed uses would enhance the long-term productivity of the site. Each of the alternatives, except Alternative G, would create view corridors to the waterfront along E, F, and G Streets. Alternatives A and F would provide significant open space uses at the foot of Broadway, and Alternatives B and D would provide smaller pedestrian plazas at the foot of Broadway. Other urban amenities would be provided by redevelopment of the site with the proposed alternatives.

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INDEX

<u>Topic</u>	Page
Airport Hazards Mitigation Measures	
Alternative A Description Phasing Plan	3-5 3-14
Alternative B Description Phasing Plan	3-14 3-17
Alternative C Description	
Alternative D Description	
Alternative E Description	
Alternative F Description	
Alternative G Description	
Ambient Air Quality Standards	-156
Ambient Air Quality	-156
California Coastal Act Policies	
Circulation Characteristics	4-35
City of San Diego Plans and Policies	
Climate 4	-154

Coastal Zone Management Act Consistency
Construction Emissions Mitigation: Short-Term 4-172
Cultural Resources in the Vicinity of the Project
Emissions Mitigation: Long-Term 4-172
Faulting/Seismicity
Federal Aviation Regulations 4-16
Fiscal Impact Assessment
Geologic Hazards: Effects From 4-146
Geologic Setting
Groundwater 4-148
Hazardous Materials Effects From
Historic Structures: Impacts
Historical Building Survey Conclusions
Land Uses Existing 4-1 Planned Surrounding 4-6 Effects on 4-13
Liquefaction Potential 4-145
Long-Term Parking Conditions
Meteorology
Mobile Source Emissions: Long-Term
Noise Construction Impacts 4-181 Existing Levels 4-175 Long-Term Impacts 4-181 Long-Term Mitigation 4-186

Short-lerm Mitigation	
Parking 4	-42
Planned Transportation Improvements	-45
Planned View Corridors	.06
Population, Housing, and Employment	.34 .33
Project Site Appearance 4-	.74
Public Transit/Transportation 4-	38
Public Views of the Site	
Regional Historic Setting 4-1	87
San Diego Association of Government Policies	
Shade/Shadows 4-1 Effects on 4-1	
Short-Term Emissions	62
Soils	
State Implementation Plan 4-1 Consistency With 4-1	60 70
Stationary Source Emissions	70
Surface Hydrology/Drainage 4-1	48
Transportation Improvements/Mitigation	-65
Waterfront Access	

LEGISLATION AUTHORIZING REDEVELOPMENT OF BROADWAY COMPLEX, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

National Defense Authorization Act for FY 1987 (P.L.99-661)

SEC.2732. LEASE AND DEVELOPMENT OF CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

(a) IN GENERAL. -- Subject to subsections (b) through (g), the Secretary of the Navy may--

(1) enter into long-term leases of real property located within the Broadway Complex of the Department of the Navy, San Diego, California; and

(2) assist any lessee of such real property in financing the

construction of any facility on such real property.

- (b) CONSIDERATION. -- (1) (A) In consideration for leasing the real property described in subsection (a), the Secretary shall obtain, without compensation or at substantially below market value, facilities or the use of facilities, or both, constructed on such real property by the lessees. (B) The Secretary shall provide that the value of the facilities or the use of facilities, or both, obtained under subparagraph (A) (minus the amount of any compensation paid by the Secretary for the facilities or use of them) shall be at least equal to the value of the use of the real property leased under subsection (a), as determined by the Secretary.
- (2) In consideration for assisting a lessee in financing the construction of any facility on such real property, the Secretary shall obtain an ownership interest in such facility that is at least equal in value to the amount of the financing provided by the Secretary.

CONDITIONS. -- (1) The Secretary shall provide that any real provide that any real provide that any real provide the section shall be developed in accordance with detailed plans and terms of development which have been duly formulated by the Secretary and the San Diego community through the San Diego Association of Governments' Broadway Complex Coordinating Group.

- (2) A lease may not be entered into under this section until 21 days after the Secretary submits a plan for the development of the real property described in subsection (a) to the Committees of the Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, including a justification of how this plan is more advantageous to the United States than developing the real property with Federal funds.
 - (d) COMPETITIVE PROCEDURES. -- Each lease entered into under subsection

(a) shall be awarded through the use of competitive procedures.

- (e) RIGHT TO ACQUIRE. -- The Secretary may provide that the United States shall have the right of first refusal to acquire all right, title, and interest in and to any facility constructed on the real property subject to such lease.
- (f) ADDITIONAL TERMS. -- (1) A lease entered into by the Secretary under this section under which a facility is constructed by a private developer and leased to the Department of the Navy may provide for the operation and maintenance of such facility by the private developer.
- (2) The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the leases authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interest of the United States.
 - (g) LIMITATION, -- The Secretary may obligate or expend amounts for--

(1) assisting in financing under subsection (a)(2);

- (2) obtaining facilities or the use of facilities under (b)(1)(A);
- (3) acquiring interest in a facility under subsection (e), only to the extent funds have been appropriated for such purpose,

B. Memorandum of Understanding

COPY

FILED JUN 1 1987

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

Page One

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO AND THE U. S. NAVY.

Whereas the Navy owns or controls approximately 16 acres of waterfront land commonly referred to as the Broadway property in downtown San Diego;

Whereas the Navy is interested in encouraging joint public/privata sector use on said land;

Whereas the Navy is interested in obtaining approximately 1 million square feet of office space;

Whereas Congress authorized the Secretary of the Mary to develop, the Broadway property through a plan to be formulated with the San Diago community;

Page Two

<u>--نې-</u>

Whereas the City of San Diego will represent the San Diego community in the development of the property;

Whereas both parties recognize and agree that it would be to their mutual benefit to have the City participate in the development of the property; and

Whereas the parties agree the most appropriate means to implement this agreement is pursuant to a development agreement which will be entered into and binding upon both the Navy and the City and which will be adopted by the City by ordinance pursuant to California state law.

Now, therefore be it agreed between the parties that:

1. The Navy in consultation with the City shall prepare a development plan, and urban design guidelines (i.e., land uses, density, viewscapes, building heights, open space, etc.) which will define the nature of development occurring on the Broadway property. The development plan and urban design guidelines shall consider the economic, environmental and community issues regarding this critical sits. The development plan and urban design guidelines shall consider parking messagement alternatives and other means of encouraging mass

Page Three

transit usage as well as alternatives for funding of necessary infrastructure improvements.

- 2. The Navy shall in coordination with the City prepare appropriate environmental documentation for the project to ensure all federal, state and local requirements are satisfied. Environmental documentation shall be based on the development plan and urban design guidelines. Navy libe responsible for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act. The City shall be responsible for compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act.
- 3. The Navy and the City shall enter into a development agreement. The development agreement shall be adopted by the City in accordance with applicable state law. The development agreement shall define the responsibilities of the City, the Navy and the developer(s) with respect to the development of property. Specifically, the development agreement shall address but not be limited to the following:
- a. The Mayy and the City shall adopt the development plan and, design guidelines prepared as provided in this agreement.

Page Four

- b. Any development (including the construction, maintenance and use) on the property shall be in compliance with the development plan and design guidelines as defined in the development agreement. The agreement shall set forth the responsibilities for the enforcement of these guidelines (i.e., granting of building permits and the application of all applicable City municipal ordinance, codes and formal policies including, planning, building, fire and safety).
- c. The agreement shall set forth how the City will apply its police powers and regulatory authorities.
- d. The City shall be responsible for the provision of all municipal services (i.e., police, fire, sanitation) to the development site.
- e. The provision of public amenities including streets, sidewalks, parks, water, sewer, and open space for the development and the funding of these public amenities including any City funding shall be described.
- f. The City shall assume administration, and control of all public improvements or amenities constructed on the site.

Page Five

- g. The Navy shall solicit for and select the developer(s).
- h. The Navy shall require in any leasing agreements relative to the development of the property that the development agreement.
- 4. The execution of the proposed development agreement as described hazein shall be contingent upon future approval of all the terms and conditions of the development agreement by the Navy and the City Council of the City.
- 5. This Memorandum of Understanding is entered into for the sole purpose of providing guidelines for the planning and preparation of documents including the proposed development agreement.

TO THE CITY MANAGER

CITY OF SAM DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

COMMANDER

MAYAL BASE, SAN DIEGO,

CALIFORMIA

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Deputy City Attorney

(R-87-2357)

ADOPTED ON JUN 1 1987

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Council of The City of San Diego, the City Manager is hereby authorized and empowered to execute for and on behalf of The City of San Diego, a Memorandum of Understanding with the UNITED STATES NAVY for the redevelopmen of the Broadway Complex, a copy of which Memorandum of Understanding is on file in the office of the City Clerk as Document No. RR-

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City Manager is authorize to proceed with negotiations for a development agreement for t Broadway Complex Project.

APPROVED: JOHN W. WITT, City Attorney

Harold O. Valderhaud Deputy City Attorney

HOV:ps 05/12/37 Or.Dept:Mgr. R-37-2357 Form=r.none

Passed and adopted by the Council of The City of San Diego o
JUN I 1987 by the following vote
YEAS: Wolfsheimer, McColl, Jones, Struiksma, Gotch, McCarty,
Ballesteros.
NAYS: None.
·
NOT PRESENT: Cleator, O'Connor.
AUTHENTICATED BY:
MAUREN O'CONNOR
Mayor of The City of San Diego, California
CHARLES G. AZDELNOUR City Clerk of The City of San Deigo, California
By June A. Blacknell
Deputy
I HEREY CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a full, true
and correct copy of RESOLUTION NO. R- 268458 passed and
adopted by the Council of The City of San Deigo, California, on
JUN 1 1987
• •
CHARLES G. ARDELACUR City Clerk of The City of San Deigo, California
(SEXL) By June 1, Blackell
- redails

C. Notice of Intent/Notice of Preparation

Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for Proposed Redevelopment of Navy Land Known as the Broadway Complex, San Diego, California

Pursuant to the procedural provisions of the Council on Environmental Quality regulations (40 CFR Parts 1500-1508) implementing the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the Department of the Navy gives notice that an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is being prepared, in coordination with the City of San Diego, for proposed redevelopment of Navy land known as the Broadway Complex, San Diego, California.

The project site is located on approximately sixteen acres in downtown San Diego adjacent to the San Diego Bay waterfront. The site consists of eight city blocks that are bounded by Harbor Drive on the west, Market Street on the south, Pacific Righway on the east, and Broadway on the north. The site is currently improved with a series of sixteen miscellaneous office and warehouse buildings containing approximately one million square feet of gross floor area. The buildings were constructed between 1922 and 1945.

The Navy is proposing to consolidate in modern facilities the general regional administrative activities of the naval shore establishment in the San Diego area. These facilities are to be central to the San Diego naval commands, the commuting work force of the San Diego area, and regional transportation tems. The Navy's objective is to redevelop this site through a colic/private partnership designed to meet the Navy's regional administrative office space needs in a manner that will compliment San Diego's bayfront redevelopment. Approximately one million square feet of Navy office space is contamplated to be developed on the site by a private developer(s) for use by the Navy. Additional mixed-use (e.g., office, hotel, specialty retail) private development on the site will be allowed which is intended to offset the cost of the Navy-occupied space, thereby reducing cost to the taxpayer.

A conceptual master plan and urban design guidelines will be prepared in coordination with the San Diego community through the City of San Diego to guide the development of the site. It is proposed that the Navy and the City will enter into a development agreement as the mechanism for approval and control of the site's development.

It is our understanding that the City of San Diego will prepare an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for its proposed actions in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Because of issues common to both and to facilitate administration, joint hearings and meetings will be conducted for the NEPA and CEQA processes.

The EIS will be a full scope document that will cover all matters of potential environmental concern. The environmental analysis will address, but not be limited to, traffic and circulation, land used and planning, waterfront access, aesthetics and view corridors, public services and utilities, socioeconomics, geology and seismicity, extractable resources, hydrology and drainage, biology, endangered species and critical habitat, air quality; noise, cultural resources, coastal zone management, public health and safety, and energy conservation.

Alternatives that are being considered include variations of private and Navy development on the Broadway Complex site, Navy-only development of the site, development of an alternative site in downtown San Diego, and no action.

The Department of the Nevy is requesting any comments you may have regarding the scope of the environmental analysis in the EIS. Please submit comments and/or questions to the address given below no later than December 16, 1988:

Officer in Charge
Western Division
Naval Facilities Engineering Command Detachment
Broadway Complex
1220 Pacific Highway
San Diago, California 92132-5190
Attn: Gaptain Wayne Goodermote, CEC, USN

Telephone inquiries may be directed to Mr. Anthony Principi, General-Counsel, Broadway Complex Project Office, at (619) 532-3291.

Joint public scoping meetings will be held to receive written and oral testimony from governmental agencies and the public about issues and concerns that should be addressed in the Navy EIS and the City EIR. A morning session has been scheduled for agency representatives and an evening session for members of the public. Both meetings will be open to the general public at the times and locations given below. The evening session will adjourn at 11:30 p.m. or earlier, if all comments have been received. The scoping meetings will be conducted by Captain Wayne Goodermote, the Officer in Charge of the Broadway Complex Project Office. The meetings will be informal. Individual speakers will be requested to limit their statements to five minutes, Written statements will be accepted at the meetings or they may be mailed to the address given above. All comments must be received on or before December 16, 1988.

Morning Session

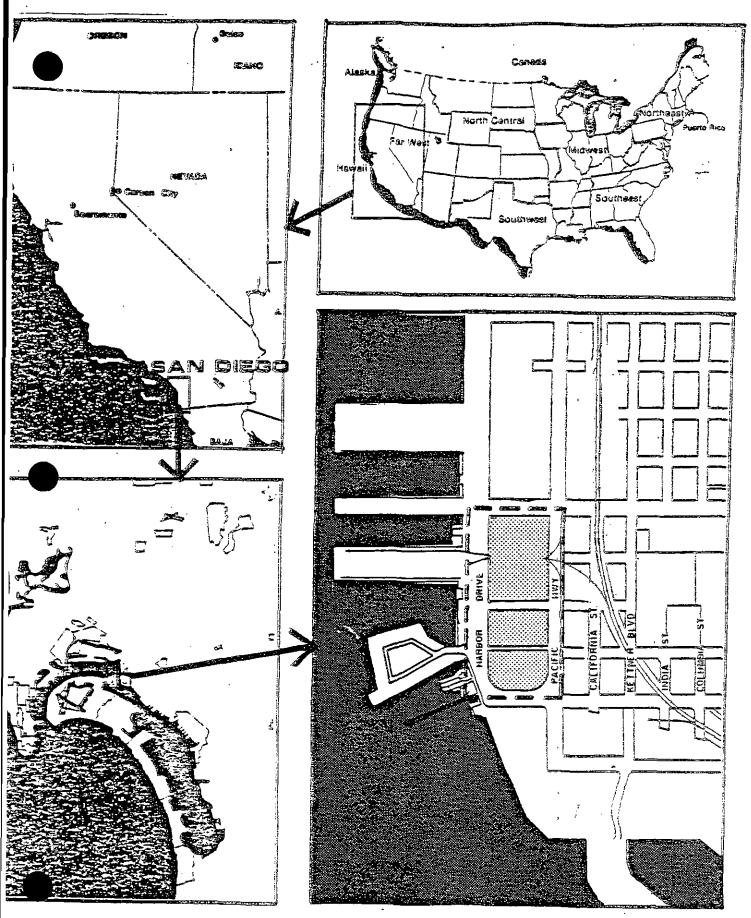
Movember 14, 1988 - 9:00 a.m.

City Administration Building 12th Floor 202 'C' Street San Diego, CA 92101

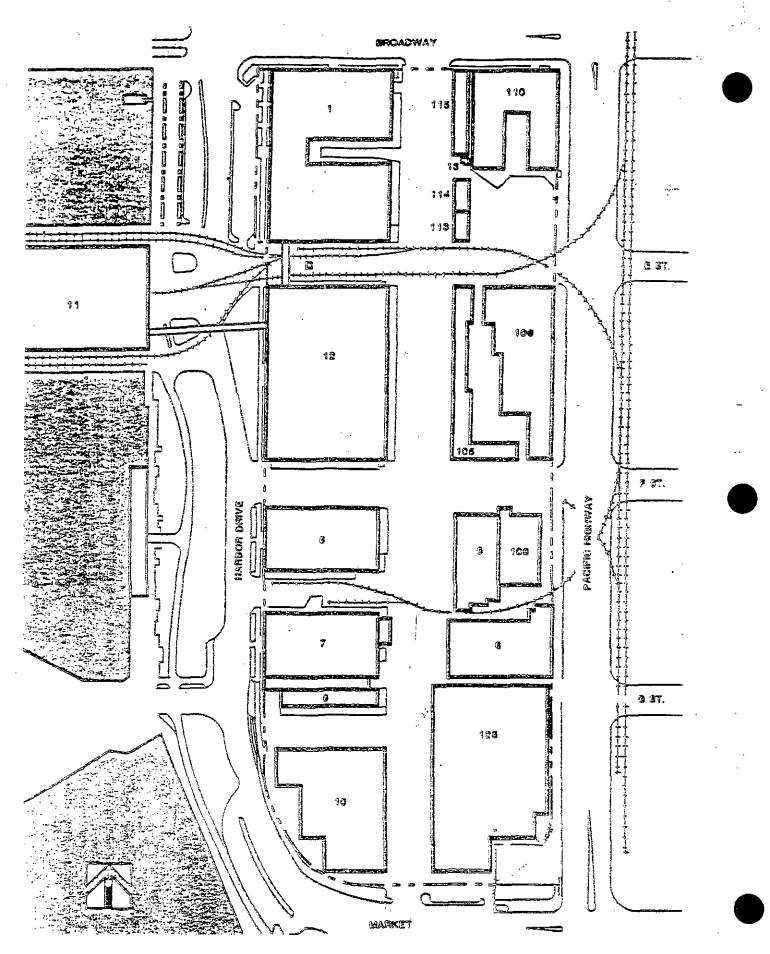
Evening Session

November 14, 1988 - 7:00 p.m.

City Administration Building
12th Floor
202 'C' Street
San Diego, CA 92101



adway complex, Diego, california



ioadway complex, n diego, california

EVLIDIT

NOTICE OF PREPARATION (NOP) FOR A CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA) DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

LEAD AGENCY:

The City of San Diego, California

PROPOSED ACTION:

The Department of the Navy, in coordination with the City of San Diego, is proposing to redevelop its land known as the Navy Broadway Complex. The project site is located on approximately sixteen acres in downtown San Diego adjacent to the San Diego Bay waterfront and consists of eight city blocks that are bounded by Harbor Drive on the west, Market Street on the south, Pacific Highway on the east, and Broadway on the north (see Exhibits I and 2). The site is currently improved with a series of sixteen miscellaneous office and warehouse buildings containing in excess of one million square feet of gross floor area. The buildings were constructed between 1922 and 1945.

The Navy is proposing to consolidate in modern facilities the general regional administrative activities of the naval shore establishment in the San Diego area. These facilities are to be central to the San Diego naval commands, the population of the San Diego area and regional transportation stems. The Navy's objective is to redevelop this site through a public/ livate partnership designed to meet the Navy's regional administrative office space needs in a manner that will compliment San Diego's bayfront redevelopment. Approximately one million square feet of Navy office space is contemplated to be developed on the site by a private developer(s) for use by the Navy. Additional mixed-use (e.g. office, hotel, specialty ratail) private development on the site will be allowed which is intended to offset the cost of the Navy-occupied space thereby reducing cost to the taxpayer.

A conceptual master plan and urban design guidelines will be prepared in coordination with the San Diego community through the City of San Diego to guide the development of the site. It is proposed that the Navy and the City will enter into a development agreement as the mechanism for approval and control of the site's development.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

Prior to entering into such a development agreement, the Cicy of San Diego is required to prepare an Environmental Impact Report (ZIR) in compliance with the JEQA. The Navy will also be preparing an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for its proposed actions in compliance with the Mational Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Because of issues common to both and toy facilitate administration, joint hearings and meetings will be conducted for the NEPA and UEQA processes.

The SIR will be a full scope document that will lover all matters of tential environmental concern (an initial study is not attached to this wo?). The environmental analysis will address, but not be limited to, traffit and circulation, land use and planning, waterfront access, sesthetics and view

corridors, public services and utilities, socioeconomics, geology and seismicity, extractable resources, hydrology and drainage, biology, andangered species and critical habitat, air quality, noise, cultural resources, coastal zone management, public health and safety, and energy conservation.

Alternatives that are being considered include variations of private and Navy development on the Broadway Complex site, Navy-only development of the site, development of an alternative site in downtown San Diego, and no action.

COMMENTS ON THE SCOPE OF THE EIR:

The City of San Diego is requesting any comments you may have regarding the scope of the environmental analysis in the EIR. Because of issues common to both the Navy's environmental review and this process and to facilitate administration, the Navy is designated to collect and disseminate questions and comments regarding this process to the City of San Diego for response. Please submit comments, in writing, to the address provided below:

Officer in Charge
Western Division
Naval Facilities Engineering Command Detachment
Broadway Complex
1220 Pacific Highway
San Diego, California 92132-5190
Attn: Captain Wayne Goodermote, CEC, USN

Questions should be addressed to the same address or telephone inquiries can be directed to Anthony Principi, General Counsel, Broadway Complex Project Office, at (619) 532-3291. Written comments must be submitted by December 16, 1988.

In addition, joint public scoping meetings will be held to receive written and oral testimony from governmental agencies and the public about issues that should be addressed in the EIS/EIR. A morning session has been scheduled for agency representatives and an evening session for members of the public. The avening session will adjourn at 11:30 P.M. or sarlier, if all comments have been received. The scoping meetings will be conducted by Captain Wayne Goodermote, the Officer in Charge of the Broadway Complex Project Office. The meetings will be informal. Individual speakers will be requested to limit their statements to five minutes. Written statements will be accepted at the meetings or they may be mailed to the address given above.

Both meetings will be open to the general public at the times and locations indicated below:

Morning Sassion

November 14, 1988 - 9:00 a.m.

City Administration Building 12the Floor 202 'C' Street San Diago, CA 92101

Evening Session

Movember 14, 1988 - 7:00 p.m.

City Administration Building 12the Floor 202 'C' Steet San Diego, CA 92101

DRAFT URBAN DESIGN GUIDELINES

The following Guidelines are intended as recommendations that will ensure high quality design of the Broadway Complex Development ("the Development") consistent with the City's current policies in the Centre City area. The following Urban Design Guidelines are illustrated in Attachment 1 to the Exhibit.

Architectural Standards

The architecture of the development shall establish a high quality of design. While it is not the intent for the entire Development to represent a single architectural solution, it is desirable to establish a compatible vocabulary of forms and materials to create a visually harmonious grouping of buildings.

Street-Level Design: Harbor Orive/Open Space/Broadway Frontage

- a) Upon the demolition of "Building 1", an open space of at least 1.9 acres shall be reserved at the foot of Broadway. This space shall be configured to allow for aggregation with adjacent land for the creation of a larger open space at the foot of Broadway.
- c) Along Broadway, buildings shall be set back from the property line to create a plaza depth of 75 feet. Along Harbor Drive on Block 3, above-grade development shall be built to the property line. Along Harbor Drive on Block 4, buildings shall be set back from the property line between 0 and 14 feet to create a consistent sidewalk depth of 25 feet, from the existing curb line.
- d) Ground-level facades shall be substantially transparent to maximize the sense of contact between indoor and outdoor activities. Colorful awnings and/or arcades shall be incorporated into the facade design to reinforce the pedestrian environment.
- a) Broadway's historic street wall of 50 to 100 feet shall be maintained and extended to the frontage adjacent to the proposed open space to reinforce the spatial experience of the street and open space.

Street-Level Design: Pacific Highway Frontage

a) The Pacific Highway frontage shall be designed to reinforce the street's role as a major landscaped gateway boulevard within the Centre City, and as the downtown "face" of the Broadway Complex development.

b) Along Pacific Highway above-grade development shall be set back from the property lines in the following ways to create a consistent sidewalk depth of approximately 20 feet from the existing curb line.

Block 1: 10 feet Block 2: 10 feet Block 3: 8 feet Block 4: 7 feet

c) In order to emphasize the landscape character of the street, development fronting Pacific Highway shall not exceed a street-wall height of 50 feet. Taller elements shall be stepped back by at least 15 feet. Between G Street and Harbor Drive, an exception may be made to this stepback to allow for a landmark element that will provide diversity and interest along the street.

Street-Level Design: The East-West Streets (E. F and G Streets)

- a) The prolongations of E, F and G Streets shall be opened to allow for continuous vehicular and pedestrian access between Pacific Highway and Harbor Drive. The design of the streets shall emphasize pedestrian access through wide sidewalks and continuous landscaping.
- b) A 75-foot wide right-of-way shall be maintained along E and F Streets to provide for this access and to maximize inland views to the Bayfront. Approximately 35 feet of this right-of-way shall be dedicated to pedestrian walkways and landscaping.
- c) A 120-foot wide right-of-way shall be maintained along G Street. Approximately 60 feet of this right-of-way shall be developed in pedestrian walkways, leading from the Marina Neighborhood to the G Street Mole.

Street-Level Design: North-South Passage

a) A continuous north-south movement through a series of public and quasipublic spaces shall be created through the development, linking the open
space at the foot of Broadway with Seaport Yillage. This should be designed as an interesting sequence of spaces with a diversity of activities and spatial experiences (e.g., gallerias, courts, exterior plazas,
etc.).

Architectural Form and Scale

- a) Towers shall be designed to minimize view obstructions from inland areas, and to create a well-composed skyline compatible with existing and planned development.
- b) Facades shall be articulated to create variety and interest; large areas of curtain wall glazing (vision glass or spandrel construction) shall be discouraged. Reflective glass should be avoided.
- c) Low-rise elements shall be articulated to creats interest and variety and to promote the pedestrian scale of the street. Articulation of the first

- two floors with architectural detailing, storefront design, arcades and awnings shall be encouraged. Special treatment and detailing of the cornice of street-wall buildings shall also be encouraged.
- d) Building materials shall be light in color and of a high quality. A palette of colors and materials shall be developed for the Broadway Complex project to ensure harmonious treatment.
- e) Towers shall be designed with distinctive roof forms that create a pleasing skyline profile. A compatible vocabulary of forms (e.g., domes, yaults, pyramids, etc.) shall be developed to encourage a "family" of buildings within the complex.
- f) Mechanical equipment, appurtenances and penthouses located on rooftops shall be architecturally screened and enclosed, and incorporated as an integral part of the architectural design. Efforts will also be made to integrate/screen Navy rooftop communication equipment to the maximum extent possible.

<u>Access</u>

- a) Curb cuts shall be avoided along Broadway, Pacific Highway and Harbor Drive, and shall be situated along the east-west streets (E, F, and G Streets). They shall not be located closer than 50 feet from intersections with Pacific Highway or Harbor Drive.
- Access to parking and loading areas shall be screened from predominant view, and designed to allow vehicles to maneuver on site without obstructing public pedestrian or vehicular circulation.

Parking Treatment

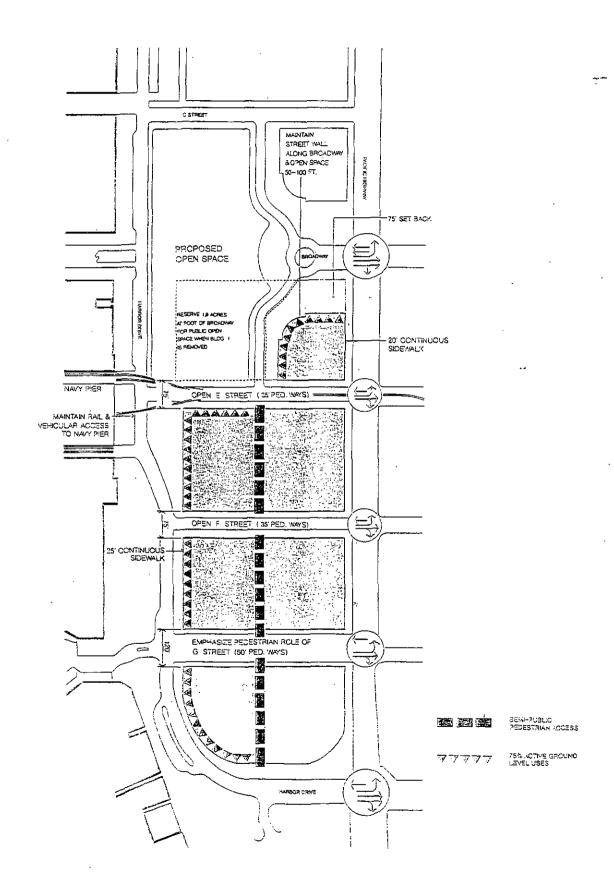
- a) Every reasonable effort should be made to provide two levels of belowgrade parking prior to the provision of above-grade parking.
- b) Above-grade parking shall be encapsulated within development so that it appears as an integral part of the building design. Active uses shall screen above-grade parking from predominant public view along the Pacific Highway and Harbor Drive frontages. Along the east-west streets, above-grade parking shall be designed to appear as an integral part of the building facade.
- c) Surface parking shall be permitted on an interim basis; such parking shall be well acreened from public street views with temporary perimeter landscaping.

Landscape Treatment

a) The landscape of the development shall establish a high quality of design and promote a comfortable and attractive pedestrian environment. An understandable hierarchy of streetscape treatment shall be established within and along the perimeter of the development.

- b) The design of the Pacific Highway frontage shall reinforce its designation as a major gateway street, with tall palms and ornamental lighting, as currently recommended by the City Planning Department.
- c) Harbor Drive should be reinforced as an informal waterfront parkway for pedestrians and automobiles; additional sidewalk planting shall extend the canopy of existing trees to the edge of the project.
- d) G Street shall be developed as a visually strong promenade in the spirit of the proposed linear park along Harbor Drive. Colorful planting beds, water features, sculpture, benches and distinctive vertical plantings shall be encouraged.
- e) E and F Streets shall be designed as secondary east-west streets, with regularly planted street trees along each sidewalk.

r Design Guidelines



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CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS Emission Factors for Heavy-Duty Utasel-Powered Construction Equipmental

POLLUTANT (gm/hr)

Type Of Equipment	Carbon Nonoxide	Exhaust Hydrocarbons	Nitrogen Oxides	Salfur Oxides	Particulates
Tracktype Tractor	157.01	55.06	570.70	62.3	50.7
Uheeled Tractor	1622.77	85.26	575.84	40.9	61.5
liheeled ^b) Vozer		~-		158	75
Scraper	568.19	129.15	1740.74	210	184
Motor Grader	68,46	18.07	24.43	39	27.7
Wheeled Loader	259.58	113.17	858.19	82.5	77,7
Tracktype Loader	91.15	44.55	375.22	34.4	26.6
Off-Highway Truck	មហៃ.បរ	B6.84	1889.16	206	116
Roller	137.97	30.58	392.9	30.5	22.7
Miscel- laneous	308.37	69.35	767.3	64.7	63.2

 ⁴⁾ Source: EPA-AP-82, Volume II, September 1985
 b) The wheeled dozer NC/Cu/NOx emissions are included in the off-highway truck category.

Emission Factors for Heavy-Duty Gasoline-Powered Construction Equipment

			POLI UTANT	(ym/hr)			
Type of Equipment	Carbon Mono- oxide	Exhaust Hydro- carbons	Evapo- rative Hydro- carbons	Crank- case Nydro- carbons	Nitrogen Oxides	Sulfur Dioxide	Partic- ulates
Wheeled							
Tractor	4320	164	30.9	32.6	195	7.03	10.9
Motor Grader	5490	186	30.0	37.1	145	7.59	9.4
Whee Led Loader	70 6 0	241	29.7	48.2	235	10.6	13.5
Roller	6080	277	28.2	55.5	164	8.38	11.8
Misceï Laneous	7720	254	25.4	50.7	187	10.6	11.7

Dusi Emissions

 $1.2\ tons$ per acre are of construction per month of activity, or 110 lbs. per acre per working day.

Source for all above data: EPA-AP-42, Volume II, September 1985

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				÷	ý	3.00065	9.29000	0.0000	$\phi_{\rm s}/\phi_0\phi$	9.49999	90)09	9,00000	0.00000	0.50500	9.00000	9.00000	0.10000	0.30000	9,00099	4.00000
				ű	9	0.0000	0.00000) (010)	9.39101	1.3516	9.96900	7.00000	0.0000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.0000	ú.úú0ú0	0.00600
				•3	÷	0.00000	û. <u>û</u> çûşê	0.0000	(a,b) = (a,b)	91,000,000	4. 10000	· . 00000	0.00000	0.96660	ij ijijŎ ŎĠĠ	9.00000	9.00000	9.00000	0.00000	6.00000
				5		0.0000	0.00000	0.60000	1	ù.13.10	3.00000	7.10009	0.00000	.00000	9.00000	0.30606	0.30000	0.00000	ი აბასბ	5.0 00 01
				7	.)	0.00000	0.90099	9,00000	J. 360,96	9.09000		00000	0.00000	7.40699	0.00000	ა.ამმშ	9.0000	0,00000	0.00000	0.00000
Itematika 3			T. A.	127,714	II. 799	3.92175	0.00737	9,49795	5.09005)00f0	0.00527	3,31309	9.00000	5,3300]	0.00087	0.01501).19065	6,00795	4.47.57	0.0014
14-141-2-	:																			
		Elect.		Datir Elec.			Electric	ty Episs:	.ona : 6501				Gas Eciss	cons itos	,				issions ()	(00)
Usa	Count	Factor	Factor	Scazneation	Consumerion	C	XOX	SüZ	-201.	90	ಐ	7C1	501	Pars.	38	20	401	361	Part.	۲(
fice corivat	111111111	17.19	2,90	d d	50.500	0.00422	0.01424	0.00230). vióa 4	3.00021	ŋ.0906ŭ	0.00240	0.00000	0.06000	7.000la	0.00481	9.93864	0.00252	0.00085	ú. ÚÚ.
ffice·Mayy)	111111111	17,10	2.46	45.349	:0.ač7	0.00453	0.02594	0.00131	0.000	1.2442	0.00067	0.00267	9.00000	0.30031	0.00018	6.00535	0.02961	0.00281	9.00974	1,00041
ite!	1011:2211	39.00	13.50	79.041	315,333	0.00396	0.02249	0.00774	0.00673	9.00020	0.00215	0.00861	0.00000	6.00662	0.00057	0.06506	3.03166	0.00234	0.00060	0.00077
etari	25000.00	17.10	230	1171	1,567	0.00012	0.00067	6.00067	0.00001	4.69991	0.00002	0.56007	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00013	0.00074	9,00007	0.00002	9.00961
				÷	÷	1.00000	0.00000	9.00000).00000	9.00000	0.00000	J. 00000	0.0000	0.00000	v. 30000	2,00000	0.00000	30000), 20000	0.0000
				÷			0.00000													
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				-)			6.06000													
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				ì	9	0.00000	9.20000	0,00966	9.00000	\$.20000	0.00000	0.50000	e.000 00	0.00000	9,00000	0.00000	9,0000	9,30000	0.00000	0.90000
				9	3	0.00000	1.20050	0,0000	5,00000	0.00000	g.30000	9.00000	8.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.30000	9.30000	0.20000	0.00000	9.3090
				÷ •			0.20090 0.20000													

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		Elect.	345	Janir Eles.	Daily Gas		Electric	Cr 20155.	.ans itea.				See Eciss	ijons (tod	i I			Tatal 301	: Endial	tadl
ijse	Count	Factor	Pactor	Consusation	Contumotion	ĵJ	iği	36:	Part.	'n	i o	ick	501	Fart.	K:C	£5	KGI	101	Part.	ж
				v	0	0.00060	J. (() () ()	e.:0060	0.0000	0.00000	ŭ.ŭŭŭ0u	0.00000	0.20700	0,00000				0.00000	0.00000	.30056
(6(!!9 44)	111111111	17.10	2.00	36,349										0.00001		0.00579	0.02961		0.00004	0.30541
	311111111	39,50	13.50	39,041									0.00000			0.00506			4.00030	
.l	25000.00	17.10	2.00	1171			0.00047			9.00001	\$100002	0.00007		1. 20000				0.00007	9.00002	
				0								0.0000	0.0000		0.00000			0.00000	0.0000	3.00000
				ů.		0.00000		0.00000				0.36000	0.00000	3.00000	0.00000		0.00000			0.00000
				9			0.00000		0.00000	0.00000		0.00009	0.00006		0.0000	0.0000				
				9	-		0.00000		V) / V			0.00000	0.0000		0.00000				0.00000	0.00000
				û	9	0.00000	9.20000					0.00000		9,00000	0.00000			9.00000		0.0000
				9			9,00000							0.00000						
				9										0.00000			0.00000		9.00669	
				0	0	0.00000	0.00000	0,20000	7.0000	9.26969	0.00550	9.65066	0.00000	0.00000	0,0000	0.00000	0.00000	0.30000	0.00000	0.00003
			TOTAL	37,062	133 . aá ?	9.46871	9.05906	÷.46511	0.30174	9.00.44	1,24	J.01125	0.00000	0.00003	0.0075	0.01154	0.36141	0.00522	0.00175	9.30119
native V 14-Jul-94						,														
		Elect.	549	Daily Elec.	Daily Gas		Rlectrici	ty Equati	245 (190)				das Euros	ions (tad	}			iotal foi	SGLONS LE	ad)
Use	Count	factor	Factor	Consumption	Consupation	CG	::01	367	Part.	HÇ	30	1101	jūz	Part.	#2	ସ	RGI	501	fart.	:10
3	33355555	17.10	2.00	5,579	7,533	0.00067	0.00385	ú. 300 éG	3 30057										0.00015	0.2000à
Œ(H3YY)_	_0000.00	17.10	2.00						3.3601.	0.000003	00010	65000.0	9.00000	0.00000	0.10063	0.20077	0.00423	9.00040	3.50013	
4	A C C E E C S			927	1,333	0.00009	0,00054				9.50919 9.56531			0.00000 0.00000		0.00077 0.00011		9.09040 0.0500£	_	0.00001
		30.00	13.40	937 41,233	1,333 337,733		0.00054 0.03521		0.06662	0.06606		0.00005	0.00000	0.00000		0.00011		0.95006	0.00002	0.50001 0.30120
1	00.00	17.10	2.00	41,233 1171	-,		0.03521	0.0090 <u>6</u> 9.000 6 7	0.06662	0.06666 0.06631	9,90951	0.00005 0.01351	0.00000	0.00003	0.30009 0.30009	0.00011	0.00059 0.04872	0.95006	0.9600 <u>2</u>).00128	
i a				41,233	337,733 1,667	0.00612	0.03521	0.000067 0.00007 0.00007	0.00002 0.30132	0.00006 0.00031 0.00001	0.00001 0.00008 0.00002	0.00005 0.01351 0.30007	0.00000 0.00000 3.00000	0.00003	0.30000 0.50089 0.30500	0.00011 0.00950	0.00059 0.04872	0.05006 0.00357 0.00007	0.00002).00125 0.00002	0.30120
	00.00	17.10	2.00	41,233 1171	337,733 1,567 53,333	0.00612 0.00012 0.00457	0.03521	0.00004 0.00047 0.00007 0.00078	0.00062 0.00102 0.00003	0.00006 0.00031 0.00001	0.00001 0.00008 0.00002	0.00005 0.01351 0.30007 0.30251	0.00000 0.00000 3.00000	0.0000.0 0.0000.0 0.00000	0.30000 0.50089 0.30500	0.00011 0.00950 0.00013 0.00324	0.00057 0.04872 0.00074	0.05006 0.00257 0.00007 0.00075	0.00002 0.00128 0.00002 0.00093	0.30120
	00.00	17.10 17.10	2.00	41,233 1171	337,733 786,1 530,58 9	0.00612 0.00012 0.00457	0.03521 0.00067 0.02546 0.00066	0.00004 0.00047 0.00007 0.00078	0.00062 0.00102 0.00002 0.10092	0.00006 0.00001 0.00001	0.00-001 0.00-008 0.00-002 0.00-008	0.00005 0.01351 0.30007 0.30251 0.00000	0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.30009 0.50089 0.40500 0.60017	0.00011 0.00950 0.00013 0.00524 0.00000	0.00057 0.04872 0.00074 0.02901 0.00006	0.05006 0.00257 0.00007 0.00075	20000.0 82100.0 20000.0 20000.0 00000.0	0.30120 0.80001 0.80040
	00.00	17.10 17.10	2.00	41,233 1171	337,733 786,1 53,333 9 0	0.00612 0.00012 0.00457 0.00060	0.03521 0.00067 0.02546 0.00066	0.00047 0.00047 0.0007 0.00073 0.00000	0.00002 0.00002 0.00002 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.0000.0 10000.0 0.0000.0 0.0000	0.00031 0.00338 0.00662 0.00663	0.00005 0.01351 0.30007 0.30251 0.90000 0.30506	0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.30009 0.50089 0.30500 0.30017 0.30000	0.00011 0.00950 0.00013 0.00324 0.00000 0.00000	0.00057 0.00872 0.00074 0.02901 0.00000	0.05008 0.00357 0.00007 0.0075 9.00000	20000.0 82100.0 20000.0 89600.0 00000.0	0.30120 10000.0 04000.0 00000.0
	00.00	17.10 17.10	2.00	41,233 1171	337 , 733 1, 567 63 , 333 0 0	0.00612 0.00012 0.00457 0.00000 0.00000	0.03521 0.00067 0.02546 0.00066 0.00060	0.00247 0.00247 0.00007 0.00278 0.00000	0.00062 0.0002 0.00002 0.10092 0.10000 0.00000	0.00006 0.00031 0.00001 0.00007 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00001 0.00008 0.00008 0.00008 0.00000	0.00005 4.01351 0.30007 0.30251 0.50000 0.30500 4.00000	0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00000 0.00003 0.00000 0.00000 0.30000 0.30000	0.30000 0.60089 0.40500 0.60017 0.50000 0.55600	0.30011 0.30950 0.30013 0.30324 0.30000 0.30000	9.00057 0.34872 0.00074 0.92931 9.00000 9.00000	0.05006 0.00357 0.00007 0.00007 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.06002 0.00128 0.00002 0.00093 0.00000 0.00000	0.30120 10006.0 04002.0 00000
	00.00	17.10 17.10	2.00	41,233 1171	337,733 1,867 63,333 9 0 0	0.00612 0.00012 0.00457 0.00000 0.30000 1.00000	0.03521 0.00067 9.02536 0.00666 0.00600 9.00000	0.30247 0.30247 0.30007 0.30273 0.30500 0.30600 0.60600	0.00002 0.00002 0.00002 0.00009 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00006 0.00031 0.00001 0.00007 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00001 0.00008 0.00002 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00005 0.01251 0.00007 0.05251 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00000 0.00003 0.00000 0.00000 0.30000 0.30000	0.30009 0.60089 0.30500 0.30500 0.30600 0.30600 0.30600	0.30011 0.30950 0.30013 0.30324 0.30000 0.30000	9.00057 0.30872 0.00074 0.92931 9.00000 0.00000	0.05008 0.00057 0.0007 0.0007 0.05000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	10000.0 21000.0 20000.0 20000.0 00000.0 00000.0 00000.0	0.30120 0.00001 0.30040 0.30000 0.30000 0.30000
	00.00	17.10 17.10	2.00	41,233 1171	337,733 1,667 63,333 9 0 0 0	0.00812 0.00012 0.00459 0.90000 0.30000 0.30000 0.30000	0.03521 0.00067 0.02546 0.0066 0.0066 0.00600 0.00600	0.00267 0.00267 0.0007 0.00273 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00002 0.00002 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0.00006 0.00031 0.00001 0.00007 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	9,90001 9,00003 9,00002 9,0000 9,0000 9,0000 9,0000 0,0000	0.00005 0.01251 0.30007 0.30251 0.50000 0.30000 0.30000 0.30000	0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0,00000 0,00003 0,00000 0,00000 0,00000 0,00000 0,00000	0.30009 0.60089 0.30500 0.30500 0.30600 0.30600 0.30600 0.30600	0.30011 0.30950 0.30013 0.30324 0.30000 0.30000 0.30000	9.00059 9.04872 9.00074 9.02991 9.00000 9.00000 9.00000 9.00000 9.00000 9.00000 9.00000 9.00000	0.05008 0.00057 0.0007 5.00775 9.05000 9.05000 9.05000 9.05000 9.05000	20000.0 21000.0 20000.0 20000.0 00000.0 20000.0 00000.0	0.30120 0.00001 0.00040 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
	00.00	17.10 17.10	2.00	41,233 1171	337,733 1,667 63,333 0 0 0 0 0	9.00612 0.00012 0.00457 9.90000 0.50000 9.00000 9.00000 9.00000	9.03321 9.00067 9.02546 9.00666 9.00600 9.00000 0.00600 0.00000	0.30747 9.30007 9.30007 0.30573 9.30500 9.30500 0.30590 9.30590 9.20669	0.00002 0.00003 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	9.96656 9.96631 9.96637 9.56409 9.06900 9.96900 9.96900 9.96900	0.00001 0.00002 0.00000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.00005 0.0007 0.0007 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	0,00000 0,00003 0,00000 0,00000 0,00000 0,00000 0,00000 0,50000	0.30000 0.50089 0.30500 0.30500 0.30600 0.30600 0.30600 0.30600 0.30600 0.30600	0.30011 0.00750 0.00013 0.00324 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000	9.00059 9.04872 9.00074 9.02931 9.0000 9.0000 9.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.05008 0.00057 0.0007 5.00775 9.05000 9.05000 9.05000 9.05000 9.05000	20000.0 \$2160.0 \$2000.0 \$2600.0 \$6000.0 \$6000.0 \$0000.0 \$6000.0	9.30120 9.30001 5.30040 3.30000 9.30000 9.30000 9.30000 5.30000

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		Elect.	345	Lail Elec.	Daily Sas		Electric	igy Bolss	10N\$: 124	:			325 22.5	Signs : to	a s			Ictal Es	issions :	1241
35.6	Count	Factor	Factor	Consumption	languagitan	ča	kül	361	5 74 EV	#I	-11	HÕI	151	Part.	#C	-44	HOI:	103	Part.	#1
Simica.Re	111111111	17.19	2.30	45.347	30,35	3.00428	0.02594	5.56281	ij.ijijĠŦ4	y	1.00067	1,39767	u.00000	1)000.0	0.0001 3	0.00535	0.02761	3.05291	0.3094	0.00041
				i	-3	0.50000	4.0000	4,50660	0.00040	0.09006	0.46000	1.30000	4.00000	6.00000	0.40606	i .0000)	3.50000	0.46000	0.30033	0.00000
				Ű	3	0.00000	ō.;;;;òò)	0.00000	0.00000	g. 90099	0.00000	4.0000	0,60000	0.00009	0.00000	0.30000	0.30000	J. 9000ú	0.00000	0.00000
				-)	9	9.00000	1.00000	0.0000	6,00000)0	U. 7. 16.)	00000	0.,0000	0.00(-0-)	5,00000	0.50000	0.00000	J.,,0000	0.00000	0.00000
				9												d.36536		5.00000	9.50590	3.30500
				ð															0.00000	
				9									-			0.06569				
				÷												6.000C6				
				Ü												0.00000				
				9			0.0000									9.30000				
				ě												3,30000				
				;	ų	9	3,50000	7, ,0000	3.30000	6,00050	1.00000	∴ Jċ0vō	0.00000	9.60000	0.00000	9.5996). 0000 0	1.00000	9.30000	0.00006
Alternative E			107.AL	10.349	20,007	9.00403	0.02574	0.00231	6,0697≰	6.00622	0.10967	9,06267	9.00006	0.36661	1.00015	0.00525	g.039al	0.90291	0.96954	9.30943
:4-345- 3 5		Elect.	Şás	Dalin Elec.	ýðlir Sag		Electrics	n Zun	.zms (tadi				āes Zalss	110f5 C20	ı:			Tatzi Sa:	.sgipni .:	:gd 1
95£	Caent	Factor	factor	Consciontion	Consuscion	` ; 0	#GX	100	ăr.,	йű	₫€	1101	30 r	fart.	HC	CO	äGI	901	Pert.	÷ťζ
û/fice(hayr)	311111111	17.10	2.34	\$6.34°	30.207	9.39446	v.40\$94	e.jūlit	4.16954	4,46411	9,40047	9,402e7	a, 40000	9.50001	0.50018	0.00505	0.02966	4.00031	30094	9,3894L
				ý)	1. 0000	9.00000	ð. 30000	0.0000	4.00000	9.00000	9.50000	9.70000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.30000	0.00000
				9	• •	9.00000	9.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(\cdot,\cdot)	0.00006		0.0000	3.00000	9.90000	6.00000	9,00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
				1	÷	0.00000	0.00000	1.0000	100.10	6.0000	3,44646	. 63630	4. QCCC	laccidát.	1.00000	0.00000	1,00000	0.0000	0.20000	0.06000
				0	7	0.0000	00050	1	1,50000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0	0.50000	j.;;;;;;;	0.00000	0,00000	0.00000	4.00000
				•)	3	6.00000	1.0000	0.00000). Jyu je	7.00000	9.59696	09	9.00000	0.0000	7.00000	j. júbbb	9,0000v	y.90000	j.jenet	0.0000
				5	‡	0.0000	4.36606	0.0000	((e) N	1.1000	:	: 10000	00000	ii990	1.00000		1. 10010	1,00000	9.00000). 10000
				,)			0. POC 66		9.05900	3.00000	1.00006	9999	50000			0.0000	0.00000	1,30000	0.00000	ú.00040
				ij			0.50000		0.50099				0,00000		0.00000				0.00000	0.00000
				-1			3.00000									9.00000				9.90000
				÷												0.0000				
					j.	9,09000	J. J0000C	0.00000	0.00006	00000	0.00 0 00	9.00000	G, 9 00 09	0.0000		0.20000	0.0000	9.50000	9.000000	0.00000
			TOTAL	fs.249	30.367	9.00462	Ú. 020 f 4	0.60221	9.00094	0.00623	0.30057	7.002.7	J.50000	9.99001).30015	0.00535	2,02961	0.00231	0.30074	0.00041

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		Elect.	ēas	Garly Elec.	341:: 3 35		Elactric	::v Esiss	ions itos	,			Gas Ente	ilans icas				Parzi Es	1951005 /	120)
iss	Count	Factor		Consumption			40J		*377.		40			Part.	яĽ	62	101	103		
i:c=	12221221	17.10	1.30	42,194	906, Se	0.00422	0.02424	3.00250	9,000384	0.00021	0.00040	27240	0.50000	9.30000	3,00015	0,00482	0.025e4	0,40253	0,00085).00057
fizerhaven	111111111	17.10	3.10													0.00555				
te:	111111111	30.60	13.3v													6,00604				
tali	15000,00	17,10	2.30	1171	1,20,	5.00012	9.30067	0.00067	0.00662	1,00001	0.20002).00997	0.50065	3.00000	7,00000	9,00013	9.00574	0.00007	0.00002	0.00001
				ý	ý	9.00090	0.0000	0.0000	9.0000	0.10000	9.90000	3,50000	0,00000	0.00000	5,30000	4. 00 960	0.00000	0.30500	0.5000	0.00000
			~																	
				ý	ņ	a. 10 Mg	9. 6004	9.06999	j.29656	0.30000	4.50000	, 96.00e	0.00600	9.00000	0.20060	0.00000	9.05000	0.00009	4,69660	6,00000
				9	0	0.00000	2.09200	9.00000	0.00000	0.106/0	0.00000	0.00000	0.50000	0.0000	0000	0.00060	0.00000	0.00000	0.09-00	a.2000n
				;	ŋ	ú,30000)	,10000	0.00000	9.00000	4,00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000%	.ordôv	0.00000	9,30000	0.00069	0.00760	9,00060
			•	ÿ	ð	9.60000	1.00000	6,90696	0.00500	0.00007	0.00000	0,0000,0	0.00000	0.00000	9.50930	9.00000	0.00000	0.00060	0.00000	3,00000
				÷.	Ò	0.00060	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	9.00000	r. (1000i)	9,55556	5.10000	9,00000	20.00	0.00000	0.0000	9.56666	3. 60 0000	9. 986.98
_				÷	9	6.00000	0.00000	0.59635	7.00000	0.000 00	1.0000	0,0000	3.00000	9,20020	1.00000	0.00000	5,00000	0.00000	3.00000	0.00040
			TGTAL	127,326	343.307	9.01292	9.07430	0.00773	5.20253	9. 90et	0.00344	9.01575	4,00000	0.0002	0.00091	0.01503	0.08805	0.30775	0.00.41	0.00150

erbative i [4-jul-99

		Élect.	645	Gaily Flec.	Saily Gas		Electrica	tγ Epissi	ops (tea)				S45 E0125	ions (ted	ı			Potai Esi	ssions ((00)
Use	Count	Asctor	Factor	Consumetion	Consummation	00	HOI	201	Part.	ЖC	ce	NGI	501	Part.	342	CO	HOX	50 Y	Part.	#2
ismillares	111111111	17.10	2.00	17.418	29,067	0.00204	0,01175	0.00122	ŭ.)6ú4(9.50010	0.50027	1,00:15	à, ŝùûŷŷ	9,90000	U.00005	5.00,23	0.01291	0.00123	0.0004;	0.00013
@hQu5e	111111111	18.10	1,40	46,455												0.00853				
				ũ	9	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	9.00006	0,00000	9,00000	0.00000	0.30000	5,00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	9.00000
				9	ů	0.00000	0.00000	0.30500	J. JOG 30	9.00000	0.00000	0,00000	0.00000	9.00000	0.0000	0.50000	0.00000	0.00000	0.30000	0.00000
				3	ŋ	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00660	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	5.00000
				0	9	9.00000	0.02000	0.00000	0.00000	3,00000	0.0000	6.90000	9.00000	9.00000	0.00000	0.30000	0.0000	0.00000	0.06000	0.00000
				•}	ð	0.0000	0.00000	0.00000	0.90000	9.0000	û.00000	0,00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.30000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	J.00000
				9	a	9.00000	0.30600	9.60000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0,00000	0.00000	0.0000	0.00060	0.00000	0,00000	0.00000	9.00000	0,00000
				3												0.00000				
				9	9	0.00000	9.30000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	9.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	9.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
)												0.00000				
				.)	9	0.30000	9,00000	0.00000),00000	9,00000	0.0000	0.90000	0.00000	0.0000	0.00690	0.20000	9,00000	0.0000	9.00000	0.00000
			1973年	10.350	117.25a	1,00ès₹	0.00244	0.76401		ā, , jū, .	3.9911.	جواري <u>.</u>	9.0000	5.50u0t	9ŷ£51	0.30755	ý. /43.5	4. 7441	J. 69	9.90055

Caline 4 Variables

	VARIABLE	TYPE	UNITS	SUGGESTED/MANDATORY LIMITS
Surface Roughness	ZO	real	CEL	3 <u>≤</u> ZO <u>≤</u> 400 cm
Wind Bearing	BRG	real	deg	0° <u>≺</u> BRG <u>≺</u> 36 0 °
Standard Deviation of Wind Bearing	SIGTH	real	ತೆಂತ	5' <u><</u> SIGTH <u><</u> 60'
Wind Speed	IJ	real	m/s	U > 0.5 m/s
Settling Velocity	٧S	real	cm/s	VS ≥ 0
Deposition Velocity	ΑĐ	real	cm/s	VD ≥ 0
Ambient Concentration	AMB	real	ppm	
Mixing Height	MIXH	real		MINH 2 5 m
Temperature	TEMP	real	² C	· ·
Vehicles per Hour	ASH	integ	<u> </u>	
Emission Factor	EF.	real	gm/y-mile	,
Roadway Width	₩	real		₩ ≥ 10 m
Left Mixing Width	MIKWL	real	% ** ·	MIXWL > W/2
Right. Minima Width	MIXWR	real		MIXWR > W/2
Source Height	EJ.	real		-10 <u>< H < 10</u> m

SOURCE:

California Department of Transportation report(FHWA/CA/TL-84/15), Caline 4 = A Dispersion Model for Predicting Air Pollutant Concentrations Mear Roadways.

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO= 321.0 CM	
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD= 0.0 CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS= 0.0 CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB= 0.0 PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP= 18.0 DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

	DES	LIM CR		* ON *		LINK	COC <u>Y1</u>	RDINA? X2		(M) Y2	* *	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M)	W (M)
A. B. C. D.	1 2 3 4				. – – – –	0 0 0		0 -	-72 72 0		0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	1200 1750 1110 1350	13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6	0.0 0.0 0.0	18.0 32.0 37.0 37.0
-	LINK	× × ×	L (M)	MIXW R (M)	ST1 (M) (S		DCLT (SEC)	ACCI (MPH)		PD (C N	IDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		T1 IDT2
(A. D.	-1,	0 0 .	0 0 0		0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0000		0000	0000	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0:0 0.0
						з.	Race	ptor (loor	dina	tes		•			
R	ECEPT(ECEPT(ECEPT(ECEPT(OR OR	1 2 3 4	1 -	X 15 30 15 30			y 15 30 15 30		•	2 3 1.3 1.3 1.3					

REPORT FOR FILE : mark2 1 Site Variables

U=	1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG=	225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS=	f STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
=HXIM	1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM ·	
SIGTH=	20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

	LINK DESCRIPTION	*	X1	COORD Y1	X2	Y2	*	TYPE.	VPH	(G/MI)	(M)	W (M)
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4	2 3		0 0 0	0 0 0			0	AG AG AG	3230	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0	37.0

LINK	* L * (M)	MIXW R. (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH)			VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)	IDT1 (SEC)	IDT2
A.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	G	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.	0	0	٥	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
C.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0 `	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D.	Ò	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	C	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

		X	Y	2
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	~30	30	1.3

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	Z0=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGRIES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

					2.	Lin	k De	scrip	tion						
D)	LIN ESCRI		* * NC *	<u> </u>		COC Y1		ATES 12	(M) Y2	* *	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M)	W (M)
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4					0000		0 0 0	-72 72 0		0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	3320 3850 2260 1180	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	
LIN	* * * } -*	L (M)	MIXW R (M)	ST: (M) (CLT (SEC		CT S H) NC	PD YC N	IDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN	EFI (SEC)		I1 IDT2
A. D.		0000	0 0 0		0 (0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0000		0 0 0	0000	0000	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
					3. 7	Race	rotq	Coor	dina	ಕರ್.					
RECEI RECEI RECEI	PTOR PTOR	1234	1 : -1	% 5 30 15 30	·.		Y 15 30 15 30			Z 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3					

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M,	/S	ZO= 3	321.0	CM	
BRG= 225.0 D	EGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STA	ABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M		AMB=	0.0 F	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DI	EGREES 1	EMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

_	DES	LIN SCRI		* * NC	X1		K COO. Y1	RDINAT X2	•	i) Y2	*		VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (W M)
A. 1 B. 3 C. 3 D. 4	_					0 0 0		0 0 0 -	-72 72 0 0		0 0 2 2	AG AG AG AG	2790 3840 2620 1250	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	18.0 32.0 37.0 37.0
<u>L</u> .	INK	* * * *-	L (M)	MIXW R (M)		'PL (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCI (MPH)		-	.A	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		1 IDT2
A B		- 26	0	0		0	0.0	0.0	0	0		0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

С

0

0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0 0.0

0

3. Receptor Coordinates

0.0

0.0

		X	Ā	z
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	-30	30	1.3

0

0.0

0.0

000

Ō

C.

D.

0

0

1 Site Variables

1.0 M/S ZO= 321.0 CM VD= 0.0 CM/S U= BRG= 225.0 DEGREES CLASS= F STABILITY 0.0 CM/S VS= O.O PPM MIXH= 1000.0 M AMB= SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES 18.0 DEGREE (C) TEMP=

2. Link Description

DES	LINK SCRIPTI	* ON *	LIN X1	K COORDI Y1	•	í) * Y2 *	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (1	W M)
1 2 3 4	30 30 30 30	A	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	-72 72 -0 0	0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	2490 3440 2010 1250	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	18.0 32.0 37.0 37.0
LINK	* * L * (M)	MIXW R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT A	CCT SPI PH) NCYC	='	VPHO	(G/MIN	EFI (SEC)		l IDT2
<u>A.</u>	_ 0	0	0	0.0 0.0	-	0	0) 0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	(M)	(M)	SIJU (M) (SEC)	(SEC)	(MPH)	ИСУС	NDLA	VPHO		(SEC)	. :212
-1	0	0	000	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0 0	0	0 0 0	0.0	0.0	0.0

		X	Y	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	-30	30	1.3

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

		z. Him Deget ipototi															
		DES	LIN CRI	IK :PTI	* * NO	Х	LINE	Y1	RDINAT X2		•	* * :	TYPE *	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (W (H)
A B C D	. 2	}					0 0 0 0) - 0 0	·72 72 0 0	0 0 72 -72) }	AG AG AG AG	2790 3840 2620 1280	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3		18.0 32.0 37.0 37.0
	•		•				•										
	L1	ŅK	* * *	L (M)	MIXW R (M)			DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH)			- L	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		i IDT2
	Δ_		•	0	0		0	0.0	0.0	0	0		0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5.			0	0		0		0.0	0	0		0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	C. D.			0	0		0	0.0	0.0	0	0		0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0
	Ŀ,			U	V		٠.0	0.0	0.0	U	U		9		0.0	0.0	0.0
	3. Receptor Coordinates																
	REO	CEPI	'OR	1		X 15			Y 15		1.3	Z					

		X	Y	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	· 15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	-30	30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE: mark7
1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	Z0=	321.0 CM
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0 CM/5
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0 CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	O.O PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0 DEGREE (C)

2. Link Description

	DES	LIN SCRI	ik PTI:	* * MO	X	LINI 1	K COC Y1	RDIN. X) * Y2 *		VEH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (M)
1. 1 3. 2 3. 3 3. 4	<u>.</u> 3					0000		0 0 0	-72 72 0 0	0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	3320 3850 2260 1180	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0	18.0 32.0 37.0 37.0
L.	INK	* * *	L (M)	MIXW R (M)		IPL (SEC)	DCLT (SEC	AC(CT SPI H) NCYC		VPHO	(G/MIN	EFI (SEC)		1 IDT2
A D			0000	0 0 0		0000	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
						3.	Rece	ptor	Coordi	nates					
RE RE	CEPT CEPT CEPT	OR OR	1 2 3 4	-: :	% .5 30 15 30			Y 15 30 15 30		1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	<u>Z</u>				

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	20=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

	LINK DESCRIPTION	* <u>X1</u> *		COORDI Y1	NATES X2	(M) YZ	* *	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	(M) ·	₩ (<u>M)</u>
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4	3	, ,	0 0 0 0	0000	-72 72 0 0		0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	1830 3500 1500 730	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	18.0 32.0 37.0 37.0

	* <u>L</u>	MLXW R	STPL						(0) 0 (2) 1	EFI		IDT2
LINK	* (M) ·-*	(M) 	(M) (SEC)	(SEC) 	(MPH)	NCYC	 WTGN	OH4A	(G/MIN)	(SEC) 	.(SEC) 	
A.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
C.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

		X	<u>y</u>	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	-30	30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : front1

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO≕	321.0	CM	
BRG= 180.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

Ï	I DESC	JIN CRI		* *	X		K COO Y1	RDINAT X2			TYPE	VPH 	EF (G/MI)	H (M)	W (M)
1. 1 3. 2 7. 3 7. 4			,			0000		O - O O	0 44 44	—কৃক কৃক O	AG AG AG AG	1750 1750 846 846	13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6	0.0 0.0 0.0	32.0 32.0 22.0 22.0
LIN		* * * *	L (M)	MLXW R (M)		PPL (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCI (MPH)		NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		I1 IDT2
A. F D.			0000	0 0 0		0000	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0 -	0 0 0	0000	0000	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0
						3.	Rece	ptor C	Coordin	ates				•	,
RECE RECE RECE RECE RECE	PTO PTO PTO	RRRR	1 2 3 4 5 6	- -	X 15 30 15 30 15 30			Y 15 30 15 30 -15 -30		1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3					

REPORT FOR FILE: front2
1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 180.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

_	LINK DESCRIPTION	*	LINK <u>11</u>	COORD Y1	INATES X2	(M) Y2		TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M)	W (M)
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4	2		0 0 0 0	0 0 0	-44 44 0		0 44 -44	AG AG AG AG	3970 3970 1404 1404	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	32.0 32.0 22.0 22.0

LINK	* L * (M) -*	MIXW R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)		ACCT (MPH)		NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)	IDT1 (SEC)	IDT2
A. B. C. D.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0000	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0000	0000	0000	0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

		X	Ϋ́	Ζ
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4)	-30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	5 -	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	6	30	-30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : front3

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0 CM
BRG= 180.0 DEGREES	VD=	O.O CM/S
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0 CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	O.O PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0 DEGREE (C)

2. Link Description

LINK DESCRIPTION	* <u>X1</u>	Y1	RDINATES X2	Y2 *	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (W M) 	
1 2 3 4		0 0	0 -44 0 4 <u>4</u> 0 0	— প্ৰ ক'ক O	AG AG AG	3850 3850 1320 1320	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0	32.0 32.0 22.0 22.0	

	* _	MIXW										7 % ha a
LINK	* [M)		STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)		SPD MCYC		VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		IDT2
	*											
A	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	·O	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
C.	0	. 0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

		X	Ϋ́	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	<u>1.3</u>
RECEPTOR	4	-30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	5	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	S	30	-30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : front5

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 180.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AME= ·	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE (C)	

2. Link Description

			LINK						*******	EF	H	W
	DESCRIPTION				X2 					(G/MI)	•	(M)
Δ.		· · · · · · · · · · ·	0	0	-44		0			7.3		32.0
E.	2		O ·	0	44		0	AG	3440	7.3~	0.0	32.0
C.	3		0	0	0		र्य	AG	1302	7.3	0.0	22.0
D.	4		0	0	0	-	-44	AG	1302	7.3	0.0	22.0

LINK	* L * (M)	MIKW P (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)		ACCT		NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		IDT2
<u>A</u> .	*-·		0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Э.	Ö	ŏ	Ö	0.0	0.0	Õ	Õ	Ö	=	0.0	0.0	0.0
C.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

		X	¥	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	<u>1</u> 5	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	-30·	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	5	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	6	30	-30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : front6 1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 180.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

		DES	LI	NK IPTI	ON	* * -*-	X1	LIN	XI COO		ATES	(M) Y	2 :		YPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (I	W (M	
atminion.					 -	· —		0000		0 0 0	-44 44 0		0 0 44 -44	,	AG AG AG AG	3840 3840 1386 1386	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0	32.0 32.0 22.0 22.0	
	LI	NK	* * *	L (M)	MIX (M)	\mathbb{R}	STI (M)		DCLT (SEC)	AC(MP	CT S H) NC	SPD YC	NDLA	V	'PHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		l IDT2	

LINK			(M) (SEC)	(SEC)	(MPH)	NCYC	NDLA		(G/MIN)		(SEC)	
<u>A.</u>	0.		0		0.0	0		0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D.	0	000	0	0.0	0.0	0	000	Õ	Ō	0.0	0.0	0.0

		X	Y	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	-30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	5	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	8	30	-30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : front7 1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 180.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

		LINK CRIPTIO	* * NC	XI	K COOF Y1	RDINATE X2	S (M) Y2		TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (I	4) W
A. B. C. D.	1 2 3 4			0 0 0 0 .	0) · .	4 0 0	0 0 44 -44	AG AG AG AG	3850 3 65 0 1320 1320	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	32.0 32.0 22.0 22.0
]	LINK	* L * (M)	MIXW R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH) 1	SPD 1CYC 1	VDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)	IDT1 (SEC)	. IDT2
<u>;</u> (A. B. C.	0	0 0 0	0000	0.0 0.0	0.0 (0.0 (0.0 (0.0 (0.0 (0.0 (0.0 (0.0)	0000	0 0 -	0000	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0

		X	Ÿ	Z
RECEPTOR	ī	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	-15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	-30	30	1.3
RECEPTOR	5	15	<u>-1</u> 5	1.3
RECEPTOR	8	30	 -30	. 1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : front8

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO= 321.0 CM
BRG= 180.0 DEGREES	VD= 0.0 CM/S
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS= 0.0 CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB= 0.0 PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP= 18.0 DEGREE (C)

D:	LII ESCR		* * MC	X1	K COO	ORDINAT X2			TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (I	¼ ¼)
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4		*.		0 0 0		0 -	-44 44 0 0	0 0 44 -44	AG AG AG AG	3500 3500 1308 1308	7.3 .7.3 .7.3 .7.3	0.0	32.0 32.0 22.0 22.0
LINK	* * * *	L (M)	MIXW R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC	DCLT (SEC				VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		. IDT2
D.	•	0000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
				3.	Race	ptor (loordir	tetes					
RECER RECER RECER RECER RECER	PTOR PTOR PTOR PTOR	~ (라이 작ib 0	1 -: -:	X 5 30 15 30 15 30	-	Y 15 30 15 30 -15 -30		1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3					

RECEPTOR	* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM) * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D	
RECPT 1 RECPT 2 RECPT 3	* 1.5 * 201 * 0.1 0.8 0.2 0.5 * 1.0 * 225 * 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.2	
	* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * ERG * (PPM) * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D	
RECPT 1 RECPT 2 RECPT 3	* 1.5 * 248 * 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.0 * 1.0 * 225 * 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.1 * 1.5 * 129 * 0.4 0.6 0.4 0.1 * 1.0 * 123 * 0.1 0.5 0.3 0.1 MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE mark3	
RECEPTOR	* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM) * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D	
RECPT 1 RECPT 2 RECPT 3	* 1.5 * 248 * 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.0 * 1.0 * 225 * 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.1 * 1.4 * 129 * 0.4 0.6 0.3 0.1 * 1.0 * 123 * 0.1 0.4 0.3 0.1 MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE mark4	
	* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM) * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D -**	
RECET 1	* 1.5 * 249 * 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.0 * 1.0 * 225 * 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.1 * 1.5 * 112 * 0.1 0.8 0.5 0.0	·
	* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM) * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D	
RECPT 1 RECPT 2 RECPT 3	* 1.3 * 201 * 0.1 0.8 0.2 0.3 * 0.9 * 225 * 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.1 * 1.3 * 129 * 0.3 0.5 0.3 0.1 * 0.8 * 123 * 0.1 0.4 0.3 0.1 MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE marks	- -

```
* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM)
  * CONC * BRG * (PPM)
RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C
  -----*-----
 RECPT 1 * 1.5 * 249 * 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.0 RECPT 2 * 1.0 * 225 * 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.1 RECPT 3 * 1.5 * 112 * 0.1 0.8 0.5 0.0 RECPT 4 * 1.0 * 123 * 0.1 0.4 0.4 0.1
                          MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE mark7
                 * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK
* CONC * BRG * (PPM)
 * CONC * BRG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
RECPT 1 * 1.5 * 248 * 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.0 RECPT 2 * 1.0 * 225 * 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.1 RECPT 3 * 1.4 * 129 * 0.4 0.6 0.3 0.1 RECPT 4 * 1.0 * 123 * 0.1 0.4 0.3 0.1
                          MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE merk8
 * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK
* CONC * BRG * (PPM)
RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A 3 C D
 RECPT 1 * 11 * 196 * 0.0 0.8 0.1 0.1 RECPT 2 * 0.7 * 211 * 0.1 0.5 0.1 0.1 RECPT 3 * 1.1 * 112 * 0.1 0.7 0.3 0.0 RECPT 4 * 0.7 * 123 * 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.0 MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE fronti
* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * ERG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
RECPT 1 * 1.3 * 221 * 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.2
RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 221 * 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1
RECPT 3 * 1.3 * 139 * 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.2
RECPT 4 * 0.9 * 139 * 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1
RECPT 5 * 1.3 * 319 * 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.2
RECPT 6 * 0.9 * 319 * 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.2
                           MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE front2
* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * BRG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
 RECPT 1 * L5 * 221 * 0.5 0.6 0.2 0.2
 RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 221 * 0.3 0.4 01 01
                                                                     0.2
 RECPT 3 * 1.5 * 139 * 0.6 0.5 0.2
RECPT 4 * 0.9 * 139 * 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.1 RECPT 5 * 1.5 * 319 * 0.5 0.6 0.2 0.2 RECPT 6 * 0.9 * 319 * 0.3 0.4 0.1 0.1
                                                    0.3 0.1
                                                                       0.2
```

MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE front3

RECEPT			(PPM) *(DEG)*		8	U	D
RECPT		*	1.4 * 221 *		0.6	0.2	û.2
RECPT	2	*	0.9 * 221 *	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1
RECPT	3	*	1.4 * 139 *	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.2
RECPT	4	*	0.9 * 139 *	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1
RECPT	5	*	1.4 * 319 *	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.2
RECPT	6	*	0.9 * 319 *	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1
			MODEL RES	ULTS	FOR FI	LE fro	ont4

RECPT 1 * 1.4 * 221 * 0.4 0.6 0.2 0.2 RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 221 * 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1 RECPT 3 * 1.4 * 139 * 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.2 RECPT 4 * 0.9 * 139 * 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 RECPT 5 * 1.4 * 319 * 0.4 0.6 0.2 0.2	RECEPTOR	* (PRED *WIN CONC * BI PPM) *(DEG	RG * 1)* A	COCN/L (PPM B		D	
	RECPT 2 RECPT 3 RECPT 4	* * *	1.4 * 221 0.9 * 22 1.4 * 139 0.9 * 13	1 * 0.4 21 * 0.2 9 * 0.6 9 * 0.4 9 * 0.4	0.4 0.4 0.2	0.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.1	

RECEPTOR	*	CONC * BRG * (PPM) (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D	
RECPT 1 RECPT 2 RECPT 3 RECPT 4 RECPT 5 RECPT 6	****	1.3 * 221 * 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.8 * 221 * 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1 1.3 * 139 * 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.8 * 139 * 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 1.3 * 319 * 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.2	

RECEPTOR	* *	PRED *WIND * CONC * BRG * (PPM) *(DEG)* A	COCN/LINK (PPM) B C	D
RECPT 1 RECPT 2 RECPT 3 RECPT 4 RECPT 5 RECPT 6	*****	1.4 * 221 * 0.4 0.9 * 221 * 0.2 1.4 * 139 * 0.6 0.9 * 139 * 0.4 1.4 * 319 * 0.4 0.9 * 319 * 0.2 MODEL RESULTS	0.\$ 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.6 0.2 0.4 0.1 FOR FILE fr	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 ent7

RSCEPT)	OR		PRED *WIND * CONC * BRG * (PPM) *(DEG)*	Ä	Cocn/Li (PPM 3		, , D	
RECPT RECPT RECPT	1 2 3	* * *	1.4 * 221 * 0.9 * 221 * 1.4 * 139 *	0.4 0.2 0.6	0.8 0.4 0.4	0.2 01 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.2	
RECPT RECPT	3 e 5 6	: :: ::ス	0.9 * 139 * 1.4 * 319 *	0.4 0.4	0.2	0.1 0.2 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1	
RECPT	۵	*	0.0	0.2 ULTS	0.4 FOR FI		ont8	

				٠			
	* PRE	D *WIND &		COCN/L	.TNK		
RECEPTOR	* CON * (PP)	C * BRG *		(PPM B		D	
RECPT 1 RECPT 2	* 1.3 * 0.	** 3 * 221 * .6 * 221 *	0.4	0.5 0.4	0.2	0.2 0.1	
RECPT 3 RECPT 4	* 1. * 0.	3 * 139 *	0.5 0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2 0.1	
RECPT 5	* 1. * 0.		0.4	0.5 0.4	0.2	0.2 0.1	

160

REPORT FOR FILE : pchl

1. Sita Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 90.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S .	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

_	LINK DESCRIPTION	*]	(I	Y1		Ý2	*	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	(M)	W (M) 	_
	2 3		0 0 0		-72 72 0	(C O E	AG. AG AG	700 700 1152		0.0 0.0 0.0		=

LINK	* L * (M) -*	MIKW (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH)			VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)	IDT1 (SEC)	IDT2
A. B. C. D.	0000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0		0.0 0.0 0.0	0000	0000	0 0 0	_	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0 0.0

		X	Ž	Z
RECEPTOR	1	-15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	~30	-30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	30	-30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : pch2
1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO= 3	21.0 CM
ERG= 90.0 DEGRIES	VD=	0.0 CM/S
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0 CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	O.O PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0 DEGREE (C)

			<i>ح</i> ـ	- minner r	16201.7 <u>5</u> 07	.011					
DES	LINK SCRIPTI	* * NO: *	Xl	COORD	INATES (1 X2	-	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	(M) (W (M)
. <u>1</u> . <u>2</u> . <u>3</u>			0 0 0	0 0 0	-72 72 0 0	0 0 158 -158	AG AG AG AG	1589 1589 3752 2410	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3		
LINK	* L * (M) 	MIXW R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)		lcct sp (PH) ncy(VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		1 IDT2
A B. C. D.	0 0 0 0	0000	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
3. Receptor Coordinates											

		X	<u> </u>	Z
RECEPTOR	1	-15	- 15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	-30	-30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	30	-30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : pch3

1. Sita Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	20=	321.0 CM	
BRG= 90.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0 CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0 CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	O.O PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP= ·	18.0 DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

: DE	LINK ESCRIPTIO	* * NC	LINY X1	COORD	INATES X2	(M) * Y2 *	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (M M	
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4			0000	. 0 0 0	-72 72 0 0	0 0 158 -158	AG AG AG AG	1617 1617 3832 2260	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 .0.0	32.0 32.0 37.0 37.0	-
LINK	* [MIXW R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)			PD YC NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		1 IDT2	
A. B. C.	0 0	0	0	0.0 0. 0.0 0. 0.0 0.	0 0	. 0	000	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	

0

0.0

0.0

0.0 0.0

3. Receptor Coordinates

0.0 0

		X	Y	艺
RECEPTOR	1	-15	- 15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	-30	-30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	30	-30	1.3

0.0

0 0

D.

0 .

REPORT FOR FILE : pch4

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S ZO= 321.0 CM BRG= 90.0 DEGREES VD= 0.0 CM/S CLASS= F STABILITY VS= 0.0 CM/S MIXH= 1000.0 M AME= 0.0 PPM SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES TEMP= 18.0 DEGREE (C)

2. Link Description

	E. Bran Scott Busch													
		LINK CRIPTIO	* * MC	LINI <u>X1</u>	Y1	RDINAT X2) * Y2 *	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (W M) 	
	3			0 0 0	() - 0 0	72. 72 0 0	0 0 158 -158	AG AG AG AG	1561 1561 3544 2620	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 . 0.0	32.0 32.0 37.0 37.0	
L	INK.	* L * (M) -*	MEXW R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH)) NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)	IDT	1 IDT2	
A B C D		0000	0 0 0	0000	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0000	0000	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	

		X	Y	Z
RECEPTOR	1	-15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	-30	-30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	30	-30	1 3

REPORT FOR FILE : pch5 1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 90.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

		LINK DESCRIPTION	* *	X1 LINK	COORD	INATES K2	\J	k * TYPE *	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M)	W (M)	
A. B. C. D.	2 3			0000	0000	-72 · 72 0	0 0 158 -158	AG AG AG AG	1540 1540 3240 2010	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0	32.0 32.0 37.0 37.0	
		* MI>	W.	cmni .	ריניים א		תהי				τ ·Τ∵~ τ	and Tilane	

TINK	* * L * (M) -*	MIXW (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH)		NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	efi (SEC)	IDT1 (SEC)	IDT2
A. B. C. D.	. 00	0000	0 0 0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

		X	Ÿ	Z
RECEPTOR	1	-15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	-30	-30	1.3
RECEPTOR	3	15	-15	1.3
RECEPTOR	4	30	-30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE : pch6 . 1. Site Variables

U=	1.0 M/S	<u> 2</u> 0=	321.0	CM	•
BRG=	90.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASE=	f STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH=	1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH=	20.0 DEGREES	TEMP= ·	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

DE	LIN SCRI		* *	LINE XI	COO Y1	RDINAT X2			TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (W (M)
1 · 2 · 3 · 4			,	.0 0 0	•	0 - 0 - 0 -	-72 72 0	0 0 158 -158	AG AG AG AG	1561 1561 3544 2620	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	37.0
LINK	* * * *-	L (M)	MIXW R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCT		NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN	EFI (SEC)		1 IDT2
A.B.C.D.)	0000	0000	000	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0000	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
	3. Receptor Coordinates												
₹ECEP ₹ECEP ₹ECEP	TOR TOR	1 2 3 4	- <u>1</u> -;	(5 30 L5 30		Y -15 -30 -15 -30		I.3 I.3 I.3 I.3					

REPORT FOR FILE : pch7 1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM
BRG= 90.0 DEGREES	VD =	0.0	CM/S
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AME=	0.0	PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE (C)

_	DES	LIN SCR:	IK IPTI			LINE	Y1	RDINA' X2	•	i) Y2 	*	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	면 (M) 	(M)	-
B. C.	1 2 3 4		•			0000		0 0 0	-72 72 0 0	158 -158) }	AG AG AG AG	1617 1617 3832 2260	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0	32.0 32.0 37.0 37.0)
<u> </u>	JINK	* * *	L (M)	MIXW R (M)	ST: (M) (PL SEC)	DCLT (SEC	ACCI (MPH)		D C NDL	A	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		ri idt	2
A E C D	3.	,	0000	0000		0 0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0000	0000		0 0	0 0 0 0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	
						з.	Rece	ptor (Coord	inates	3						
RE RE	CEPT CEPT CEPT CEPT	OR OR	1 2 3 4		X 15 30 15 30			Y -15 -30 -15 -30		1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3							

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S ZO= 321.0 CM
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES VD= 0.0 CM/S
CLASS= F STABILITY VS= 0.0 CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M AMB= 0.0 PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES TEMP= 18.0 DEGREE (C)

DES	LINK SCRIPTION	* * *-	XI	COOF Y1	RDINATES X2	(-4)	* * TYPE	VPH	EF (C/MI)	(M) 后	W (M)
1 2 3 4		- -	0 0 0,0	0	115	0 72	AG AG AG	990 990 315 504	13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6		22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0
LINK	☆ 〕	IIXW R (M)		DCLT (SEC)	ACCT S (MPH) NC	AC NDP	7 ABHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		i IDT2
A. B. C. D.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 -	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0.0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0
			3.	Recep	tor Coo	rdinates	l.				

		X	Ÿ	Z
ECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
ECEPTOR :	2	30	30	1.3

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0 CM
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0 CM/S
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0 CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	OLO PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0 DEGREE (C)

2. Link Description

	I DES(JIN CRI		* * [/(X	LIN] 1	X COC Y1	DRDINA X2		(<u>M)</u> Y2	* <u>*</u> *	TYPE -*	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (W M) 	
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4	ı					0000		0 0 0	-72 115 0 0		0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	2230 2230 1674 1791	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	
LI 	NK	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	L (M)	MIXW R (M)			DCLT (SEC			SPD YC 1	NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		1 IDT2	_
A. B. C. D.			0000	0000		0000	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0000		0 0 0	0000	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	

		X	Y	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3

1. Site Variables

 U=
 1.0 M/S
 ZO=
 321.0 CM

 BRG=
 225.0 DEGREES
 VD=
 0.0 CM/S

 CLASS=
 F STABILITY
 VS=
 0.0 CM/S

 MIXH=
 1000.0 M
 AME=
 0.0 PPM

 SIGTH=
 20.0 DEGREES
 TEMP=
 18.0 DEGREE (C)

2. Link Description

. DES	LINK SCRIPTION	* * *	X1 LINK	COOF	RDINATE X2	S (M) Y2	* *	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H. (M) (1	M M
. 1 . 2 . 3 . 4			0 0 0	0 () ()) <u>11</u> {	5	0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	2240 2240 1701 1710	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0
LINK	* <u>MT</u> * L * (M) (M	R	STPL 1	DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH) N	SPD ICYC N	DLA	VPHO	 (G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		IDT2
A.B.C.	0 0 0	0,000	0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
		X	3.	Recep	tor Co	ordina	tes Z					

X Y Z
RECEPTOR 1 15 15 1.3
RECEPTOR 2 30 30 1.3

-a c

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

		L DESC	INK CRIPT	ION	* *	X.	LINE	Y1	RDINAT) Y2	*	TYPE	VPH	ef (g/mi)	H (M) (M)	W 1)
А. В. С. D.	2 3						0000			-72 115 0 0		0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	2200 2200 : 1692 1764	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0
	LIN	NK	* (M)	MI) (M	R			DCLT (SEC)	ACCI (MPH)	NCYC		DLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		IDT2
,	A.E.C.D.		000		0000		0000	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0000		0000	0000	0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

3. Receptor Coordinates

		X	¥	Z
RECEPTOR.	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3

1. Site Variables

U= 10 M/S	ZO=	321.0 CM
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0 CM/S
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0 CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	O.O PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0 DEGREE (C)

2. Link Description

		DES	LIN CRI		ON	* *	XI	LINE	(COO! Y1		ATES 2				TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M)	(M)	W)
3. 7. 7.	1234		- 					0000		0	-72 115 C)	0 0 72 +72	2	AG AG AG AG AG	2170 2170 1377 1296	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0	, .	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0
	LI.	NK	* * *	L (M)	(M) MIXV	R	IT2 ?) (M		DCLT (SEC)	AC(MP		SPD TYC	NDLA	<u>.</u>	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC))T1 '	IDT2

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3. Receptor Coordinates

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		Х	Y	<u>Z</u>
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3

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1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

		LINK CRIPTI	NO.		LINI X1	X COO	RDINAT X2		•	TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (W M)	
C. 3	1 2 3 4			-	0 0 0			-72 113 0 0	0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG AG	2200 2200 1692 1764	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	-
	INK	* L * (M)	MIXW F (M)			DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH)) NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN	EFI (SEC)		l IDT2	
A E C		0000	į	0	0 0 0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0 0 0	. 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	

		X	Y	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	. 15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3

REPORT FOR FILE: ket7

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	3210 CM
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0 CM/S
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0 CM/S
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	· O.O PPM
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0 DEGREE (C)

2. Link Description

DES	LINK SCRIPT		X	IK COOR Y1	DINATES X2	\"	* * TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (M) (W M)
1 2 3 4			0 0 0 0	0 0)	0 0 72 0 -72	AG AG AG AG	2240 2240 1701 1710	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0
LINK	* <u>L</u> * (<u>M</u>)	MIXW , R (M)	STPL (M) (SEC	DCLT) (SEC)		SPD CYC NDLA	VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)		1 IDT2
A.	0	0	- 0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

LINK	* (M) * (M)	: X (M) 	STPL (M) (SEC)					VPHO	(G/MIN)	efi (SYC)		1DT2
A B. C. C.	0000	0000	- 0 - 0 0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0 0	0000	0000	Ō	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

,		. <u>X</u>	Y	Z
ECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
ECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3

1. Site Variables

U= 1.0 M/S	ZO=	321.0	CM	
BRG= 225.0 DEGREES	VD=	0.0	CM/S	
CLASS= F STABILITY	VS=	0.0	CM/S	
MIXH= 1000.0 M	AMB=	0.0	PPM	
SIGTH= 20.0 DEGREES	TEMP=	18.0	DEGREE	(C)

2. Link Description

_	LINK DESCRIPTION	* * *	LINK X1	COORD. Y1	INATES X2	¥2		TYPE	VPH	EF (G/MI)	H (附) 	W (M) 	
A.B.	2 3	~ -	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	-72 115 0 0		0 0 72 -72	AG AG AG AG	1960 1960 1620 1748	7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0	

LINK	* L * (M)	MIXW (M)	STPL (M) (SEC)	DCLT (SEC)	ACCT (MPH)			VPHO	(G/MIN)	EFI (SEC)	· IDT1 (SEC)	IDT2
A. E. C. D.	0000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0		0.0 0.0 0.0	0000	0000	0 0 0 0	0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

		X	Y	Z
RECEPTOR	1	15	15	1.3
RECEPTOR	2	30	30	1.3

MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE pohl

```
* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * ERG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
________
RECPT 1 * 11 * 12 * 0.3 0.0 0.6 0.2

RECPT 2 * 0.7 * 24 * 0.2 0.0 0.4 0.1

RECPT 3 * 1.1 * 348 * 0.0 0.3 0.6 0.2

RECPT 4 * 0.7 * 336 * 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.1
                     MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE pch2
* FRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * BRG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PFM) *(DEG)* A B C D
_______
RECPT 1 * 1.5 * 12 * 0.4 0.0 0.9 0.2

RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 23 * 0.2 0.0 0.6 0.1

RECPT 3 * 1.5 * 348 * 0.0 0.4 0.8 0.2
RECPT 4 * 0.9 * 337 * 0.0 0.2 0.6 0.1
                      MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE poh3
* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * ERG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
_____
RECPT 1 * 1.5 * 12 * 0.4 0.0 0.9 0.2

RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 23 * 0.2 0.0 0.6 0.1

RECPT 3 * 1.5 * 348 * 0.0 0.4 0.9 0.2

RECPT 4 * 0.9 * 337 * 0.0 0.2 0.6 0.1
                      MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE pch4
* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * BRG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B. C D
RECPT 1 * 1.5 * 12 * 0.4 0.0 0.9 0.2

RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 24 * 0.2 0.0 0.5 0.1

RECPT 3 * 1.5 * 348 * 0.0 0.4 0.9 0.2

RECPT 4 * 0.9 * 338 * 0.0 0.2 0.5 0.1
                     MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE Toh5
* PRED **WIND * COCN/LINK
* CONC * ERG * (PPM)
RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
 ______
RECPT 1 * 1.3 * 12 * 0.4 0.0 0.8 0.2
RECPT 2 * 0.8 * 23 * 0.2 0.0 0.5 0.1
RECPT 3 * 1.3 * 348 * 0.0 0.4 0.8 0.2
RECPT 4 * 0.8 * 337 * 0.0 0.2 0.5 0.1
```

MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE poh6

```
* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * BRG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
 RECPT 1 * 1.5 * 12 * 0.4 0.0 0.9 0.2

RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 24 * 0.2 0.0 0.5 0.1

RECPT 3 * 1.5 * 348 * 0.0 0.4 0.9 0.2

RECPT 4 * 0.9 * 336 * 0.0 0.2 0.5 0.1
                      MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE pch7
 * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * BRG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
 RECPT 1 * 1.5 * 12 * 0.4 0.0 0.9 0.2

RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 23 * 0.2 0.0 0.6 0.1

RECPT 3 * 1.5 * 348 * 0.0 0.4 0.9 0.2

RECPT 4 * 0.9 * 337 * 0.0 0.2 0.6 0.1
                    MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE pch8
 * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * BRG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
 RECPT 1 * 1.4 * 11 * 0.3 0.0 0.9 0.1

RECPT 2 * 0.9 * 22 * 0.2 0.0 0.6 0.1

RECPT 3 * 1.4 * 349 * 0.0 0.3 0.9 0.1

PECPT 4 * 0.9 * 338 * 0.0 0.2 0.6 0.1

MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE ket1
* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK
* CONC * BRG * (PPM)
RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
 RECPT 1 * 0.8 * 209 * 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.2
RECPT 2 * 0.5 * 225 * 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1
                     MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE ket2
 * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK
* CONC * BRG * (PPM)
RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D
 RECPT 1 * 11 * 209 * 01 0.5 0.2 0.4 RECPT 2 * 0.7 * 225 * 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1
                      MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE kat3
 * FRED *WIND * COCN/LINK

* CONC * BRG * (PPM)

RECEPTOR * (PFM) *(DEG)* A B C D
  RECPT 1 * 11 * 241 * 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.1
RECPT 2 * 0.7 * 225 * 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1
```

MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE ket4

* PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM) RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C B C D RECPT 1 * 1.1 * 241 * 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.1 RECPT 2 * 0.7 * 225 * 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE ket5 * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * ERG * (PPM) (PPH) B C D RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A RECPT 1 * 1.0 * 241 * 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.1 RECPT 2 * 0.6 * 225 * 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE kat6 * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM) RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D RECPT 1 * 1.1 * 241 * 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.1 RECPT 2 * 0.7 * 225 * 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE ket? * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM) RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D RECPT 1 * 1.1 * 241 * 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.1 RECPT 2 * 0.7 * 225 * 0.2 0.2 0.1 MODEL RESULTS FOR FILE kat8 * PRED *WIND * COCN/LINK * CONC * BRG * (PPM) RECEPTOR * (PPM) *(DEG)* A B C D RECPT 1 * 1.0 * 209 * 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.4 RECPT 2 * 0.7 * 225 * 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1

MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM FOR THE NAVY BROADWAY COMPLEX

Prepared for:

City of San Diego
City Administration Building
202 "C" Street
San Diego, California 92101

POCUMENT NO. PC280915

FILED OCT 20 1992

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

October 1990

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>	
1	Introduction 1-1
2	Program Management
3	Mitigation Monitoring Program Procedures
4	Disposition of Monitoring Forms 4-1
Attachment	
Α	Inventory of Mitigation Measures
В	Mitigation Monitoring Program Reporting and Implementation Form

SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

Section 21081.6 to the State of California Public Resources Code requires that a reporting or monitoring program be adopted by a lead or responsible agency for each project where an environmental impact report has identified mitigation measures for significant environmental effects. The program shall monitor the progress and subsequent completion of adopted or required changes necessary to mitigate or avoid the significant environmental effects of the project. As a party to the Development Agreement for the Navy Broadway Complex Project, the City of San Diego is the agency responsible for implementation of the mitigation monitoring program under CEQA. A final environmental impact report was prepared for this project and addressed potential environmental impacts and, where appropriate, recommended measures to mitigate these impacts. As such, a mitigation reporting or monitoring program is required to ensure that adopted mitigation measures are implemented.

The Navy Broadway Complex is an existing facility in downtown San Diego occupying 15.6 acres bounded by Broadway on the north, Harbor Drive on the west and south, and Pacific Highway on the east. The proposed project is the redevelopment of the Navy Broadway Complex to include up to 3.25 million square feet of mixed uses, including Navy and commercial office space, hotel, museum, and retail space, and 300,000 square feet of above-grade parking.

SECTION 2

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

The mitigation monitoring plan (MMP) for the redevelopment of the Navy Broadway Complex will be in place through all phases of the project, including design, construction, and operation. Enforcement of the MMP will be the responsibility of the City of San Diego.

2.1 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The City of San Diego will be responsible for ensuring that the mitigation measures are completed. In this role, the City will supervise the implementation of mitigation measures for the design, construction, and operation of the Navy Broadway Complex Project and will be responsible for the overall management of the MMP. The City will review the Reporting and Implementation (R & I) Forms to ensure they are filled out correctly and that proper action is being taken to comply with each measure. The City will also be responsible for the filing and updating of the R & I Forms during all phases of the project. If it is found that an adopted mitigation measure is not being properly implemented, the City will require corrective actions to ensure adequate implementation. The City of San Diego designates the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Planning Department as the primary group responsible for monitoring mitigation measures. The EAS will work with other departments, such as the Engineering and Development (E&D) and Building Inspection Departments (BID), which are responsible for ensuring compliance with codes and permit conditions during project implementation. The responsibilities of the City of San Diego (specifically the EAS) include the following:

- 1. An MMP R & I Form will be prepared for each potential significant impact and its corresponding mitigation identified in the list of mitigation measures attached hereto (Attachment A).
- 2. Appropriate specialists will be retained, as needed, to monitor specific mitigation activities and provide appropriate written approvals to the City.
- 3. The City and/or an entity assigned by the City will approve, by signature and date, the completion of each action item that was identified on the MMP R & I Form.
- 4. The City will sign off all completed MMP R & I Forms for an impact issue requiring no further monitoring.

- 5. If satisfactory progress on implementation of the mitigation measures is not occurring, a letter will be sent to the project developer(s) with a deadline for implementation.
- 6. The City will ensure that mitigation measures that require action on the part of another agency (RWQCB, etc.) are properly implemented.

SECTION 3

MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM PROCEDURES

The policies and procedures for the MMP described herein are intended to provide focused, yet flexible guidelines for monitoring the implementation of the mitigation measures discussed in the FEIR and adopted by the City of San Diego. Attachment A lists and numbers each mitigation measure adopted for the proposed project. Table A-1 correlates each measure, by its assigned number, to the specific phase of the project to which the measure applies. The three project phases include design, construction, and operation.

An R & I form (see Attachment B) is prepared for each mitigation measure identified in Attachment A. Each measure will be verified for compliance during the applicable phase. Once a verification of compliance is completed for each measure required during a specific phase, no further action is necessary for that phase.

3.1 DESIGN PHASE/PLAN CHECK

During the design phase, appropriate drawings and specifications will be reviewed by the City of San Diego to ensure all applicable adopted mitigation measures have been incorporated into the project design. The City coordinates with affected agencies (e.g., U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Federal Aviation Administration, etc.) to ensure applicable ordinances and standards for construction are implemented. Comments on design documents are provided by the City to design engineers and architects. R & I Forms are completed after the implementation of each requirement.

3.2 <u>CONSTRUCTION PHASE</u>

Construction activities are monitored at various construction checkpoints to ensure that construction occurs in compliance with approved plans. Construction mitigation activities are monitored by the City through E&D and BID.

The Navy and/or construction contractors shall prepare a monthly list of mitigation measures that would be applicable to construction activities scheduled for the month, and shall submit the list to EAS, BID, and E&D.

3.3 OPERATIONAL PHASE

Once the project is completed and operating, the City continues to monitor the facility to verify that the adopted operational mitigation measures are implemented. The frequency of the monitoring is determined by the City. The City is responsible for ensuring correction of noncompliance situations throughout the operational phase of the project.

SECTION 4

DISPOSITION OF MONITORING FORMS

All active and completed R & I Forms are kept in the MMP file with the Environmental Analysis Section of the City of San Diego during the design, construction, and operation phases. Reports will be available from the City upon request at the following address:

City of San Diego
City Administration Building
202 "C" Street
San Diego, California 92101

ATTACHMENT A INVENTORY OF MITIGATION MEASURES

INVENTORY OF MITIGATION MEASURES

Provided below is a listing of all mitigation measures included in the EIR and adopted as a condition of project approval. The project developer and/or the City of San Diego where noted is responsible for completing all the mitigation measures, and the City of San Diego is responsible for ensuring that the measures are completed.

A. Mitigation Measures to be Completed by the City of San Diego

- 1. Pacific/Grape: Pacific Highway currently provides three through lanes in each direction and a southbound left-turn pocket. Grape Street has three eastbound lanes and an eastbound right-turn pocket and will be restriped and reconfigurated to provide for a 4-lane section. These improvements would result in service level D conditions under the long-term scenario and will be installed when the service levels at this intersection exceed acceptable levels based on current traffic counts.
- 2. <u>Broadway/Front</u>: Broadway provides two through lanes in each direction and a westbound left-turn lane. Front Street has three through lanes in the southbound direction and will be restriped and reconfigurated to provide for a 4-lane section. These improvements would result in service level D conditions under the long-term scenario and will be installed when the service levels at this intersection exceed acceptable levels based on current traffic counts.
- Broadway/Pacific: Pacific Highway currently provides three through lanes in each direction and a southbound left-turn lane. Broadway has two through lanes in each direction and a westbound left-turn lane. The improvements include widening Pacific Highway and restriping Broadway to provide additional turn lanes in all directions and will result in a level of service D conditions in the long-term scenario. They will be installed upon initiation of development of any block on the Navy Broadway Complex. The improvements are summarized as follows:
 - Exclusive northbound and southbound left-turn lanes on Pacific Highway at E, F, and G Streets

- Exclusive northbound right-turn and left-turn lanes on Broadway at Broadway and Pacific Highway
- Exclusive eastbound right-turn and left-turn lanes on Broadway at Pacific Highway
- Second westbound left-turn lane on Broadway at Pacific Highway
- 4. North Harbor Drive/Pacific Highway Connections: New C (or B) and E Streets (52 feet curb-to-curb width each), F and G Streets (40 feet curb-to-curb width each) will be constructed between North Harbor Drive and Pacific Highway, each with a traffic signal at Pacific Highway. Traffic signals will be installed at the intersection of E Street and North Harbor Drive, as well as a railroad crossing on new E Street, across Pacific Highway, and across North Harbor Drive. The EIR outlines a phasing plan which requires that associated mitigation measures be implemented in conjunction with the development of block(s) on the project site.
- 5. <u>Harbor/Broadway</u>: Traffic signals at the intersection of Harbor Drive and the new connection to Harbor Drive north of Broadway will be installed to alleviate traffic impacts that result from the redirection of traffic around the proposed open space area. Improvements to this intersection will be installed upon completion of the open space area at the foot of Broadway.
- 6. <u>First Avenue</u>: First Avenue will be restriped and reconfigurated to provide for a 4-lane section. This improvement will be implemented when roadway volumes on this segment exceed acceptable levels based on current traffic counts.
- 7. Pacific Highway: Pacific Highway will be widened to mitigate future roadway conditions and long this corridor. The improvement will be installed in a phased manner upon development of individual blocks in the Navy Broadway Complex, as outlined in the phasing plan in the EIR.

B. The Following Mitigation Measure is the Responsibility of the Navy

8. The Navy will record Buildings 1 and 12 pursuant to Section 110(b) of the National Historic Preservation Act and will oversee excavations to ensure that no significant archaeology is inadvertently lost.

C. The Following Mitigation Measures are the Responsibility of the Project Developer

- 9. Long-Term Travel Demand Management (TDM) Program: A TDM program will be implemented to reduce the number of vehicular trips, thereby reducing associated traffic impacts, parking needs, and effects to air quality. The adopted TDM program will be implemented prior to the occupancy of any uses and will be designed to encourage 24 percent of office workers and 15 percent of hotel/ retail workers to commute by a mode other than a single-occupied vehicle. This program will include one or more of the following or other appropriate measures:
 - Onsite transit amenities
 - Transit pass sale and information area
 - Coordination of a rideshare matching system
 - Preferential carpool and/or vanpool parking
 - Onsite bike lockers
 - Development of pedestrian corridors to transit stops/stations
 - Shared parking arrangement through mix of land uses
- A school facilities fee shall be paid in an amount established in accordance with California Government Code Section 53080, 53080.1, and 65995.
- 11. The existing 15-inch diameter mains located in Pacific Highway and in Market Street will be upgraded, in coordination with the City of San Diego, to a capacity sufficient to serve future onsite development, as well as future upstream and tributary developments that would be linked to them. As recommended in a sewer pipeline capacity analysis, 1,800 linear feet of sewer line will be replaced from the intersection of Pacific Highway and E Street to the intersection of Market Street and Kettner Boulevard. The sewer line will be constructed upon demand for a new line, as created by the project.

- 12. An erosion control plan will be implemented during construction of new structures. The plan will be prepared by the project developer and submitted to the City of San Diego for approval prior to the initiation of construction. Major components of the plan would include (but not be limited to) the following:
 - Regular watering of exposed soil.
 - Hydroseeding of large (1-acre-plus) areas of exposed soils that will remain. exposed and undisturbed by construction for 3 or more months at a time.
 - Draining any areas where ponding occurs.
 - Placing sandbags in gutters and near storm drains wherever construction activities occur.
- 13. Fugitive dust will be controlled by regular watering as required by the San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and through erosion control and street washing to reduce dirt spillage onto traveled roadways near the construction site.

 This measure will be required to be included in construction documents.
- 14. Construction activities will be conducted in compliance with the construction noise requirements of the San Diego Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404).
- 15. Prior to the issuance of building permits, building plan specifications for hotel structures will be reviewed by an acoustical engineer to determine whether sound attenuation measures satisfy the interior noise standard of 45 dB CNEL.
- 16. The private uses on the Navy Broadway Complex project will be designed and constructed in accordance with Title 24 of the California Administrative Code.
- 17. A looped 12 kV system will be constructed in phases to provide adequate electricity to the various individual structures within the Navy Broadway Complex.
- 18. If any underground storage tanks on the site are found to be leaking, such leaks will be cleaned up in accordance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and any other applicable state or City of San Diego regulations, with clean up being initiated upon discovery of any leaks.

- 19. If evidence of hazardous materials contamination is discovered, the EPA will be promptly notified and all applicable requirements of the Comprehensive Emergency Response Compensation and Liability Act and the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (CERCLA/SARA) and the National Contingency Plan (NCP) will be complied with.
- 20. If CERCLA hazardous substances are discovered, no construction will occur until the requirements of CERCLA/SARA and the NCP have been fully satisfied. CERCLA/SARA/NCP activities would take priority over new construction until CERCLA/SARA compliance has been achieved.
- 21. Prior to construction, the area beneath Building 8 will be further investigated for the presence of hazardous materials in the soils. If any contaminated soils are found, they will be cleaned up in accordance with EPA regulations.
- 22. The fluid in transformers and other electrical units will be tested prior to onsite construction to determine the presence of PCBs. If PCBs are found, the fluid and the units will be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.
- 23. The soil in the vicinity of the forklift maintenance area at Building 106 will be tested for acidity prior to development in this area. If the pH of the soil is less than 5, the pH will be adjusted so that it is greater than 5.
- 24. The oily residue-stained soil and paving materials in the vicinities of Buildings 7 and 106 will be removed pursuant to EPA requirements prior to development in this area and disposed of in an approved disposal facility.
- 25. Demolition of buildings containing asbestos on the Navy Broadway Complex will be conducted in compliance with all applicable regulations. Asbestos-containing materials will be disposed of in a landfill or other facility permitted to accept such waste.

- 26. Authorization to temporarily discharge dewatering waste during project construction will be obtained from the executive officer of the Regional Water Quality Control Board under NPDES CA0108707.
- 27. Water conservation measures will be installed in all buildings, including lowflow shower and faucet fixtures. Drought-tolerant landscaping will be used except where grass-intensive uses (such as open space areas) are located.
- 28. Receptacles will be provided within each building to allow for the separation of all recyclable paper material. The lease for each building will require that white paper and computer paper recycling receptacles are provided, and that the lessee will participate to the maximum extent applicable in any local ordinance-implemented recycling program for other recyclable materials.
- 29. No mirrored glass will be used in new buildings.
- 30. Buildings on Block 1 and the easterly halves of Blocks 2 and 3 will be red obstruction lighted in accordance with the provisions of FAA Advisory Circular AC 70/7460-1G, Obstruction Marking and Lighting.
- 31. All new buildings will be designed in accordance with established criteria for UBC Seismic Zone 4.
- 32. The remedial measures for fault surface rupture, seismic groundshaking, and liquefaction outlined in "Additional Geologic, Seismic, and Geotechnical Studies, Navy Broadway Complex, San Diego, California," prepared by Woodward-Clyde Consultants (dated September 5, 1990) shall be considered in the design and construction of all new buildings.

TABLE A-1

APPLICABLE PROJECT PHASES FOR IMPLEMENTING PROJECT MITIGATION

	<u>Design</u>	Construction	Operation			
1			X			
2			X			
3		X				
4		X				
5		X				
6			X			
7		Х				
8	X	X				
9		·	X			
10		X				
11	X	X				
12		X				
13		X				
14		X				
15	Х					
16	X	w'				
17		Х				
18		X				
19		X	/			
20		X				
21		Х				

TABLE A-1 (continued)

	<u>Design</u>	Construction	Operation
22		X	
23		X	
24		X	
25		X	
26		X	
27	Х	. X	
28			X
29	X	X	
30	Χ.	X	
31	X	X	
32	X	X	

Note: Compliance is verified through receipt of a mitigation monitoring program Reporting and Implementation Form. The form shall indicate no further action is required prior to verifying compliance.

Source: Michael Brandman Associates 1990.

ATTACHMENT B

MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM REPORTING AND IMPLEMENTATION FORM

BROADWAY COMPLEX MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM REPORTING AND IMPLEMENTATION FORM

Mitigation Measure (from Attachment A): #							
Location:	c	Insite	Offsite				
Project Phase:		Design	Construction	Operation			
Description of	Activity/Meth	od of Implementa	tion:				
Disposition:		and fully compli Mitigation meas implemented. F	ied with. No further acture for the above-noted further action required.	project phase implemented ation is required. I project phase is not fully (Please explain below) noted project phase is not			
Comments:		in compliance.	Further action required	i. (Please explain below)			
			**	·			
Completed by:	Name:		Approved by:	Name:			
•	Title:			Title:			
	Date:			Date:			

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Eli Sanchez, Senior Project Manager – ATTACHED								^							
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2.	CCDC Vice CFO	President/	Frank Hessi	De	Per		2/24/07	10.	EAS		Mipel	Ster	naun	10/	2/07
3.	Environment	al Review	Beverly Sch	بسر	r Brad Richte	er '	9/20/07	11.	City Attor	пеу				7	
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11a. STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

That the San Diego City Council:

- Deny appeals by the San Diego Navy Broadway Complex Coalition and Katheryn Rhodes and Conrad Hartsell, MD;
- Uphold the environmental determination that no additional environmental review is necessary for the proposed Navy Broadway Complex project; and
- Make an express finding that the information submitted by the appellants does not constitute substantial
 evidence of substantial changes in the project or the circumstances under which the project is undertaken, or
 new information of substantial importance concerning the project, that would suggest the project will result
 in new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified
 significant effects.

12. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (REFER TO A.R. 3.20 FOR INFORMATION ON COMPLETING THIS SECTION.)

COUNCIL DISTRICT(S): 2

Community Planning Area(s): N/A

Environmental Impact: On July 25, 2007 the CCDC Board adopted findings that the Superseding Master Plan and Basic Concept Schematic Drawings are consistent with the Design Guidelines, subject to recommended conditions. The Board also adopted findings that the Development Services Department California Environmental Quality Act Consistency Analysis continues to be adequate with respect to the Superseding Master Plan and that, pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21166, no Subsequent or Supplemental Environmental Impact Report is required for the project. The item before the City Council is an action to deny or grant two appeals of the environmental determination made by CCDC on July 25, 2007.

HOUSING IMPACT: N/A

Other Issues: N/A

City Clerk Instruction: Please send copies of the resolution(s) to Lori Young, MS 51D and Project Manager, MS 51D

RA-1472 (REV. 1/06)

001011

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY SHEET

DATE REPORT ISSUED: October 31, 2007 REPORT NO. CCDC-07-20

ATTENTION: Council President and City Council

Docket of November 6, 2007

ORIGINATING DEPT.: Centre City Development Corporation

SUBJECT: Navy Broadway Complex – Appeal of Environmental

Determination -- Marina and Columbia Sub Areas of the Centre

City Redevelopment Project - PUBLIC HEARING

COUNCIL DISTRICT: Two (2)

STAFF CONTACT: Eli Sanchez, Senior Project Manager – Real Estate - 619-533-7121

REQUESTED ACTION:

San Diego City Council denial of the appeals thereby upholding CCDC's determination that no additional environmental review is necessary for the proposed Navy Broadway Complex project. Pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Pub. Resources Code, § 21000 et seq.), the City Council certified an Environmental Impact Report (EIR)/Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for this project on October, 20, 1992 ("1992 Final EIR/EIS"). The project is located within the Centre City/Downtown Community Planning Area.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The only issue before the City Council is the appeal of the environmental findings (collectively the "environmental determination") made by CCDC on July 25, 2007 that:

- 1. Based on all the information in the record DSD's October 19, 2006 CEQA Consistency Analysis for the Master Plan for the NBC project (Attachment A) continues to be adequate with respect to the most recent Superseding Master Plan for that project;
- 2. No Subsequent or Supplemental EIR is required for the NBC project because no substantial changes have been proposed to the project that will require major revision to previous EIRs, no substantial changes have occurred with respect to the circumstances under which the NBC project is now being undertaken, and no information, which was not known and could not have been known at the time the 1992 Final EIR/EIS, the 1992 Final Master EIR for the Centre City Redevelopment Project, the 1999 Final Subsequent EIR for the Ballpark and Ancillary Development Projects, the 2000 North Embarcadero Visionary Plan EIR, and the 2006 Downtown Community Plan Final EIR were certified as complete, has become available.

FISCAL CONSIDERATIONS: None

Council President and City Council Docket of November 6, 2007 Page 2

CENTRE CITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION RECOMMENDATION:

On July 25, 2007, the CCDC Board adopted findings that the Superseding Master Plan and Phase I Buildings Basic Concept/Schematic Drawings are consistent with the Design Guidelines, subject to recommended conditions. (Resolutions 2007-1 through 2007-5 (executed July 25, 2007).) At that same time the Board readopted the DSD CEQA Consistency Analysis prepared for the First Master Plan, finding that the DSD's analysis continues to be adequate with respect to the Superseding Master Plan and Phase I Buildings. Based on the DSD CEQA Consistency Analysis and the supplemental material provided by CCDC Staff, including the Initial Study, the Board adopted findings that under CEQA section 21166, a Subsequent or Supplemental EIR need not be prepared for the NBC project.

Respectfully submitted,

Concurred by:

Eli Sanchez

Senior Project Manager

Nancy C/Graham

President

Brad S. Richter

Current Planning Manager

S:\Sanchez\Word Documents\NAVY BROADWAY COMPLEX\BRIGGS & RHODES APPEAL\Rescheduled Hearing of November 6, 2007\Executive Summary - city council appeal hearing 11 06 07.doc



October 26, 2007

Steven M. Strauss

T: (858) 550-6006 sms@cooley.com

BY HAND DELIVERY

Council President Peters and Members of the San Diego City Council CITY OF SAN DIEGO 202 C Street, 10th Floor San Diego, CA 92101

Re: Navy Broadway Complex Project: Appeal of Environmental Determination Under CEQA

Dear Council President and Members of the City Council:

We write on behalf of Manchester Pacific Gateway LLC ("Manchester") regarding the July 25, 2007 Centre City Development Corporation ("CCDC") consistency determination that no additional environmental review of the Navy Broadway Complex Project (the "NBC Project") is necessary for full compliance with California's Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") (the "environmental determination"). We urge you to uphold CCDC's environmental determination.

On November 6, 2007, the Council will be asked to consider two appeals¹ challenging CCDC's environmental determination. The only issue presented by these appeals is whether subsequent or supplemental environmental review is required for the NBC Project under CEQA California Public Resources Code section 21166 ("Section 21166"). This is the same issue considered and determined by the Council on January 9, 2007, and there is no reason to depart from that determination.

The appeals do not present the Council with any evidence to support a finding setting aside CCDC's environmental determination. Nothing about the NBC Project, or its surrounding circumstances, has changed substantially since January 9, 2007. And, the appeals do not offer any new information of substantial importance to the NBC Project that was not presented to the Council on January 9, 2007. As a result, the Council must again uphold CCDC's environmental determination and find that additional environmental review of the NBC Project is not necessary.

I. THE COUNCIL HAS ALREADY DETERMINED THAT ADDITIONAL REVIEW OF THE NBC PROJECT IS NOT REQUIRED UNDER CEQA SECTION 21166.

On January 9, 2007, the Council considered two appeals² challenging CCDC's October 25, 2006 environmental determination that additional environmental review of the NBC Project (as delineated in the first Master Plan submitted by Manchester in May 2006) is not necessary.

¹ One appeal is by Briggs Law Corporation on behalf of San Diego Navy Broadway Complex Coalition dated August 1, 2007. The second is by Katheryn Rhodes and Conrad Hartsell, M.D. dated August 6, 2007.

² One appeal was filed by Ian Trowbridge, a member of the San Diego Navy Broadway Complex Coalition, on November 8, 2006. The second was filed by Katheryn Rhodes and Conrad Hartsell, M.D. on November 3, 2006.



Council President and Members of the San Diego City Council October 26, 2007 Page Two

CCDC's October 25, 2006 environmental determination adopted the Department of Development Services ("DSD") October 16, 2006 CEQA Consistency Analysis for the Navy Broadway Complex (the "DSD CEQA Consistency Analysis"). After a public hearing on January 9, 2007, the Council upheld CCDC's and DSD's analysis under CEQA, and determined that supplemental environmental review of the NBC Project is not required under Section 21166 because:

- The NBC Project was adequately considered by prior environmental documents, including the 1992 Final NBC Project EIR and Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") (collectively the "Final NBC EIR/EIS"), the 1992 Final Master EIR for the Centre City Redevelopment Project, the 1999 Final Subsequent EIR for the Ballpark and Ancillary Development Projects, the 2000 North Embarcadero Visionary Plan EIR, and the 2006 Downtown Community Plan Final EIR;
- No substantial changes have been proposed to the NBC Project that will require major revisions to the Final NBC EIR/EIS;
- No substantial changes have occurred with respect to the circumstances surrounding the NBC Project that will require major revisions to the Final NBC EIR/EIS; and
- No new information of substantial importance to the NBC Project, which was not known and could not have been known at the time the prior EIRs were certified as complete, has become available.

Since January 9, 2007, Manchester submitted a revised Master Plan to CCDC for approval on July 2, 2007 (the "Revised Master Plan"). The Revised Master Plan is substantially similar to the first Master Plan both in terms of use and intensity, and in terms of its environmental consequences. On July 25, 2007, CCDC approved the Revised Master Plan for consistency under the Development Agreement, and again determined that no additional environmental review of the NBC Project is required.

Specifically, CCDC found that because the proposed NBC Project under the Revised Master Plan is substantially similar to that approved under the first Master Plan in terms of environmental consequences, the prior environmental analysis by DSD continues to be valid, relevant and applicable to the Revised Master Plan. Indeed, circumstances of the surrounding environment have not substantially changed since the CEQA analysis was upheld by the Council in January 2007, and only minor differences exist between the first Master Plan and the Revised Master Plan. Accordingly, CCDC (1) readopted the DSD CEQA Consistency Analysis (as upheld by the Council on January 9, 2007), (2) found that DSD's analysis continues to be valid, adequate and applicable with respect to the Revised Master Plan, and (3) concluded that additional environmental review is not required under Section 21166.



Council President and Members of the San Diego City Council October 26, 2007 Page Three

II. THE COUNCIL SHOULD AGAIN UPHOLD CCDC'S ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION UNDER CEQA Section 21166.

Section 21166 embodies a strong presumption against subsequent or supplemental environmental review where an Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") has been certified and CEQA's role in the project approval process is complete. (*River Valley Pres. Project v. Metro. Transit Dev. Bd.*, 37 Cal. App. 4th 154, 166-68 (1995).)

Specifically, Section 21166 provides that once an EIR has been certified, no subsequent or supplemental EIR shall be required, unless one or more of the following "triggering conditions" occur:

- Substantial changes are proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the environmental impact report.
- Substantial changes occur with respect to the circumstances under which the
 project is being undertaken which will require major revisions in the environmental
 impact report.
- New information of substantial importance to the project, which was not known and could not have been known at the time the environmental impact report was certified as complete, becomes available.

CAL. PUB. RES. CODE § 21166 (emphasis added); see also 14 CAL. CODE REGS § 15162(a).

Here, the NBC Project was adequately analyzed under CEQA and the National Environmental Protection Act ("NEPA"), and the City certified the Final NBC EIR/EIS in 1992. Thus, as a matter of law, CEQA's role in the review of the NBC Project is complete unless there is substantial evidence shown to rebut the strong presumption against additional review under Section 21166.

The only issue for the Council on November 6, 2007, is to determine whether the two appeals to CCDC's environmental determination have offered **substantial evidence** to support a finding that subsequent or supplemental review of the NBC Project (as delineated in the Revised Master Plan) is required under Section 21166.³ They have not. The appeals do not present **any evidence** to support a finding that a triggering condition under Section 21166 has occurred. To date, the appellants have not provided the Council with anything relevant to the NBC Project other than form appeals stating a conclusory challenge to CCDC's environmental determination. Thus, there is nothing before the Council that would support a finding that an exception to the strong presumption against further environmental review exists.

³ Although it will not raise the issue at the November 6, 2007 hearing, Manchester reserves the right to argue that CCDC's July 25, 2007 determination is not a "discretionary act" as defined by California Public Resources Code section 21080(a) and, as a result, is not governed by CEQA and does not trigger a Section 21166 analysis.



Council President and Members of the San Diego City Council October 26, 2007 Page Four

Because the appeals do not present **any** evidence in support of their contentions, Manchester submits that the appellants have not, either individually or collectively, presented sufficient information or evidence to warrant the Council's review or exhaust their administrative remedies with respect to the substantive issues identified in the form appeals.

To the extent that the Council elects to entertain the substantive issues identified in the form appeals, Manchester is prepared to address those issues with Council at or before the November 6, 2007 hearing. By this letter, Manchester specifically addresses the appellants' concerns regarding geology and seismicity.

Geology And Seismicity

Both the Final NBC EIR/EIS and the 2006 Downtown Community Plan EIR (which assumes buildout of the NBC Project) analyze seismic hazards in detail and provide for adequate mitigation. Any impacts that relate to geology and seismic hazards will be adequately mitigated to a level of insignificance by compliance with contemporary building and safety codes, and regulations enforced by Federal, State and local agencies.

Manchester's development of the NBC site is required under the NBC Project Development Agreement and the Real Estate Ground Lease For Broadway Complex, Lease No. N6247307RP07P24 (the "Ground Lease"), to comply with all seismic design and development requirements in applicable Federal, State and local building codes and regulations. (See Development Agreement §§ 5.3, 5.6; Ground Lease § 13.1.) These codes and regulations include design and construction standards in conformance with Federal building codes (specifically, the International Building Code), the San Diego Municipal Code, and the Uniform Building Code. (See 1992 Final NBC EIR/EIS at 4-147; 2006 Downtown Community Plan Final EIR at § 4.5.4.4, 5.5-5.9.) According to both the Final NBC EIR/EIS and the 2006 Downtown Community Plan EIR, enforcement of such codes and regulations will minimize earthquake-related risks to a level of insignificance.

Consistent with its commitment under the Development Agreement and Ground Lease, Manchester will comply with all applicable Federal, State and local requirements for development of the NBC Project under the Revised Master Plan. To be more specific, the proposed development of the non-Navy buildings will require Manchester to obtain building permits and comply with the applicable sections of the San Diego Municipal Code. For example, San Diego Municipal Code section 145.0203 states, "[w]hen required, a report of the geologic investigation shall be submitted to the Building Official. When geologic hazards are identified, the report shall contain appropriate recommendations for mitigation of the hazards, and these recommendations shall be incorporated in the design of the project before issuance of a Building Permit. No Building Permit shall be issued for construction where the geologic investigation establishes that construction of buildings or structures would be unsafe because of the geologic hazards." Prior to obtaining grading or building permits, Manchester will have to comply with this section and all applicable sections of the San Diego Municipal Code.



Council President and Members of the San Diego City Council October 26, 2007 Page Five

Similarly, Manchester will comply with all applicable federal site planning, seismic design and construction standards for the construction of the Navy Administrative building, which includes compliance with the International Building Code.

Manchester has submitted to CCDC and DSD a valid fault investigation for Phase I of the NBC Project (the GEOCON, Geotechnical and Geologic Fault Investigation dated July 12, 2006), and Manchester will provide additional geological reports as required by applicable Federal, State and local requirements.

The appellants' unsupported public accusation that Manchester's development is somehow immune from seismic safety and development requirements is absurd. Manchester is expressly obligated under the Development Agreement and the Ground Lease to comply with all applicable Federal, State and local building permitting and seismic design standards. Manchester will absolutely comply with its legal and contractual obligations.

The Manchester Pacific Gateway NBC Project is an exciting once-in-a-century opportunity for the City that will provide extraordinary and significant community benefits for generations of San Diegans and the City's guests. We urge the Council to again support this landmark development and uphold CCDC's environmental determination under CEQA Section 21166.

Sincerely.

Steyen M. Strauss

CC:

Papa Doug Manchester

Perry M. Dealy, President, Manchester Development

Nancy Graham, President, Centre City Development Corporation

Huston Carlyle, Chief Deputy City Attorney

560879 v3/SD

601019 11 October 2007

> Andrew Sefkow 10696 Haven Brook Place San Diego, CA 92130 Tel - 858 509 8170 Email - asefkow@yahoo.com

Mayor and City Countil Attn: City Clerk City Administration Building 202 C Street M/S 2A San Diego, CA 92101-3862





RE: NAVY BROADWAY COMPLEX

Dear Mayor and City Council,

I am writing to voice my opposition to the current plans for the Navy Broadway Complex. I am a native San Diegan, and do not want to see yet another **permanent mistake** in our City's design.

The bottom line is this: **the entire site should be open space**. I am willing to pay my share of City taxes to make this happen. The people of San Diego do not want more self-serving hotels for Mr. Manchester. The proposed hotels and office buildings block off the waterfront, even with the recent changes.

What we need is a communal space that will be there forever. A gathering place for parades, marathons, concerts, picnics, etc. Think about **Chicago** and Vancouver and San Francisco.

San Francisco turned the Presidio into a National Park. They have the Marina Green and Crissy Field right on the water -- broad open bayfront green spaces. Chicago has wonderful lakefront open spaces. We have none of that, only hotels and more hotels.

Please do not put any commercial development between Harbor Dr and Pacific Highway. Let's have open public green space, plazas, etc. We have an incredible opportunity here. Let's not do "more of the same" for Mr Manchester.

No hotels, no office buildings.

How about the CITY OF SAN DIEGO pay the \$100 million to build a HQ for the Navy elsewhere, perhaps closer to 32nd street? Then we can own the Navy Broadway Complex and build what we want - a big open space for the citizens of San Diego. Put this on the ballot. People will vote for it.

Thanks very, much,

Andrew Sefkow

October 4, 2007

C01021

City of San Diego 202 C Street San Diego, California 92101

Subject:

Landsliding at Soledad Mountain Road and Desert View Drive and the Relationship to the

Navy Broadway Complex.

Dear City of San Diego:

The following is background information regarding the Rose Canyon Fault Zone and Geology in the vicinity of the current landslide at Soledad Mountain Road and Desert View Drive. As shown below, there were 47 recorded earthquakes near San Diego in a two week period in early September 2007, with a maximum Magnitude of 4.0., and 3 recorded earthquakes in a two day period this week, with a maximum Magnitude of 3.0 This amount of seismic activity is not normal for the San Diego region. http://www.data.scec.org/recenteqs.html

Also attached is a digital copy of the USGS Geology Map of the San Diego Quadrangle.

http://www.laplayaheritage.com/Documents/CALIFORNIA%20-%20UNITED%20STATES/sandiego_map2_ai9.pdf

The maps show the Ardath Shale (Ta) formation in pink. The Ardath Shale is prone to landslides. Also shown are traces of the active Rose Canyon Fault Zone (RCFZ) in black. As can be seen on the map, there were already documented landslides in the area of Desert View Drive and Soledad Mountain Road before any of the current landslide movement took place. There are also many documented fault traces in the vicinity.

Hopefully, now you will realize that the Rose Canyon Fault Zone (RCFZ) is active and is currently moving now. During a Council Meeting in January 2007, a City Council member stated that we do not have to be concerned with the active Rose Canyon Fault Zone because it has not moved since the prehistoric time of the dinasours. Again, hopefully this is a wake-up call that not all sites should be built upon due to inherent geologic features that can cause catastrophic failure resulting in loss of life and property. This is a basic Health and Safety issue.

This natural geologic incident can be related to the Navy Broadway Complex project that will be coming before the City Council on October 16, 2007. Both areas are in the path of the active Rose Canyon Fault Zone and geologic studies are needed before construction starts. The City of San Diego Design Guidelines and Information Bulletin requires a fault investigation be conducted on liquefiable soils before plans are to be looked at. CCDC has not only looked at the plan, but has approved the Master Plan without a valid fault investigation. This is irresponsible behavior on the part of the City which should be protecting its citizens from physical and financical harm. Both the Navy and Manchester Financial have stated that since the Navy Broadway Complex is on Federal land, they will not turn in a valid fault investigation or receive Building Permits from the City of San Diego before construction starts. October 16, 2007 will be your last chance to require Manchester Financial to turn in a valid fault investigation before construction starts. If you do not hold Manchester's feet to the fire, you will be personally responsible for possible deaths from surface rupture of the Coronado fault of the Rose Canyon Fault Zone. Also, because the original EIR was conducted by the Navy, both the Navy and Manchester have to pay for any additional environmental studies for the new EIR. The City of San Diego and CCDC will not have to spend any money conducting the required studies. We hope this information will help you make the right decision to require a subsequent EIR in less than two weeks.

Regards, Katheryn Rhodes and Conrad Hartsell, M.D. 371 San Fernando Street, San Diego, California 92106 rhodes@laplayaheritage.com 619-523-4350 This week there were 3 recorded earthquakes near the active Rose Canyon Fault Zone with Magnitudes of up to 3.0. http://www.data.scec.org/recenteqs.html (3) 2.3 2007/10/01 15:42:07 32.765N 117.342W 12.0 8 km (5 mi) W of Mission Beach, CAL

1.6 <u>2007/09/30 14:45:01 32.779N 117.320W 9.2</u> 6 km (4 mi) W of Mission Beach, CA (5 3.0 2007/09/30 02:14:53 32.697N 117.130W 10.4 4 km (2 mi) ESE of San Diego, CA

Do not have information for dates ranges from 09/12/2007 to 09/27/2007

During a two week period in early September 2007, there were 47 earthquakes recorded near the active Rose Canyon Fault Zone with Magnitudes of up to 4.0.

1.8 2007/09/12 03:19:24 32.775N 117.335W 9.7 5 mi W of Mission Beach

2.5 2007/09/12 01:11:35 32.769N 117.338W 9.9 5 mi W of Mission Beach

2.7 2007/09/12 00:37:37 32.767N 117.345W 10.3 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.2 2007/09/11 00:10:13 32.771N 117.328W 10.5 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.3 2007/09/10 23:36:30 32.771N 117.322W 9.7 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.2 2007/09/10 22:13:15 32.765N 117.349W 10.6 6 mi W of Mission Beach

1.6 2007/09/10 17:14:35 32.770N 117.319W 10.4 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.3 2007/09/10 16:23:32 32.771N 117.326W 10.3 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.0 2007/09/09 21:35:26 32.761N 117.342W 10.7 5 mi WSW of Mission Beach

1.7 2007/09/09 18:03:41 32.773N 117.322W 9.1 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.0 2007/09/09 12:35:20 32.768N 117.329W 10.4 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.1 2007/09/09 10:08:32 32.785N 117.324W 6.0 4 mi W of Mission Beach

1.6 2007/09/09 10:08:31 32.771N 117.324W 11.3 4 mi W of Mission Beach

1.7 2007/09/09 09:02:03 32.781N 117.319W 5.6 4 mi W of Mission Beach

1.9 2007/09/09 08:14:55 32.769N 117.333W 9.7 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.9 2007/09/09 08:12:57 32.772N 117.329W 9.1 4 mi W of Mission Beach

1.7 2007/09/09 08:09:22 32.774N 117.323W 8.7 4 mi W of Mission Beach

1.5 2007/09/09 07:26:37 32.767N 117.347W 5.5 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.7 2007/09/09 07:26:37 32.773N 117.338W 9.2 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.3 2007/09/09 07:12:31 32.774N 117.331W 5.6 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.4 2007/09/09 07:10:16 32.764N 117.340W 9.9 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.6 2007/09/09 07:08:29 32.773N 117.323W 8.5 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.8 2007/09/09 06:40:12 32.760N 117.343W 11.6 5 mi WSW of Mission Beach

2.1 2007/09/09 06:21:20 32.770N 117.323W 9.4 4 mi W of Mission Beach

3.8 2007/09/09 06:11:49 32.770N 117.325W 11.1 4 mi W of Mission Beach

1.8 2007/09/08 19:00:50 32.767N 117.349W 10.4 6 mi W of Mission Beach

2.2 2007/09/08 19:00:49 32.788N 117.407W 5.9 9 mi W of Mission Beach

2.2 2007/09/08 18:48:12 32.760N 117.344W 10.7 5 mi WSW of Mission Beach

2.8 <u>2007/09/07 14:47:32 32.773N 117.329W 10.8</u> 4 mi W of Mission Beach

3.2 2007/09/07 12:10:16 32.773N 117.329W 11.1 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.0 2007/09/06 23:18:41 32.763N 117.353W 12.3 6 mi W of Mission Beach

1.3 2007/09/05 00:33:00 3 mi ESE of La Jolla

1.8 2007/09/04 23:40:21 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.9 2007/09/04 22:11:12 5 mi W of Mission Beach

2.3 2007/09/04 21:24:42 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.4 2007/09/04 21:20:31 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.2 2007/09/04 14:01:23 6 mi WSW of Mission Beach

2.4 2007/09/04 13:41:14 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.7 2007/09/04 08:06:02 8 mi W of Mission Beach

4.0 2007/09/04 07:47:59 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.4 2007/09/03 11:08:19 3 mi WNW of Mission Beach

1.9 2007/09/02 14:20:30 4 mi W of Mission Beach

1.4 2007/09/02 05:12:44 4 mi W of Mission Beach

2.7 2007/08/30 14:36:44 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.8 2007/08/30 14:36:05 5 mi W of Mission Beach

1.6 2007/08/30 07:44:46 5 mi W of Mission Beach 3.4 2007/08/30 02:53:08 5 mi W of Mission Beach These links returned a message (see below) and so are not attached here.

Unable to open

recentegs/Quakes CI 102 79301. html The Internet site reports that the

data. scec.org/

item you request ed could not be Found. (HTTP/1.0 404)1

-City Clerks

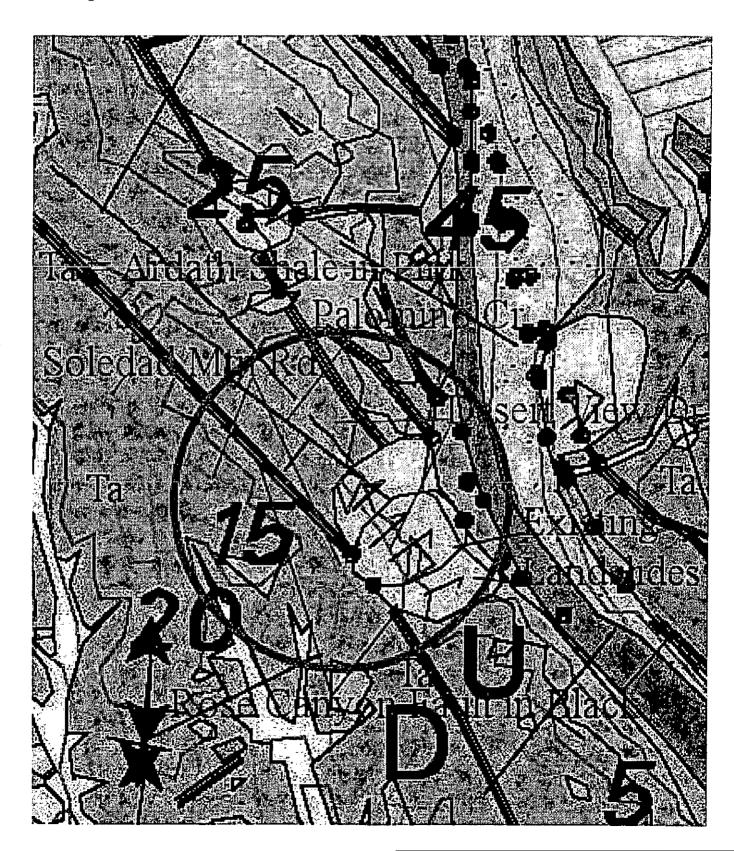
G O 1623www.laplayaheritage.com/Documents/CALIFORNIA%20-- 7620UNITED%20STATES/sandiego map2 ai9.pdf

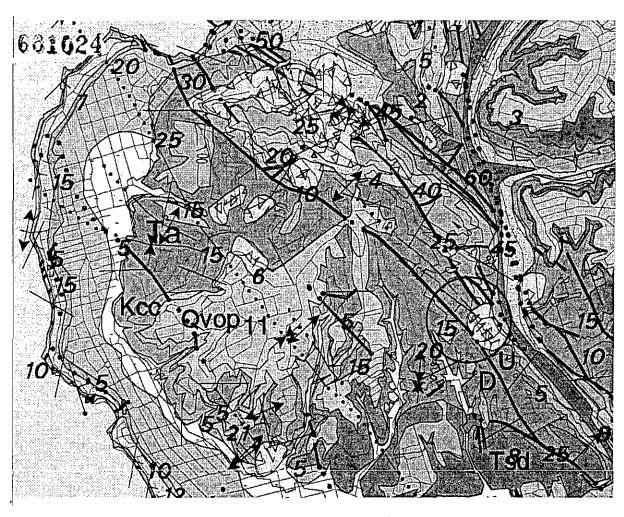
Geologic Map of the San Diego Quadrangle 30' x 60', USGS, 2005

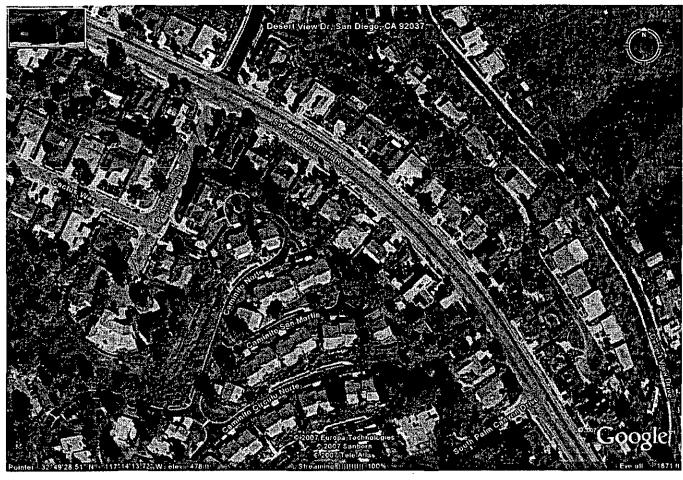
The area in pink is the Ardath Shale formation (Ta).

The black lines are faults in the active Rose Canyon Fault Zone (RCFZ)

Existing Landslides are shown on Desert View Drive at Soledad Mountain Road





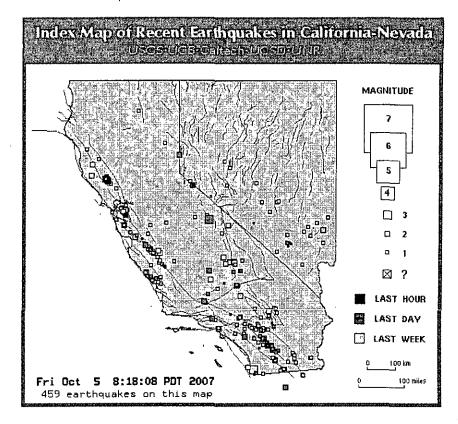






Home
Research Tools
General Earthquake Information >
Stations/ Instrumentation
Educational Resources
About the Data Center

recent earthquakes in California and Nevada



Relative2Me - Which earthquakes happened near you?

Did you feel it? <- click

Shakemaps

Southern_CA | Northern_CA

Click on an earthquake on the above map for a zoomed-in view.

Special maps: Long_Valley || Los_Angeles || San_Francisco Earthquake lists: big_earthquakes || all_earthquakes

Magnitude = ? for new earthquakes until a magnitude is determined (takes 4-5 minutes).

Maps are updated within 1-5 minutes of an earthquake or once an hour.

(Smaller earthquakes in southern California are added after human processing, which may take several hours.)

Map need updating? Try reloading the page to your browser.

Brown lines are known hazardous faults and fault zones.

Other Information

How do_earthquakes get on these maps? FAQs [] Disclaimer

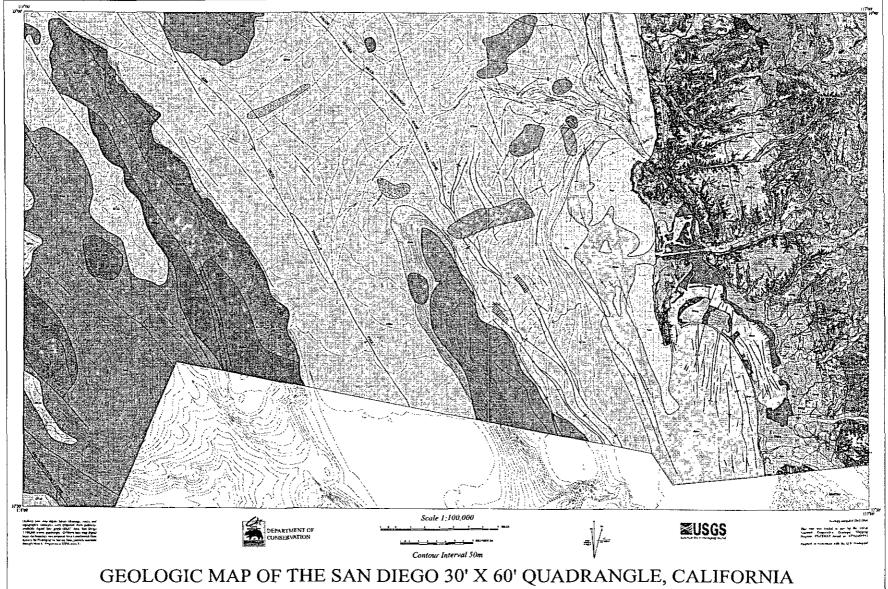
001026

Earthquakes elsewhere in the U.S. and around the world Other sites for this eq info || Other earthquake sites || Credits

Data Sources

Northern California - USGS = U.S. Geological Survey, Menlo Park
Northern California - UCB = University of California, Berkeley
Southern California - USGS = U.S. Geological Survey, Pasadena
Southern California - Caltech = California Institute of Technology
Southern California - UCSD = University of California, San Diego
Nevada - UNR = University of Nevada, Reno
US and World - USGS/NEIC = National Earthquake Information Center
Offshore = West Coast & Alaska Tsunami Warning Center
...all members of the Advanced National Seismic System (ANSS)

Please email suggestions and comments to webmgr@hungabee.caltech.edu



Compiled by Michael P. Kennedy and Siang S. Tan 2005 Digital Preparation by Kelly R. Bovardi. Anne G. Garcial and Diane Burns!

1. U.S. Geological Survey, Department of Earth Sciences, University of California, Riverside

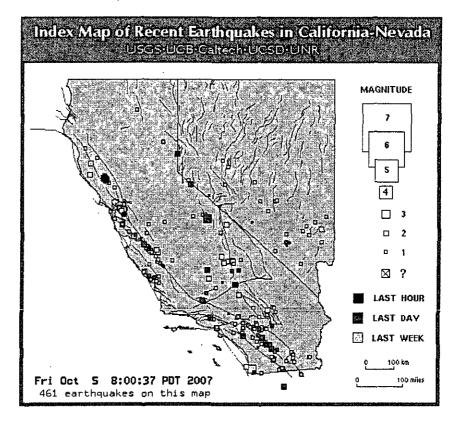






Home
Research Tools
General Earthquake Information >
Stations/ Instrumentation
Educational Resources
About the Data Center

recent earthquakes in California and Nevada



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Shakemaps

Southern CA || Northern CA

Click on an earthquake on the above map for a zoomed-in view.

Special maps: Long_Valley || Los_Angeles || San_Francisco

Earthquake lists: big_earthquakes || all_earthquakes

Magnitude = ? for new earthquakes until a magnitude is determined (takes 4-5 minutes).

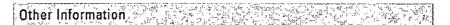
Maps are updated within 1-5 minutes of an earthquake or once an hour.

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which may take several hours.)

Map need updating? Try reloading the page to your browser.

Brown lines are known hazardous faults, and, fault zones.



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001029

Earthquakes_elsewhere_in_the_U.S._and_around_the_world
Other_sites_for_this_eq_info || Other_earthquake_sites || Credits

Data Sources

Northern California - USGS = U.S., Geological Survey, Menlo Park
Northern California - UCB = University of California, Berkeley
Southern California - USGS = U.S., Geological, Survey, Rasadena
Southern California - Caltech = California, Institute of Technology
Southern California - UCSD = University of California, San Diego
Nevada - UNR = University of Nevada, Reno
US and World - USGS/NEIC = National, Earthquake, Information, Center
Offshore = West, Coast, & Alaska, Tsunami, Warning Center
...all members of the Advanced National, Seismic, System. (ANSS)

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Home

Research Tools

General Earthquake Information >

Stations/ Instrumentation

Educational Resources

About the Data Center

recent earthquakes in California and Nevada

== PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE REPORT ==

Southern California Seismic Network: a cooperative project of U.S. Geological Survey, Pasadena California Caltech Seismological Laboratory, Pasadena, California

Version #L: This report supersedes any earlier reports of this event. This event has been reviewed by a seismologist.

A micro earthquake occurred at 3:42:07 PM (PDT) on Monday, October 1, 2007. The magnitude 2.3 event occurred 8 km (5 miles) W of Mission Beach, CA. The hypocentral depth is 12 km (8 miles).

Magnitude 2.3 - local magnitude (MI)

Monday, October 1, 2007 at 3:42:07 PM (PDT)

Monday, October 1, 2007 at 22:42:07 (UTC)

Mission Beach, CA - 8 km (5 miles) W (260 degrees) La Jolla, CA - 12 km (8 miles) SW (221 degrees)

Distance from San Diego, CA - 18 km (11 miles) WNW (288 degrees)

Balboa Park, San Diego, CA - 19 km (12 miles) WNW

(282 degrees)

Coordinates 32 deg. 45.9 min. N (32.765N), 117 deg. 20.5 min. W

(117.342W)

Depth 12 km (7.5 miles)

Quality Fair

Nst=029, Nph=029, Dmin=12 km, Rmss=0.1 sec,

Erho=0.5 km, Erzz=0.8 km, Gp=273.6 degrees

Event_ID# ci10283429

Additional Information map ||

Waveforms

For more information, see http://quake.wr.usgs.gov/

{ Index_map || big_earthquake_list || all_earthquake_list || glossary_of_terms || top_page]

[Did you feel it?] | Shake Map North | | Relative2Me]

[Data Sources [| Contacts]





Home

Research Tools

General Earthquake Information >

Stations/ Instrumentation

Educational Resources

About the Data Center

recent earthquakes in California and Nevada

== PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE REPORT ==

Southern California Seismic Network: a cooperative project of U.S. Geological Survey, Pasadena California Caltech Seismological Laboratory, Pasadena, California

Version #M: This report supersedes any earlier reports of this event. This event has been reviewed by a seismologist.

A micro earthquake occurred at 2:45:00 PM (PDT) on Sunday, September 30, 2007. The magnitude 1.8 event occurred 7 km (5 miles) W of Mission Beach, CA. The hypocentral depth is 10 km (6 miles).

Magnitude 1.8 - local magnitude (MI)

Sunday, September 30, 2007 at 2:45:00 PM (PDT)

Sunday, September 30, 2007 at 21:45:00 (UTC)

Mission Beach, CA - 7 km (5 miles) W (266 degrees)

La Jolia, CA - 11 km (7 miles) SW (220 degrees)

Distance_from San Diego, CA - 17 km (11 miles) WNW (292 degrees)

Balboa Park, San Diego, CA - 18 km (11 miles) WNW

(285 degrees)

Coordinates 32 deg. 46.4 min, N (32.774N), 117 deg. 19.9 min. W

(117.332W)

Depth 10.2 km (6.3 miles)

Quality Fair

Nst=039, Nph=039, Dmin=11 km, Rmss=0.16 sec,

Erho=0.4 km, Erzz=0.3 km, Gp=277.2 degrees

Event_ID# ci10283293

Additional Information map []

Waveforms

For more information, see http://quake.wr.usgs.gov/

[Index_map || big_earthquake_list || all_earthquake_list || glossary_of_terms || top_page || [Did_you_feel_it? || Shake_Map_North || Relative2Me |

[Data_Sources || Contacts]





Home

Research Tools

General Earthquake Information >

Stations/ Instrumentation

Educational Resources

About the Data Center

recent earthquakes in California and Nevada

== PRELIMINARY EARTHQUAKE REPORT ==

Southern California Seismic Network: a cooperative project of U.S. Geological Survey, Pasadena California Caltech Seismological Laboratory, Pasadena, California

Version #0: This report supersedes any earlier reports of this event. This event has been reviewed by a seismologist.

A minor earthquake occurred at 2:14:53 AM (PDT) on Sunday, September 30, 2007. The magnitude 3.0 event occurred 4 km (2 miles) ESE of San Diego, CA. The hypocentral depth is 10 km (6 miles).

Magnitude 3.0 - local magnitude (MI)

Time Sunday, September 30, 2007 at 2:14:53 AM (PDT)

Sunday, September 30, 2007 at 9:14:53 (UTC)

San Diego, CA - 4 km (2 miles) ESE (123 degrees)
Balboa Park, San Diego, CA - 4 km (2 miles) SSE (163

Distance from degrees)

La Mesa, CA - 11 km (7 miles) SW (224 degrees)
Chula Vista, CA - 14 km (9 miles) NW (308 degrees)

Coordinates 32 deg. 41.8 min. N (32.697N), 117 deg. 7.8 min. W

(117.130W)

Depth 10.4 km (6.5 miles)

Quality Fair

Location Quality Parameters Nst=061, Nph=061, Dmin=10 km, Rmss=0.18 sec,

Erho=0.2 km, Erzz=0.3 km, Gp=208.8 degrees

Event 1D# ci10283245

Additional Information map []

Waveforms

Did you feel it?

For more information, see http://quake.wr.usgs.gov/

[Index map || big earthquake list || all earthquake_list || glossary_of_terms || top_page]

[Did you feel it? || Shake Map North || Relative2Me]

[Data Sources || Contacts]

HEARINGSI HEARINGSI - Navy Broadway Complex - In Support

To: <Hearings1@sandiego.gov>

Date: 10/3/2007 12:25 PM

Subject: Navy Broadway Complex - In Support

Dear Mayor and Council Members,

I am a 16 year downtown resident and a resident/owner at the Park Place condominiums just 2 blocks east of the proposed Navy Broadway Complex.

I wanted to encourage you to support this exciting project. For too long residents of the Marina and Columbia Neighborhoods have had to live with the "waste land" that is the current Navy Broadway Complex. Most of us moved downtown to enjoy the amenities that are within walking distance to our homes. Currently the chain link fence around the Navy property means we have no ability to use this government land. As the Navy project sits now, there is no benefit to residents and visitors alike.

The proposed Navy Broadway Complex seems to be a nice balance between open space, offices, retail, hotels, restaurants, civic buildings and parks. We are all cognizant that new parks are not free, and in our tax adverse San Diego, it takes a public private partnership to build the type of amenities that I look forward to using at the new Navy Broadway Complex. Yes, my views will be affected, but no one was every promised a forever view where there would never by a new building with their view.

Please support the new Navy Broadway development. I look forward to take my visitors to the new restaurants, cafes, and museum upon its opening.

Thanks.

Brett Schaffter 700 W Harbor Drive #704 San Diego, CA 92101 619-804-2738